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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 256 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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At Wellesley College

Pandit Nehru visited Wellesley College shortly after his arrival at Logan International airport on a visit to Boston. (From left to right) Mrs. Pandit, Margaret Clapp, Wellesley President.

Nehru's Fervent Plea To Avoid War

U.N. AS INSTRUMENT, GANDHISM AS PATH

'India Will Not Be Pushed About'

CHICAGO, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter).

"INDIA wishes to maintain her individuality and does not want to be pushed about," declared Pandit Nehru addressing a gathering of over 4,000 persons including some of the leading personalities of Chicago today.

Pandit Nehru was frequently cheered as he made a fervent plea for the removal of the causes of war. "Although the United Nations now appears feeble, it represents the only way to a world government," he observed.

"It is easier to turn the United Nations into a world Government than to make a start all over again," he observed. Placing before the world the Gandhian doctrine that the means must justify the ends, Pandit Nehru said that it was a mistake to believe that war would solve any problem.

Pandit Nehru was making his second major speech of the tour and spoke of India's foreign policy to the Chicago Council of Foreign Relations and the Chicago Chamber of Commerce.

Pandit Nehru said that the three causes of war were suppression of freedom, racial inequality and economic want.

"If we remove these three major causes", he said, "we shall remove the power of mischief to make war."

MEANS AND ENDS

He asserted, however, that aggression in any form must be resisted, and that individual freedom should not be sacrificed in any circumstances.

Speaking of India, he said "I do not want any help from America in the sense of getting something for nothing. It will not be good for India I am in favour of countries co-operating with one another.

"Even the most powerful country should remember that if they permit other countries to languish in poverty those countries would bring them down to their own plight."

Pandit Nehru spoke extemporaneously for over an hour and was repeatedly cheered by the audience, especially when he said, "war will not solve any problem." and that a world state was bound to come sooner or later.

Foreign affairs today meant either

(Continued on Page 7 Col 4)..

With Nehru As Mediator

THERE IS YET HOPE FOR THE WORLD

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 27.

THE United Nations World reported today that a group of U. N. diplomats are secretly exploring a plan to appoint Prime Minister Pandit Nehru as the supreme mediator between East and West.

The plan, according to the journal, would endow the Prime Minister with full powers to organise his mediation in whatever way he felt best to ensure success. The U.N. would give him the broadest personal authority and make available a special secretariat.

Pandit Nehru would make a survey of all the outstanding differences and areas of potential agreement between East and West analyse various proposals by each side and try to work out a minimum programme of accord.

(Full details on Page 12)

Sugar Ceiling Fixed At Rs. 28-8 Per Maund

PLANS BEING STUDIED TO BOOST PRODUCTION

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

THE Government of India have decided to fix the statutory maximum ex-factory price of Rs. 28/8 per maund for E-27 grade sugar which is the more common grade for the ensuing season's production as against Rs. 29/8 for the same grade last season, says an Agriculture Ministry Press note.

This price is based on a minimum cane price in the U.P. of Re. 1/10 per maund which is the same as in the last season. It has not been found possible to effect a reduction in the cane price.

The Government have also under consideration proposals for giving inducement to the factories to increase their production in the coming season. They have also decided to give during the following year priority for materials and other facilities to factories which show increased production this year.

As regards control over factory stocks and their distribution to the different administrations by the Government of India existing arrangements would continue pending fuller consideration of alternative arrangements.

LUCKNOW, Oct. 27 (UPI).—The U.P. Government has fixed the price of sugar cane at Re. 1/10 today, it is learnt.

Record Sugar Production

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27, (U.P.I.): World sugar production in the 1948-49 crop year was 37,276,000 tons, the U. S. Department of Agriculture estimates. This is a new record which is eight per cent greater than the 1947-48 sugar production and seven per cent more than the 1935-39 average. Production in the United States was 10,69,000 tons, six per cent below the record output the previous year.

Gang Leader Killed

RAJKOT, Oct. 27, (P. T. I.): The leader of a gang of dacoits ravaging the countryside in the vicinity of Gir mountains has been killed in an encounter with the police near Lakhapadar village, according to reports reaching here.

The gang, taking shelter in the mountains, has been responsible for many dacoities in the area for the last six months.

Sugar Day Meeting Ends In Fiasco

CROWD ENRAGED BY IRRELEVANT TALK

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Communist-sponsored 'Sugar Day' meeting held at Shivaji Park ended in a fiasco this evening as the audience refused to hear the president who went off the track and started criticising Pandit Nehru's American tour and India's foreign policy.

The meeting was arranged by the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, Mr. Amberkar, presided.

The audience asked the president to stick to the day's subject, namely, sugar, but he paid no heed and went on criticising the Government of India's policy. At this the audience started shouting pro-Congress and pro-Government slogans and refused to listen to the speech. Pandemonium then broke loose, and the meeting was abandoned.

SPYING ON CZECH URANIUM MINES

Two Frenchmen Asked To Get Out

PRAGUE, Oct. 27. (PTI-Reuter): The Czechoslovak Foreign Office today accused the French Military Attache here M. Georges Helliot and his assistant M. Marcel Salbert of having obtained a quantity of uranium ore and tried to get details of Czech uranium mines.

A note to the French Embassy demanded that the two men should get out within 12 hours.

The note accused them of espionage on uranium production and said that they had had the help of Czechoslovak subjects.

It stated that a French diplomatic courier transported four kilogrammes from Prague to France.

FOURTEEN COTTON MERCHANTS CAUGHT

Bailed Out Later

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Fourteen cotton merchants were arrested by the C.I.D. in Bombay today on charges of illegal forward trading in Indian cotton contracts before September 17.

It will be recalled that during the raid on the Cotton Association building on September 30, the police had seized the documents of 45 merchants, 14 of whom have now been arrested after examination of these documents.

The arrested merchants were later released on bail of Rs. 10,000 each. They will be produced before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Magazgaon Police Court, tomorrow.

TROOPS CALLED OUT IN CALCUTTA

Recrudescence Of Trouble In Harrison Road Area

CROWD THROWS BOMBS AT POLICE: TEARGAS USED TWICE

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27 (P T I).

TROOPS were called out this afternoon in aid of the civil police to deal with the situation in Harrison Road—College Street area, the scene of yesterday's disturbances in Calcutta.

One company of Kumayoun troops was patrolling the area in armoured cars and was guarding the two buildings which were the targets of attack by crowds yesterday and today. Police pickets posted last night were withdrawn with the arrival of the military

There has been no major incident since this morning when the police dispersed a crowd of about 3,000 from the crossing of Harrison Road and Amherst Street by the use of tear gas.

The crowd had attacked with stones and other missiles the building some inmates of which had opened fire on a crowd on Harrison Road yesterday evening. Two persons suffering from the after effects of tear gas were removed to hispital.

A few cases of stray assaults on passer-by were also reported from this area and public venicular traffic along the Harrison Road remained suspended.

The police used tear gas for the second time to disperse roadside crowds following evplosion of two bombs on Harrison Road in the disturbed area in the evening.

No one was, however, injured and no arrests were made.

A batch of young men last night entered the house of a wealthy businessman in North Calcutta and removed some valuables including a silver plated throne of the family deity. One person was arrested in this connection.

PRESS NOTE

A Government of West Bengal press nate issued tonight on the situation in Harrison Road — College Street area stated.

"The situation was almost quiet in the area of yesterday's incidents on Harrison Road until about 11 a. m. this morning when a large crowd collected in front of the same premises in a threatening attitude. The Deputy Commissioner, Central happened to be present there ordered the crowd to disperse and arrested one of their active leaders. This was followed by heavy brickbatting of the police by the crowd who demanded the release of the arrested person.

"Tear gas was used after which the crowd dispersed. One more arrest was made in this connection.

"In the evening again a similar crowd collected at the same place and when asked to disperse began to throw brickbats at the police. A few bombs were also thrown by the

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 5)

One Soul Saved

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (PTI). PRIME MINISTER PANDIT NEHRU'S personal interest in a seven-year-old refugee girl—almost crippled for life—has helped her regain her powers of speech and hearing in a few months.

The girl, Kaushalya, was reported to have been picked up by a sweeper during disturbances in Pakistan and brought to a refugee camp in Delhi. She was then a bundle of bones She could not walk, hear or speak.

After having been looked after by the Camp Commandant for some time, she was passed on to the home for women and children in Delhi where Pandit Nehru gave her a special stipend of rupees fifteen per month. Through proper nursing and good diet, the girl is now regaining health.

The Belgian Senate on Thursday night passed a bill providing for a referendum to decide the future of provisionally exiled King Leopold, now living in Switzerland.

DACOIT MENACE IN SAURASHTRA

22 Cases From February To September

RAJKOT, Oct. 26. (PTI): Twenty-two dacoities involving 17 murders, 24 cases of nose-cutting and looting of property worth about Rs. 50,000 have been reported from Sorath and Gohilwad districts of Madhya Saurashtra during the period from February to September 1949.

Giving this information at a press conference, Mr. V. Ishwaran, Chief Secretary of the Saurashtra Government said that five gangs of armed dacoits responsible for these cases were operating in an area of 2,000 suqare miles. Two hundred persons believed to be directly or indirectly aiding the dacoits, he added, had been taken into custody under the Public Safety Ordinance and estates of 20 persons had been taken over by the Government in an effort to eliminate the newed today after Diwali holidays.

WAVELL ALLAYS RUSSOPHOBIA

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Oct. 27.

In the opinion of Lord Wavell, former Viceroy and Governor-General of India and hero of North African battles, Russia has no aggressive designs. Russia, he says, has no need for space in which to expand and no arrogant desire like the Nazis to run everybody else's country.

Lord Wavell adds that the Soviet policy is actuated by a profound fear of the revival of German militarism. She has little confidence that the Western powers will not try to rearm Germany to suit their own purposes.

FUTURE OF FRENCH SETTLEMENTS

AUTONOMY WITH DIRECT TIES WITH DELHI

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (PTI):

THE Government of India have decided that in the event of the French possessions in India deciding to join the Indian Union, they will be administered as an autonomous unit in direct relation with the Central Government, says a communique issued by the Ministry of External Affairs here today.

The communique adds: "Any subsequent changes in the internal administrative set-up of these settlements will be carried out only after consulting local public opinion. The special linguistic and cultural interests of the people of these settlements will be preserved.

ADEQUATE FUNDS

"The Government of India would provide adequate funds for carrying on their administration and for the payment of pensions and similar commitments of the existing administration.

"Provision has now been made in the new constitution permitting the representation of these settlements in the Union Legislature."

The communique, which was commenting on press reports of a statement made before the Congress of the Municipal Assembly recently held in Pondicherry on behalf of the three-man French Indian delegation which visited Delhi, said that the portion of the statement relating to the intentions of the Government of India with regard to the future of the French-Indian settlements appeared to be "based on misapprehension". The Government of India wished to clarify their position with regard to the French Indian settlements in order to remove any doubts or misunderstanding, the communique added.

NEHRU'S ADVICE

Report from Pondicherry on October 17 had said that M. Goubert leader of the threeman French delegation, had told the session of the French Municipal Congress that Pandit Nehru "informed us that we could remain as we are only for two or three years and after a while we will have to get into the Indian Union and that during this period we need not be under the Madras Government, but under the direct control of the Indian Government."

M. Goubert was also reported to have said that the Governor-General had told the delegation that the French delegation should immediately get merged into the Government of Madras and that they could not wait for a long time.

The Government of India, it is learnt, have selected eight observers for the referendum in India from a panel of twelve names submitted by the French Government. They are also understood to have sent to the French Government names of six Asian personalities for selection of four observers by the French Government.

NEHRU VISITS U. S. FARMS

Sees Americans At Work

CHICAGO, Oct. 27 (PTI)—Pandit Nehru fulfilled today a desire to see ordinary Americans at work by visiting the rich Illinois farm country surrounding America's second largest city of Chicago. He visited three farms in the Fox river valley between Oswego and Yorkville, 45 miles southwest of the city.

He travelled in a six-car motorcade accompanied by a large party of journalists, press photographers and news reel cameramen.

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit rejoined the party today. She went from Ottawa to New York to address the New York "Herald Tribune" Forum last night.

THRESHER'S DINNER

The Prime Minister's party later had a "threshers' dinner" at the Michell farm, specially prepared by Mrs. Michell in the tradition of Illinois harvesting time.

Pandit Nehru's visit has created the greatest interest in Chicago which has a population of four million, ten percent of them Negros.

The Mayor, Mr. Martin Kennelly, told Pandit, "You are the first of all distinguished visitors I have greeted here who has caused people to call me up and tell me they wished to see you when you stopped."

At every place Pandit Nehru has visited and also at his hotel large numbers of people gather frequently; they give him a hearty cheer when he emerges from a function or leaves the hotel for his routine programme.

INDIAN DELEGATES TO U. N.

Members of the Indian delegation to the U.N. General Assembly confer. (Left to right): His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, Sir Benegal N. Rau, and Mr. D. P. Karmarkar.

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MATRIMONIAL

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Graduates in Agriculture or in Botany with experience of press work for two posts of Senior Clerks. Scale of pay Rs. 80-5-120-E. B.-8-200-10/2-220, with Provident Fund benefits and allowances as admissible under the Rules. Age below 25 years. Apply in own handwriting with copies of testimonials to the Secretary, Indian Central Cotton Committee, Post Box No. 1002, Bombay, before the 3rd November, 1949. 6142

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Join immediately New November Batch for specialised Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, General Commerce, etc. Tuition personal or Postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 1293

SOCIAL

Make More Personal Friends in Bombay. Contact: Universal League of Introduction. 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. 1188

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Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms Food and Management Charges Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. 847

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Wanted Agents for securing orders of our high grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars, National Calendar Mfg. Company—Howrah. 5915

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Highly Silverplated Sports Cups—Medals and Presentation Articles. Ask for Catalogue. Arora Brothers 1, Pussa Road, New Delhi. 1241

Dunlopillo— The original Latex Foam Matress for the utmost in hygiene and comfort. Supplies available at The Army and Navy Stores Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay; Good Housekeeping Co., Ltd. 38, Queen's Road, Bombay; Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd., 278 and 286, Hornby Road, Bombay and The Art Flooring and Construction Co., 16, Sleater Road, Bombay. 5047

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 60" width. Lovely for curtains. Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd. 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. (6773A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

STATE TRANSPORT

TENDERS are invited for the supply and installation at the Central Overhauling Workshop, located at Dapuri near Kirkee, of a Battery Charging Plant capable of taking a load of 120 batteries for initial charging.

Tender forms with detailed specifications of the type of charging plant required are available from the Central Office of State Transport, Worli, Bombay, at a cost of Rs. 2/- each.

Tenders will be received upto 12-00 hours on the 12th November, 1949 and will be opened at 11 a.m. on the 14th November, 1949. 6141

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd November, 1949, that day being a Public Holiday (MUHARRAM) under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

C. W. MIDDLETON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 24th October, 1949. 6137

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER of Stores invites tenders for the supply of Miscellaneous Stores such as bamboos hill solid boards loading, baskets bamboo and cane, straw rice brooms goa and poles Nowgany during the period 1-2-1950 to 31-1-51. Tender form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy. Not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 18th November, 1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 6100

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites sealed tenders for the purchase of Non-ferrous scrap available for disposal at the Mechanical Stores Depct of this Railway at Parel. Forms obtainable from his office at Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 16-11-1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 6115

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a 'Steno Typist' in the Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons, Province of Bombay, Poona, in the scale of Rs. 100-5-125-6-185-8-225. The post is temporary for a period of six months in the first instance and is likely to continue thereafter.

2. The candidate must not be more than 26 years of age on 1-10-1949 and in the case of candidates from Backward Classes not more than 28 years of age on 1-10-1949. Ex-service men and Displaced persons will be allowed to count their previous services, if any, in computing the age limit.

3. The minimum educational qualification required is Matriculation or S.S.C. of the Bombay University and the minimum speed in Shorthand and Typing should be 100 and 40 words per minute respectively.

4. Information giving full particulars of domicile, age, educational qualifications, experience etc. should be furnished in the application.

5. The application should be addressed to the Inspector-General of Prisons, Province of Bombay, Poona, and should reach him by 7TH NOVEMBER, 1949 at the latest.

6. No reply will be given to candidates who are not selected for interview. Those selected and called for interview will have to come at their own expense to Poona.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PRISONS,
Province of Bombay.
Poona,
Dated, 26-10-1949. 6138

SECRETARY, PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR BIHAR

P. O. Hinoo, Ranchi,

INVITES APPLICATIONS on or before the 23rd November, 1949, on the prescribed form, which along with full particulars can be obtained from him, for the permanent post of a Professor of Zoology in Class I of the Bihar Educational Service for the Science College, Patna, in the scale of pay of Rs. 350-25-650-E. B.-35-1000 a month. A higher initial start in the scale can be given. A candidate must (a) possess a first or second class M.Sc. degree in Zoology or a Doctorate degree, (b) have specialised in any one or more of the following branches:—(i) Protozoology, (ii) Helminthology, (iii) Cytology, (iv) Genetics, (v) Embryology, (vi) Ichthyology, (vii) Experimental Zoology. He must also possess good records of research and capacity to guide research and experience of teaching Post-graduate and Honours classes. A candidate should not be more than 40 years of age on first August, 1949, but this can be relaxed in special cases. 6139

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE BOMBAY CITY CIVIL COURT AT BOMBAY.

Suit No. 1600 of 1949.

VASUDEO J. PILANI ... Plaintiff.
Versus
CHHOTABHAI S. PATEL ..... Defendant.

To,

CHHOTABHAI S. PATEL,

The Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has instituted this suit to recover from you Rs. 5,000/- with interest at 4 1/2 per cent per annum from 18th December, 1946, till judgment, costs of the suit and interest on judgment till payment, and for an order that 500 ordinary shares and 130 preference shares of the Crystal Industries Ltd., mentioned in the plaint herein may be sold by and under the directions of this Hon'ble Court and the net sale proceeds thereof applied in or towards satisfaction of the said amount decreed in favour of the plaintiff that for the purposes aforesaid all accounts may be taken, inquiries made, directions given and orders passed as to this Hon'ble Court appear just and necessary and for such further and other reliefs as the nature and circumstances of the case may require. You are summoned to appear in this Court on the 2nd day of January, 1950, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon in person or by an advocate. In default of your appearance on the day hereinbefore mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

This 29th day of August, 1949.

P. A. DHRUVA,
for Registrar.

SEAL

P. A. DHRUVA,
Dy. Registrar.

This 29th day of August, 1949.

Mr. N. A. MODI,
of Messrs. Rustamji & Ginwala,
Plaintiff's Advocate. 6140

AUCTION SALES

GOVT. AUCTION

A huge quantity of SOAP GENERAL PURPOSE, (about 80 lacs Cakes), Jackets sleeping cotton, Pugs cotton white, Goggles, Cooker Oil Blow Lamp, Ovens field Segment, etc., will be auctioned at ORDNANCE DEPOT, PANAGAR, E. I. Rly., on 31st October, 1949, at 10 a.m. Full details and conditions of sale will be announced at the time of auction. Stores may be withdrawn from auction if required. Goni Chand & Sons, Auctioneers, P. 8, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, Calcutta.

GROW MORE FOOD CAMPAIGN

Call To Editors To Co-operate

BOMBAY, Thursday, (PTI)—The Standing Committee of the All India Newspaper Editors Conference has decided to appeal to its members to co-operate with the Government in their efforts to stimulate popular interest in the grow more food campaign. The Committee met today in the Indian Merchants Chamber Hall at 10 a.m. Mr. C. R. Srinivasan presided.

A press note issued by the Committee said: "The Committee heard reports from the Provincial Convenors. There was a discussion on the working of the consultative machinery in the various provinces. The Committee felt that a joint meeting of the Provincial Information Ministers and the Standing Committee together with the convenors of local committees should be held to lay down the procedure for the more effective functioning of the Press Advisory Committees.

"The Committee decided to appeal to its members to co-operate with Government in their efforts to stimulate popular interest in the Grow More Food campaign and also in the efforts on behalf of the UNO to popularise the declaration of human rights.

SCURRILOUS WRITING

"There was a discussion on scurrilous and unprofessional writings. The President took the opportunity to appeal to the members to use their good offices to maintain the dignity and standards of the profession. Further consideration of the subject was adjourned pending the receipt of the report from the Sub-committee appointed at Bangalore for drawing up a code of professional eithics.

The Committee heard reports about the setting of Advisory Committees in States like Mysore and welt that active steps should be taken for setting up similar committees in other States and Union of States also.

The following members attended the meeting:—Messrs. Kasturi Srinivasan, Devdas Gandhi, G V Krupanidhi, Shrikant Thakur, Deshbandhu Gupta, K. Gopalaswami, B. Sen Gupta, Nirmal Ghosh, H. R.. Moharay, K. Srinivasan, J. Natrajan, H. M. Joshi, B. P. Mishra, Sachin Sen, R. N. Goenka, S. Sadanand, Joachim Alva, A. D. Mani, I.S. Jehu and M Harris.

Mr. B. L. Sharma P.I.O was present on behal fof the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India.

TWO PRESSES SEALED IN PAKISTAN

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Two big Printing Presses the "Tilak Electric Pring Press" at Sukkur Sind and "Ram Electric Printing Press" in Shikarpur, Sind were declared as Evacuee Property and accordingly sealed by the Custodian of the Pakistan Government.

Daily paper 'Sindhi' and Weekly paper 'Shikarpur Gazette' were being printed and published from these presses

These presses were worth about a lakh of rupees each. The proprietors of both the presses Mr. Virumal and Mr. Ramchand were living in Sind even after partition along with their families and they had declared to remain as nationals of Pakistan. Their buildings are also stated to have been sealed by the custodian.

ABOLISH SALES TAX ON FOODGRAINS

Investigation Body Chief's Advice To Madras

Mr. L. K. Maitra, Chairman of tehe Foodgrains Investigation Committee appointed by the Government of India, suggested a reduction of incidental charges and the total abolition of sales tax on foodgrains in the Madras Province. These, if carried out, will bring down the issue prices of foodgrains to an appreciable extent in the province, Mr. Maitra said.

BE ALWAYS LOYAL TO STATE

Deo's Advice To Congress Workers

GANDHINAGAR, (Ranchi), Oct. 26. (PTI): "It was the first duty of the officials to be loyal to the state and the Government of the day under which they serve irrespective of their political ideologies", said Mr. Shankarrao Deo, in a speech before the Congress workers, here today.

He said, in the present set up, some officials were not showing the same loyalty which was due to the Government and he suggested the Gandhian way to allow time for adjustment.

He reiterated that the Congressmen irrespective of position held by them in party organisation, were private citizens and therefore should not expect any preferential treatment over the rest of the people.

Mr. Shankerrao Deo, addressing a public meeting, later in the day asked the people to operate with the Congress in solving economic and other ills facing the country. He suggested that the formation of panchayats would go a long way in solving the country's problem.

SITARA & KRISHNAN KUTTY

'FALSE PRIDE': A NEW INDIAN BALLET

SLATED for production on the stage of Capitol Cinema on four Sunday mornings (Nov. 6, 13, 20 and 27) is the ballet from ancient mythology, False Pride or Daksha Yaga, featuring Krishnan Kutty, the talented dancer from the South, Sitara, the well-known star of the films, and thirty-eight others.

The ballet is in two scenes of 19 dances each, and tells the story of the proud King Daksha Prajapathi.

THE STORY

In springtime the ancient kingdom of Dakshaprajapathi is both festive and romantic. The King is on his morning rounds admiring the beauties of nature, when an opening lotus attracts his attention. He picks up a conch shell and to his delight it transforms itself into a beautiful child.

The child, Sati, soon becomes the object of adoration in the kingdom. Anxious to know the destiny of his divine daughter, the king engages an astrologer. Frightened at the menacing portents of the horoscope, the fortune-teller flees from the court. Meanwhile, Sati grows up into a charming maiden, and an accomplished dancer. So great was her love for the art that she becomes an ardent devotee to the king of dances—Nataraja.

Fervent prayers from the devotee disturb the meditations of Siva, who resolves to measure the depth of Sati's devotion. So, in the guise of an old Brahmin, he carries her away. Loss of prestige and daughter infuriates Daksha who immediately orders a mahayaga to which all except Siva are invited. Sati at Kailasa is homesick and seeks Siva's permission to visit her parents. Against his advice she returns home. King Daksha, however, orders her out of the yagasala. Denounced by father and forsaken by friends, she burns herself to death.

Finally Siva's dance of destruction lets loose Kali and Virabhadra. They are sent on a mission of revenge. In the ensuing fight Daksha is beheaded.

The Thrimoorthies confer and out of mercy permit Daksha's return (to life but only with a goat's head. Stripped of his false pride, penitent Daksa becomes a good king and continues his reign.

SCENE I is in the following 19 dances: (1) The dance of Vana Devi, (2) The dance of Daruvan and the Maiden, (3) The dance of King and Queen, (4) The court dance, (5) The night dance, (6) The bathing dance, (7) The stroll dance, (8) The beer dance, (9) The peacock dance, (10) The lotus dance, (11) The young Sati's dance, (12) The King and the Baby dance, (13) The dance of the people, (14) The grown up Sati, (15) The dance master, (16) The dance of astrologer, (17) The group dance, (18) The dance of Sati, (19) The dance of devotion.

SCENE II is also in 19 dances:—(1) The dance of Bhajan by Sati (2) The dance of the Rishis, (3) The dance of Siva, (4) The dance between the old Brahmin and Sati, (5) Siva reveals his true identity, (6) Sati's dance with friends—Siva takes Sati away, (7) Anger dance of Daksha and announcement of Daksha Yaga, (8) Rishis' dance, (9) Siva and Parvuti, (10) The dance of Brahmins and love scene between Brahmins and maiden, (11) Entry of Daksha, (12) Entry of Sati and Dance of Anger, (13) Dance of Despair and Death, (14) Dance of ghost, (15) Dance of destruction, (16) Dance of Veerabhadra and Kali, (17) Fight between Kali and Veerbhadra, (18) The dance of Bhajan by Daksha, (19) The last dance of the group.

When efforts are made everywhere to revive India's glory and to spotlight India's heritage, this dramatic ballet by talented artistes bids fair to prove an eye-opener.

MEET KRISHNAN KUTTY

Star pupil of the great Kathakali exponent Shankaran Namboodri, Krishnan Kutty has been brought up from childhood under the strictest school of traditional dancing. The rigorous exercises prescribed by his master for the eyes and limbs of his favourite and talented pupils were so formidable that sometimes he felt that conditions would be less intolerable in a concentration camp. Nevertheless, had it not been for such hard labour he could never have been the master that he is today of Bharatnatyan, Manipuri, Kathakali and the folk dances of the South.

It was he who attempted to direct the choreography of a comparatively new subject—Dance Drama with phenomenal success. The superiority of Krishnan Kutty over other celebrated dancers can be attributed firstly to his unflinching adherence to the purity and precision of dance forms at any cost and secondly to his indefatigable energy.

Ask Panikkar, one of the leading Chenda players of the South, and he will testify that to cope up with Krishnan Kutty's speed and complex compositions calls for the greatest alertness.

And yet with all this, he is so humble. Many well-known dancers, male and female who have led troupes abroad come to Krishnan Kutty for guidance and training. He has directed and led several ballets including the dance drama "Chitra" of Tagore and "Birth of A Nation."

Woman On Charge Of Attempt At Suicide

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A young woman who jumped into sea to put an end to her life, was placed under arrest by the Esplande Police yesterday.

It was alleged, before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Court today that Gangabai Tukaram, a resident of Girgaum jumped into sea, at Marine Drive. But she was saved by a member of public, and removed to hospital.

The accused was bailed out by the Magistrate.

POTATOES AS SUBSTITUTE FOR GOLD ORNAMENTS

Confidence Tricksters Dupe City Club Of Rs. 7000

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Potatoes were successfully used as a substitute for gold ornaments by a gang of confidence tricksters who duped a city clerk of Rs. 7,000

It is reported that Ranghunandan D. Naik who was employed in a city firm at Mazagon as a clerk, was approached by Vithal Ghadge, the office peon, who told the former that gold ornaments were for sale at cheap prices, and that he would introduce Naik to the parties who wanted to dispose off the ornaments

A meeting was arranged and Naik was introduced to Yeshwant D. Krishnaji, Jagu Shravan and another person named Madhavrao. The latter told Naik that they were villagers from Satara, and that while working in the fields had accidently struck a hoard of ornaments which had been buried in the ground. The gang said that it was anxious to get rid of the ornaments at reasonable prices.

On Wednesday evening the gang met Naik at Dadar from where they came to V. T. Later they took Naik to Outram Road where a deal was made. Naik, who had seen the ornaments earlier, was shown a tin box which he was told contained the gold ornaments. He was, however, asked not to open the box in the street as the police would get suspicious.

Naik gave the gang Rs. 7,000 as payment for the ornaments opened the box in reaching home he got a rude shock gold ornaments were nothing more than potatoes.

A complaint was lodged with the Esplanade Police who arrested Vithal Ghadge and Jagu Shravan in this connection at 1-30 this morning.

Yeshwant D. Krishnaji and Madhavrao who received the money from Naik are absconding.

Sub-Inspector Iyangar of the Esplanade Police Station is investigating.

DISTRIBUTION OF LABOUR

U. P. To Have A Pool Of Workers

LUCKNOW, Oct. 27 (P.T.I.): The United Provinces will shortly have a central agency for the distribution of available labour by creating a pool of workers to meet the daily requirements of casual labour in the mills.

The creation of such an agency is envisaged in a scheme for decasualisation of labour and recruitment of industrial workers through employment exchanges which was approved by the standing Committee on Labour which met here yesterday. Mr. Sampuranand, Minister for labour, presided.

The scheme will also be discussed at the Tri-partite Conference of Labour, Industrialists and provincial Government representatives meeting here to-morrow.

(From Our Correspondent.)

GWALIOR, Oct 27.

A labourer of a local Mill is said to have mysteriously disappeared from his house in Gwalior city. A slip of paper is said to have been found in his house saying that he had been murdered. He was last seen in a hotel in later part of the night Investigations are going on.

Restore Normal Channels Of Cloth Distribution

A. D. SHROFF DEPLORES GOVERNMENT ATTITUDE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A DIVIDEND of Rs. 6 per share on Ordinary Shares was declared at an ordinary general meeting of the Central India Spinning, Weaving and Manufacturing Company Limited held this afternoon.

Mr. A. D. Shroff, the Chairman stated in the course of his speech that the reimposition of controls on the distribution of cloth and yarn had given rise to various difficulties in the matter of securing permits and this had led to a piling up of stocks of cloth and yarn resulting in the closure of a number of mills and the ascent of unemployment figures. Unless distribution through normal channels was restored the cloth situation would not ease.

The disappearance of the sellers' market and the growth of internal competition, the Chairman continued, made rehabilitation and dationalisation of the industry an urgent necessity. The attitude of both the Central and Provincial Governments in the matter of rationalisation and that of labour as well, was deplorable. Unless every worker, employed was allotted a proper work-load, the ever mounting labour cost of production would soon extinguish the small margin of profit left today and might lead to the closure of many textile mills in the country.

The Chairman added that the C.P. and Berar Government have been most helpful to the industry in the matter of the standardisation of wages and work-loads. To ensure smother working of the industry the C. P. and Berar Government had formed a Tripartite Committee to examine the question of introducing an additional shift in all textile mills. The Provincial Government had also appointed a Standing Committee (Textiles) to study bottle-necks in production, and had established a Labour Welfare Sub-Committee to suggest improvements in the standard of labour welfare activities. A Works Committee had also been set up in the mills.

COURT TO INSPECT KISHORI'S FLAT

BOMBAY, Thursday.

With a view to making it convenient for the judge and the members of the jury to visit the scene of the incident, Nadkarni Murder Case was adjourned till Friday after a brief hearing today.

Sadanand Nadkarni, elder brother of the deceased and Sub-Inspector Ghag attached to the DeLisle Road Police Station were the two witnesses examined and cross-examined today. The cross-examination was not over when the court adjourned.

SUGAR GODOWN RAIDED

Following the police drive against sugar hoarders and profiteers in the city, Inspector Sheode and Dy-Inspector Kunvar Patel of Crime Branch II raided the Godown of Messrs. Chandulal and Company at Samuel Street and seized 13 bags of sugar.

The keepers of the godown informed the police that they were holding the sugar on behalf of Punjabi Chaudu Halwawalla, who owns a sweetmeat shop at Zaveri Bazar and another at Carni Road.

Acting on this information, the officers left some of their subordinates to keep a watch on the godown, and proceeded to the two sweetmeat shops where they recovered another four bags and 100 pounds of sugar.

Sada Jiwatlal Chandulal, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Chandulal and Company, and an employee Narottam Mansukhlal were taken into custody.

Works Manager Thrashed

LABOUR DISPUTE REACHES CLIMAX

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The strained employer-employee relationship in the firm of Messrs. Dadajee Dhakjee and Company, Motor Car Importers of Bombay, reached a climax yesterday, when a group of Union members waylaid Mr. Laxman Baliram Pathak, Works Manager, when he was returning from duty, pulled him off his motor bike and gave him a severe thrashing.

It is learnt that the workers of the firm had become restive of late, ever since the management in recent weeks effected a retrenchment, which threw out of employment 25 men

The feeling of resentment was touched off last evening, when the Works Manager, stated to have reprimanded M. D'Souza, a fitter, for fitting an accessory in a wrong place. The man, it is learnt, refrained from comment, at the time and gulped down the rebuke.

But, later he and his sympathisers, are alleged to have discussed the matter among themselves and decided upon teaching a lesson to the Works Manager. When the workshop closed for the day, the workers came out and lay in wait for the "boss" on a public thoroughfare adjacent to the workshop.

Soon, Mr. Pathak was seen emerging from the workshop on his motor bike. He was surrounded, by an angry crowd, who pulled him off from the vehicle and set upon him, assaulting him severely. It is learnt that the victim's attempts to escape by speeding up his motor bike, were frustrated, by the infuriated subordinates, who chased and unseated him.

Ten men were arrested in this connection by Sub-Inspector Modak of the Gamdevi Police with the help of Sub-Inspector Barve of the Labour Branch of the Bombay C.I.D

The arrested men are, C. M. Lad, Secretary of the Bombay Automobile Employees' Union, M. D'Souza, the reprimanded workman, Victor Mendes, A. Fernandes, John Rebello, Parlekar, P. J. Kajelkar, M. G. Bani-Virkar Rajaram Dhaman and another—all members of the same Union, a Congress sponsored body.

The staff of the workshop struck work this morning, as a protest against the arrests.

SOCIETY GIRL ROBBED OF CAR

Miss Draupadi Dayal Nagpal, a society girl strolled into the Gamdevi Police Station yesterday, to complain that her beautiful blue far BMX 9651 had disappeared. She suspected her driver who had been engaged not long ago.

It appears that the girl who lives with her millionaire father at Sital Baug, Walkeshvar, had instructed the driver to bring the car from its garage at Ridge Road, early in the morning as she wanted to keep a date. Prabhudas Rajaram, the driver, however, failed to turn up at the appointed hour. She waited for sometime, impatiently treading the footpath up and down. At last, she became suspicious and walked up to the garage herself. The garage door was open. But it contained no car.

Here, also she waited for sometime, thinking the chauffeur had gone for gasoline. But, when he did not turn up, she engaged a taxi and drove up to the Gamdevi Police Station and made a complaint about the missing car.

The police immediately alerted all the police stations in Greater Bombay, to look out for the blue saloon.

During the evening, a car was proceeding along the Agra Road near Goregaon. The two policemen on duty, at some point on the road, halted the car as they suspected that it carried a cargo of illicit liquor. Their suspicions were justified, for when they searched the car carefully, nine tubes containing 40 gallons of illicit liquor were found cleverly secreted inside the car. The three occupants of the car were arrested and questioned.

During minute police cross-examination more things came to light. They discovered that the driver of the vehicle at the time of the seizure of the contraband was none other than Prabhudas Rajaram, for whom Miss Draupdi waited in vain in the morning. The car which carried the "speakeasy" stuff, was none other than the missing blue sedan for which the police had radioed all over Greater Bombay.

Two other men who were in the car, Kadar Turkhan an alleged notorious smuggler of Jogeshwari and Ganpat Gopal, were also taken in custody.

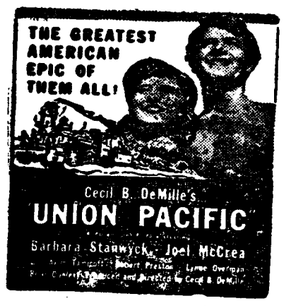
The Malad police is making inquiries.

MYSORE, Oct. 27, (PTI): Mr. S. Guruswami, General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, told a mass meeting of Mysore State railwaymen here yesterday evening that the Federation would stand by them in their demand that the Central Pay Commission's recommendations should be implemented.

Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

REGAL

It's Cosy! Daily: At 3-30,
It's Comfy!! 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.



SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
"Perils Of Pauline"
Betty Hutton, John Lund

NEW EMPIRE
Luxurious Air Conditioned Comfort
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
The Magic Bow
Stewart Granger, Phyllis Calvert
at Reduced Rates.

STRAND
Where There's Always A Good Show
Daily: 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15 p.m.

Book Your Seats Early

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10-30
HAMRAHI
BINATA BOSE
Music by R. C. BORAL
At Evening Rates.

"THE NAME OF STRUGGLE IS LIFE!"
W.I.T. Ltd. Movie Picture
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4TH WEEK **CENTRAL**
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sun. Hol. Mats. 12-30
Plans Open 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

ACCLAIMED BY 100,000 FILM-FANS!
A. R. KARDAR'S
Dillagi
Music: NAUSHAD
Starring: SURAIYA, SHYAM
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30 p.m.
LIBERTY Plans open 10 to 8 p.m.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Kartik Shud 7, 2005
Muslim: Mohurram 5, 1368
Parsi: Ardibehesht 26, 1319
Sunrise: 6-38 a.m. Sunset 6-8 pm,
Hightide: 04-52, 16-36
Lowtide: 11-48, 22-36

Today's Engagements

Municipal Standing Committee meeting, today, 3-40 p.m. The Bombay Society of Model Engineers: Display of technical scientific and educational films, at the B.E.S.T. Conference Hall, Colaba, today, 6-30 p.m. The Bombay Art Society: Opening of an Exhibition of paintings by Manohara Joshi, at 6, Ramport Row, today, 6-15 p.m. The Municipal Commissioner's rounds: The Commissioner will meet the elected memmissioner's rounds: The Commissioner will meet the elected members or Ward No. 18, at Victoria Gardens Road Junction, New Nagpada, today at 7 51 a.m. Bombay Time. The United Lodge of Theosophists: Study class on "The Buddhist Teachings on the Above", at Jehangir Wadia Building. Florar Fountain, today, 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL FEDERATION OF GOSHALAS AND PANJRAPOLES.—Meeting of the Governing Body will be held today at 3 p.m. at 1949 Shroff Bazar Bombay 2.

NEGLECTED PLACE ATTENDED TO

House Where Saint Tukaram Was Born

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The hallowed spot where Maharashtra's classical and popular poet, Sant Tukaram, was born and which till recently had been subjected to such neglect that it presented the aspect of a stable is today transformed into a place not unworthy of the poet-sant's memory.

When Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, noticed the neglect, he sent for the Inamdar, a decendant of the Poet, who has been given an inam land, and impressed on him the need for having a decent hall and a memorial worthy of the secret memory of Tukaram. A simple hall, with architecture of the times in which Tukaram lived, has been constructed and the pilgrims who visit Dehu to pay their respects to the shrine may no longer feel sad and humiliated.

The other landmarks of the Indrayani river and the small hillock where Tukaram retired for solitude when he composed his famous "abhangas" also stand at Dehu. They are made more accessible both to the pilgrims and the villagers in the surrounding areas. The Premier ordered a bridge to be built across the Indrayani, which spares the inhabitants of 20 villages the hazards of crossings, particularly in the monsoon. They are now linked with Poona City.

The Government of Bombay is bringing out a special edition of Tukaram's work, which possess considerable literary as well as instructional value. It is to be published on Tukaram's tersentenary Day and will be made available at a price within the reach of all. This is being done in accordance with the Government's policy of encouragement to historical literature, scholarship and fine arts.

Telegraph Notification

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"Collect code telegrams from U.S.A. and Canada will be charged at fifteen and half annas and fourteen annas per word respectively", says a telegraph notification issued today

FROM TO-DAY!
FOR SIX DAYS ONLY—
AT
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Plans Open 9-30 to 1, 2-30 to 7
MUNSHI PREMCHAND'S
IMMORTAL CLASSIC
"RANGBHOOMI"
Starring: JAGDISH SETHI
NIGAR, K. N. SINGH, GOPE
SULOCHANA, KHATOON
& NAVIN YAGNIK

A GREAT Theme in a Great Picture
RAMVIVAH
KRISHNA
Booking 10 to 12; 4 to 6
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-30
PARADISE
12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
THANA-PRABHAT POONA-DECCAN
A Central F. D. Release

MEANS TO ACHIEVE CULTURAL UNITY

Kher's Plea For Change-Over To Spiritualism

BOMBAY, Thursday.

MR. B. G. KHER, Premier of Bombay, inaugurating a Convention on Cultural Unity in India, at Mahableshwar, yesterday, declared that social justice was the foundation of peace and happiness. He said that the malady of our times was that moral sense was almost completely ignored by material society and expressed his own belief that happiness lay in self-control and self-discipline.

"We should crystalise the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi and understand his philosophy of life and his scheme of social reconstruction," the Premier said. He pleaded for a complete change in the present state of affairs and said that our aim should be culture without material conquest, machines without enslaving factories and science without the worship of matter.

The Convention is held under the auspices of the T. A. Parekh Education Endowment. Mr. Prem Narain Mathur Minister for Education, Rajasthan, is among those who are attending the Convention. Mr. K. G. Saiyaidin, Educational Adviser to the Government of Bombay, is Chairman of the Organising Committee.

The Premier congratulated Mr. Parekh on the commendable object of his Endowment and complimented the organisers of the Convention on the work they had been doing.

EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION

Mr. Kher said that society would never escape the problem of equitable distribution of goods which provided for the preservation and fulfilment of human life. He said that the way to happiness lay in learning to control, not satiate or satisfy, desire.

Saying that social justice was the foundation of peace and happiness, he explained how one school of thought propagated destruction of private property and socialisation of means of productoin as means of establishing social justice, if necessary, by violent means, while another school wanted to establish a equalitarian world, with non-violence as means to achieve that objective. He asked the Conventionists to decide for themselves as to which of the two ways was the right one and said that, for this part, he stood by the goal of social justice by gradual and evolutionary forces, in which a certain amount of inevitable coercion but a great deal more of educational factor was to operate.

Later, the Premier addressed the Secondary Teachers' Camp at the Old Government House and expressed his opinion that all Government buildings at Mahableshwar should be opened for public use.

On his way back to Poona, Mr. Kher addressed a meeting at Shirwal and appealed to the people for the merged areas to co-operate wholeheartedly with the Government. He assured them that the difficulties connected with the creation of new districts following the merger of States would be looked into by the Special Officer appointed for the purpose. He also stressed the need for growing more food.

The Premier left Poona for Gokak last night.

Kherwadi Incidents: Socialist Version

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. D. S. Nagolkar, Secretary of the Socialist Party Bombay, in a statement to the press disputes the reports about the incidents in Kherwadi on Wednesday. He says that they convey a wrong impression that there was a fight in which both sides participated equally. He says: "None of the landlords was injured which the press can come and verify for itself. None of the tenants was arrested. The Socialist Party members and the tenants were absolutely unarmed, while the landlords were fully armed with lathis, pipes, bamboos etc."

The statement reiterates the demands of the Kherwadi tenants which are: Alternative accommodation must be provided to those tenants whose huts are being demolished, and till such alternative accommodation is available, demolition should not proceed.

Village Food Production Committees

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In view of the fact that the Managing Committees of some of the Co-operative Societies appointed to work as Village Food Production Committees are not representative enough, even after the nomination of the talati, the school teacher, etc., as required under the orders constituting them, the Government of Bombay has directed that the Mamlatdar concerned should nominate on such an iadequately representative Committee not more than two representatives of the cultivators from the village concerned and make it adequately representative.

Pre-Partition Claims

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A procedure designed to facilitate the disposal of pre-partition compensation claims was announced by the Railway Board on 11th December, 1948. The announcement appears to have created in certain quarters some misunderstanding. Indian Railways are not liable for the non-delivery of such articles because of the impossibility of performance of the contract by reason of the action taken by the Dominion of Pakistan at stations in India in these and similar circumstances. The Government of India, are, however, endeavouring to negotiate a settlement of the question with the Government of Pakistan.

WORKERS MISLED BY UNION

B. E. S. T. Chief Adamant

BOMBAY, Thursday, (UPI)—Workers of the B.E.S.T. undertaking must be prepared to suffer the consequences of their own decision if they resort to strike on the questition of gratuity, says Mr. J. P. L. Shenoy, General Manager of the BEST. in the course of a statement on a press report that the workers might resort to strike.

When the BEST Co. Ltd. was taken over by the Bombay Municipality, says Mr. Shenoy, the Municipal Commissioner, on behalf of the Corporation, wrote a letter to the Workers' Union stating that the Directors of the Company had resolved to close the Provident Fund institution on the 31st July, 1947 and that the BEST undertaking would start a new Provident Fund for the benefit of the employees who continued in service with the undertaking, on its being taken over by the Municipality.

Despite the clear directions given to the workers by the Municipal Commissioner, adds Mr. Shenoy, the Union authorities "misguided" some of the employees by advising them not to transfer their Provident Fund and gratuity amounts to the new Provident Fund. "The Union leaders are alone to be blamed for having misguided them into believing that they would get a double gratuity if they withdrew the gratuity already earned by service under the old company", concludes Mr. Shenoy.

TODAY'S RADIO

BOMBAY, October 28.

BOMBAY—A

244 m. (1,231 kc|s), 31.41 m. (9,550 kc|s), 7-30 a.m. Composition of Surdas. 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram. 7-45 Vinata Amladi (Bhajan). 8-0 News (E). 8-15 News (H). 8-30 Natvarlal Nayak.

244 m. (1,231 kc|s), 41.44 m. (7,240 kc|s), 12-45 p.m. Sarang Rang. 12-50 Natvarlal Nayak (G. Bhajan). 1-0 News (G). 1-10 As in Bombay B. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 American Corposers.

244 m. (1,231 kc|s), 31.41 m. (9,550 kc|s), from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m., 41.44 m. (7,240 kc|s), from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m., 8-.0 p.m. Shyam Devre (Bhimpalas). 5-30 As in Bombay B. 8-0 News (E). 6-10 News (H). 6-20 Vimal Kulkarni (Multani). 7-0 Topic of Day. 7-10 Locals. 7-15 Siddhanath Parab (Flute). 7-30 Selections from 'Chhaya'. 7-45 Kamgar Sabha. 8-15 News (G). 8-30 As in Bombay B. 9-0 News (E). 9-15 News (H). 9-30 As in Bombay B. 10-0 Old, New and Borrowed by Adi Marzban.

BOMBAY—B

352 m. (850 kc|s), 41.44 m. (7,240 kc|s), 7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A. 7-45 News (K). 8-0 Wamanrao Padhye (Vocal). 8-30 News (M). 3-45 Shanta Panandikar (Asawari).

353 m. (850 kc|s), 31.41 m. (9,550 kc|s), 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A. 12-50 News (M). 1-0 Selections from compositions of Sant Tukaram: 1-10 Shrawaniya. 1-40 News (H). 1-50 Mahila Mandal.

353 m. (850 kc|s), 41.44 m. (7,240 kc|s), from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m., 61.98 m. (4,840 kc|s), from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m., 5-0 p.m. As in Bombay A. 5-30 Siddhanath Parab (Flute). 5-45 Vinata Amladi (Geet), 6-0 Shanta Panandikar (Patdeep). 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners. 7-15 As in Bombay A. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 News (K). 8-0 News (M). 8-15 Bhalchandra Manirekar (Pad). 8-30 Bharatiya Rangbhoomi (By K. Narayan Kale, M.). 8-45 Natvarlal Nayak (G. Geet). 9-C Shym Devre (Thumri). 9-15 Vimal Kulkarni (Malkauns). 9-30 Swar Mudrika by S. R. Kulkarni Growth of secularization: by P. Y. Godbole. 10-0 Siddhanath Parab (Flute). 10-15 Wamanrao Padhye (Bhajan).

BARODA

250 m. (1,200 kc|s), 7-30 a.m. Saurashtra-Tank. 7-40 As in Ahmedabad. 8-0 News (E). 8-15 Dhrupad-Ki-Sawari uncommon Taal of 18 matras on pakhawaj. 8-30 Variety. 8-45 News (G). 5-30 p.m. Songs from Screen. 6-0 News (E). 6-10 Razaq Hussain Khan (Jaltarang). 6-20 Malang Qawwal (Ghazal). 6-30 Gramjano Mate. 7-0 Geeto. 7-15 Razaq Hussain Khan (Jaltarang). 7-45 Book review in Gujarati: By D. Thakar: (from Ahmedabad). 8-0 Abdul Karim Khan (Gara Thumri). 8-10 Locals. 8-15 News (G). 8-30 R. H. Khan (Dilruba). 8-45 K. Tanjorkar (Bhajan). 9-0 News (E). 9-15 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD

326.1 m. (920 kc|s), 7-30 a.m. As in Baroda. 7-40 Sandhi Prakash Raag. 8-0 News (E). 8-15 Dilruba par Gunkali by Ochhavlal Shah. 8-30 Chidananda Bhatt (Geeto). 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda. 6-0 News (E). 6-10 As in Baroda. 6-20 Aangbhoomi. 6-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate. 7-0 Chidananda Bhatt (Geeto). 7-15 As in Baroda. 7-30 Sishra Geeto). 7-45 Book review in Gujarati: By D. Thaker. 8-0 Dilruba by Ochhavlal Shah. 8-10 Locals. 8-15 News (G). 8-30 Chidananda Bhatt (Geeto). 8-45 Shastriya Sangeet. 9-0 News (E). 9-15 Readings from Sanskrit classics (G.). 9-30 Khayal Gayan.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 27, (P. T. I.): The following is the All-India weather summary for Thursday:—

The severe cyclone in the Bay of Bengal is centred this morning about one hundred miles south-south-East of Cocanada It is likely to move north-westwards and strike the Circar coast between Masulipatam and Cocanada by this evening and then mobe northwards and weaken.

In association with the cyclone there has been widespread and locally very heavy rain along the Orissa-Circars coast, Fairly widespread showers have also occurred in Malabar and the South Konkan and local showers in Gangetic West Bengal and Chota Nagpur.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL FRIDAY EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread in north-east India, the north Madras coast, the east Central Provinces and east Hyderabad. There will be local rain in Malabar, south-east Madras and the Madras-Deccan

HEAVY RAINFALL AND WARNING: Locally very heavy rain is likely in and near the north Circars coast in Orissa, Gangetic, West Bengal, eastern districts of the east Central Provinces during the next 48 hours. Heavy gales are also likely along the east coast between Nelore and Calingapatam during the next 24 hours.

CHART

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from October and departure from normal, recorded at 8 a.m., on Thursday:—

Ahmedabad 88 76 0 0.3 , Baroda 95 75 0 0.1 minus 1.7, Belgaum 83 65 0 0.9 minus 3.5, Bhopal 85 62 0 3.7 plus 2.2, BOMBAY 90 77 0 1.3 minus 1.0, Calcutta 92 79 0 2.6 minus 1.6 Darjeeling 57 50 0 1.8 minus 3.3, Delhi 86 55 0 0 1 minus 0.3, Hyderabad (Dn.) 83 65 0 0.6 minus 1.5, Indore 88 69 0 4.5 plus 3.3, Jaipur 89 65 0 0 minus 0.4, Kolhapur 87 67 0 1.6 —, Lucknow 89 65 0 0 minus 1 2. Madras 83 75 0 3.4 minus 6.2, Mahabaleshwar 78 63 0 2.9 minus 3.1, Mussoorie 67 49 0 0.2 minus 0.9, Nagpur 86 61 0 5.2 plus 3.2, Negapatam 91 78 0 3.0 minus 5.1, Nellore 85 71 0 1.0 minus 6.9, Ootacamund 63 52 — — —. Patna 89 69 0 0.1 minus 2.1. Poona 90 69 0 1.6 minus 1 8. Rajkot 95 71 0 0.2 minus 0.3, Shillong 73 53 0 3.9 minus 2.0, Sholapur 91 62 0 1.1 minus 1.2, Simla 62 45 0 0.2 minus 0.9, Surat 93 76 0 2.6 plus 1.2, Vizagapatam 77 74 1.7 4.9 minus 1.5.

M. P. Patil Leaving For Poona

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, will leave Bombay for Poona tomorrow and return on Monday, October 31. At Poona, the Minister will attend a meeting of the Superintendents of the Agricultural Schools.

A. I. R. Director

Miss Mehra Masani has been appointed Director of the External Service Division of the All India Radio. This honour has come to Miss Masani after a brilliant career in the A.I.R. and elsewhere. After her education in the Elphinstone College and the London School of Economics, she was one of the first Indian women to join the A.I.R. She started as a programme assistant. For some time she was an Assistant Station Director in Bombay. Later she became the Station Director at Shillong, the first Indian woman to hold such a position.

Animal Life Exhibition In City

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A unique exhibition, demonstration animal life in India as represented in arts through all periods of human existence, starting from the pre-historic cave-age down to the modern times, will be opened in the Bombay museum in the second week of November this year.

Export Of Gur Prohibted

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay has, in supersession of the Order of October 17, 1949, issued a similar Order enabling the fixation of prices of crystal sugar throughout the Province. Under the provision of this Order, the dealer cannot sell sugar at a price higher than the controlled rates. He has also to display the prices and issue a cash memo. A clause has now been added to the Order making the dealer responsible for the acts of his employees in contravention of the provisions of this Order.

A similar amendment has also been made in respect of the responsibility of the dealer for the acts of his employees of the Order relating to the sale of batasas.

Another Order prescribes that every person possessing five pounds or more of batasas shall make a declaration to the appropriate authority, every Monday, of the stocks held on the preceding Saturday in the same manner as has been prescribed in respect of sugar. This Order applies to the whole Province

In order to conserve stocks of gur, the Government has issued an order prohibiting the export of gur from this Province, except under a permit granted by the Director of Civil Supplies or any officer authorised by the Provincial Government

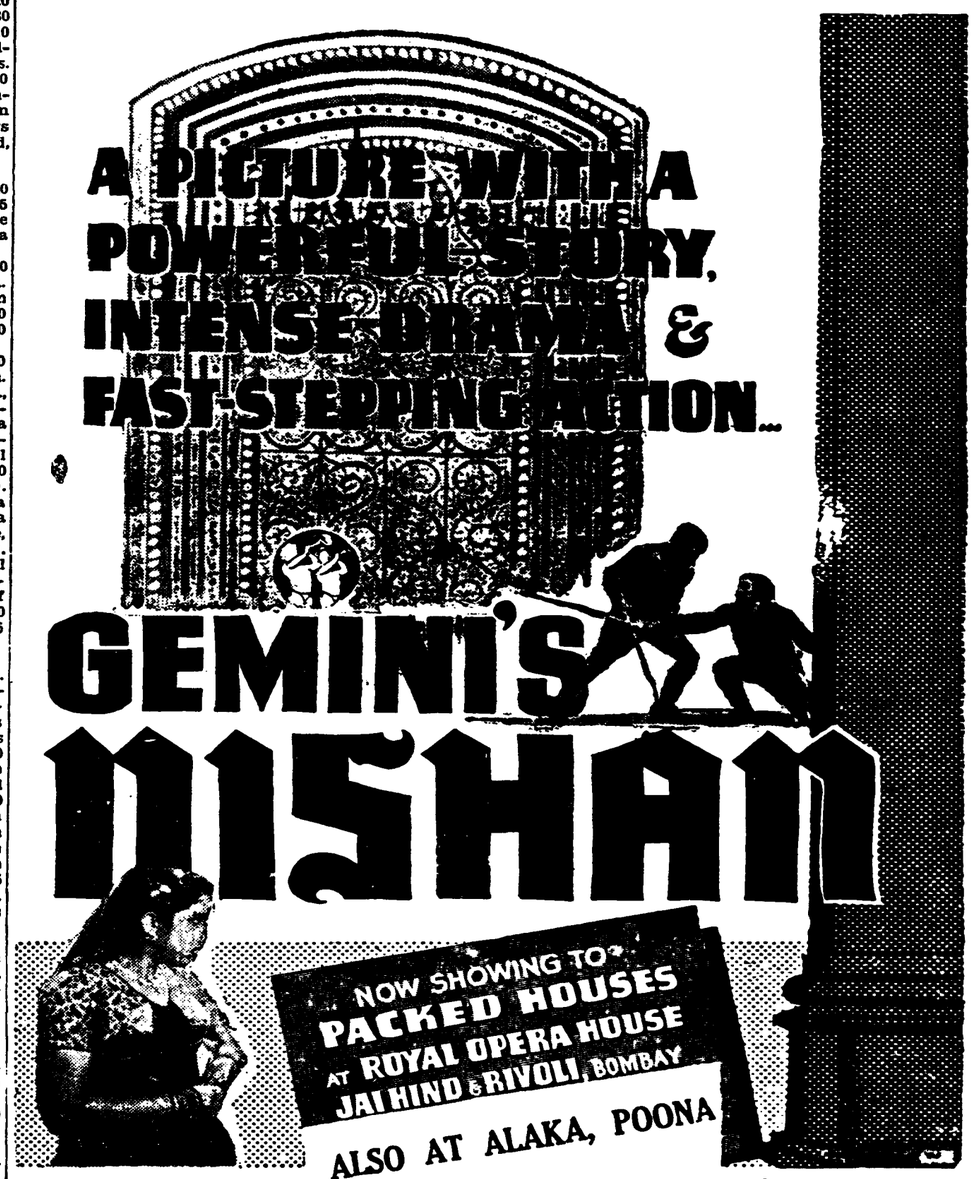
The relevant orders are being published in the Bombay Gazette, Extraordinary, of October 28, 1949.

Prohibition Cases

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Prohibition Department of the Greater Bombay Police picked up 284 cases, arrested 24 persons and seized 117 gallons of illicit liquor, 5.751 gallons of wash, six gallons of spirit and 33 gallons of foreign liquor, during the week ended October 20 last.

FROM THURS. 3rd NOV.
THE LOVEABLE ONE ARRIVES in Variety Pictures Musical
LADLI
SULOCHANA CHATTERJEE, JAIRAJ, DAVID
Randhir, Kuldeep, Ramesh Sinha, Sulochana Jr.
Producer: ASHA BISWAS
Director: J. P. ADVANI
Music: ANIL BISWAS
From THURS. 3rd Nov. at
NEW WEST END
Next Change at BROADWAY
from Sat. 5th at Central Ahmedabad
Ad Booking from Mon. 10 to 12 & 4 to 6
Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30 Sun. Hol. 11-45


A PICTURE WITH A POWERFUL STORY, INTENSE DRAMA & FAST-STEPPING ACTION...
GEMINI'S
NISHAN
NOW SHOWING TO PACKED HOUSES AT ROYAL OPERA HOUSE JAIHIND & RIVOLI, BOMBAY
ALSO AT ALAKA, POONA

FOREIGN FILMS THIS WEEK

Tyrone Power and Don Ameche in "IN OLD CHICAGO."

DRAMATIC SPECTACLE REVIVED AT STRAND

20th Century Fox's spectacular production "In Old Chicago", which had such a success when it was first screen, has been revived at the Strand Cinema.

Lavishly produced, "In Old Chicago" has Tyrone Power playing the male lead, aided by Alice Fay and Don Ameche. But the main attraction of the picture is the wonderfully photographed fire that destroyed the flimsy Chicago of the old days. The fire is supposed to have begun in Mrs O'Leary's barn, and the film depicts the adventures of the O'Leary family.

Tyrone Power has to act a part which is essentially an unsympathetic one but never does he altogether loss his hold on the audience. Don Ameche is suitably restrained as his brother, and it is a pity he had to be killed at the end of the film, when there seemed to be no dramatic reason for it. Alice Brady plays the mother, and she is in character throughout as the indomitable Irishwoman who refuses to be bowed by the blows of circumstance. Brian Donlevy has an important part as the crooked salon keeper who aspires to become mayor, while Andy Devine, Tom Brown and Phyllis Brooks round out the distinguished cast.

Railroad Epic At Regal

CECIL B. DE MILLE'S "Union Pacific" comes to Bombay at the Regal after a lapse of some years. Handsome Joel McCrea and Barbara Stanwyck are starred in this rip-roaring film of life as it is lived on the farthest boundaries of civilisation. The titanic struggles involved in pushing a railroad across trackless prairies, deserts and mountains is portrayed with typical De Mille thoroughness. Struggles against frontier outlaws, bank robbers, and hostile Indians making a last despairing stand against the march of civilisation are highlights of this action-filled film.

The principal characters are Jeff Butler, played by McCrea, a troubleshooter employed by the railroad, and Mollie Monahan daughter of the Union Pacific's first driver. In the romance of the two and in their struggle against man and nature is reflected the feat of building the transcontinental railroad.

'Home Of The Brave' Comes To The New Empire

IT takes a courageous man indeed to bring a controversial theme like racial intolerance to the screen, and Mark Robson deserves praise for having presented this theme in a frank and fearless manner without watering it down.

The story concerns a young Negro, who, brilliant at school and at sports draws himself ever deeper into a shell when he realises that the whites he comes in contract with use colour as a touchstone rather than merit. His already sensitive nature is further galled when he finds that this colour bar persists even in army life. His one real friend is an old schoolmate, who is with him in the same army unit.

The drama begins when the two friends, with three others, volunteer for a specially hazardous mission. In the weird loneliness of the jungle, the young Negro's condition is aggravated and he becomes increasingly suspicious, even of his lifelong friend. When out reconnoitering, his friend gets captured by the Japanese, and his yells of pain when he is tortured drive the boy frantic. He develops a guilt complex and believes himself responsible for his friend's capture, and when the latter finally staggers into camp and dies in his arms, the shock is so great that he collapses and finds he has lost the use of his legs.

Ultimately the Negro, riddled with neuroses winds up in the psychiatric ward of an army hospital under the sympathetic care of an old army doctor.

Desparate ailments call for desperate remedies, and the doctor has to shock the boy out of his shell back to reality by making him re-live all his experiences, however unpleasant they may have been to him.

DIGNIFIED ROLE

In the role of the young Negro, James Edwards gives a very sensitive performance. He brings out all the yearning for companionship which is an integral part of the character he plays, and his clashes, not only with the men about him but even more so with his own nature are finely depicted. He does not create a burlesque negro as is so often the case in Hollywood, but imbues his role with a dignity and sensitiveness which is a prime feature of a race that has been down-trodden for centuries. Lloyd Bridges gives a fine performance as the school friend who tries to assuage the Negro's anguish but to no avail. Douglas Dick, Frank Lovejoy and Steve Brodie do well as the others on the suicide mission, while an intensely penetrating portrayal of the army psychiatrist is given by Jeffy Corey.

This intelligntly produced film is pretty strong meat, but is well worth a visit by those who like a tale well told with no punches pulled.

James Edwards in "Home of the Brave".

JAIPUR, Oct. 27, (PTI): The Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation, Rajasthan Government, have decided to start a refugee home for disabled and unattached men among refugees in Udaipur city on November 1. The home will accommodate about 1000 persons. A similar refugee home for disabled and unattached refugee women will be started in Amber.

INDIAN NEWS REVIEW

The Subsidiary Food Exhibition organised in Bombay, under the leadership of Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, highlights the Indian News Review No 54, scheduled for release this week-end. The subject also underlines the practical advantages of the use of subsidiary foods in overcoming the current shortage of cereals.

Nehru's visit to George Washington Memorial and the placing of wreath on the tomb of the unknown soldier.

The inaugural session of the Orissa Legislative Assembly at Bhuvaneshwar is comprehensively covered. Specimens of the ancient temple architecture of Bhuvaneshwar emphasises the artistic setting for Orissa's new capital.

Lively scenes of the recruitment drive for the Territorial Army and rustic gaiety of the Dewa Mela in the United Provinces add charm and social value to the newsreel.

Highlighting the Indian News Review No. 54 scheduled for release today is an exclusive coverage of Pandit Nehru's tour in the United States screened for the film audiences.

Opening with the impressive guard of honour presented to Pandit Nehru in Washington the scenes includes the colourful reception accorded by President Truman at the Blair House.

Other items of interest are Pandit

"BARKLEYS OF BROADWAY" STAYS ON AT METRO

THE Astaire-Rogers combination proves its popularity with Bombay's cine fans by remaining on at the Metro for another week. The vehicle for their talents in M.G.M.'s light-hearted Technicolour musical "The Barkleys of Broadway."

As in their last film, based on the lives of Vernon and Irene Castle, the dancing stars play husband and wife. The plot of the film is thin, but nobody minds that since the picture body minds that since the picture's main appeal lies in its several dance numbers.

The picture is produced in the typical Metro manner; lavish sets, elaborate dances and all the usual trappings of expensive production result in a gorgeous eye-filing spectacle.

Oscar Levant wisecracks his way through the picture in his own inimitable manner, and when he is not gabbing his way through the footage he displays his versatility on the ivories.

The duets between Astaire and Rogers are pleasing, but the plum of the pudding is the solo number "Shoes with Wings" which gives Astire full scope to display his amazing dancing abilities. If you are in need of light frothy entertainment, the dancing Barkleys will provide it.

Soviet Publications

MOSCOW—The 1940 plan for scientific publications in the Soviet Union includes works on "the crisis of British colonial rule" and "the theory and practice of law in the service of American imperialism", the Soviet News Agency Tass reports. P.T.I.—Reuter.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

CAPITOL:
"ON AN ISLAND WITH YOU" starring Esther Williams, Peter Lawford, Jimmy Durante.

NEW EMPIRE:
"HOME OF THE BRAVE" starring James Edward, Frank Lovejoy.

REGAL:
"UNION PACIFIC" starring Barbara Stanwyck, Joel McCrea, Akim Tamiroff, Robert Preston, Lynne Overman, Brian Donlevy.
Sunday, Morning at 10: "PERILS OF PAULINE" starring Betty Hutton, John Lund.

METRO:
"THE BARKLEYS OF BROADWAY" starring Fred Astaire, Ginger Rogers, Oscar Levant.

STRAND:
"IN OLD CHICAGO" starring Tyrone Power, Alice Faye.

AURORA:
"THE MAN FROM COLORADO" starring Glenn Ford, William Holden.

PROTECTION TO SUGAR INDUSTRY

Tariff Board To Report To Government

KANPUR, Oct. 27 (PTI): Mr G. L. Mehta, President of the Indian Tariff Board will visit Kanpur this week, it is learnt, in connection with the Tariff Board inquiry on the continuance of protection to the sugar industry

This inquiry is being made in accordance with the direction of the Government of India to report on the conditions on which protection should be granted to the sugar industry after the end of March 1950, in case it is deemed necessary and on other ancillary matters regarding labour conditions, State assistance and fixation and control of prices of sugar cane.

Mr. G. L. Mehta will meet the representatives of the sugar industry and and officials of U.P. Government during his stay at Kanpur.

'FAIR PRICE' TO CANE GROWER

Only Way To Achieve Maximum Production

CALCUTTA, Oct 26 (PTI): The Indian Sugar Mills Association, in a press communique expressed its concern at the high prices of 'gur' and "khandsari" sugar It said that 'gur' and "khandsari" sugar were now selling at about Rs. 45 and Rs. 80 per maund respectively as against Rs. 18 and Rs. 24.

The Association pointed out that the reasonable price level for the sugar could be maintained by achieving the production target of 1,200,000 tons a year.

It is said that it could be done only if the cane grower was paid "a fair price" as compared with his return from 'gur' manufacture.

Land For Refugees: Rajasthan Measure

JAIPUR, Oct. 27. (PTI): The Rajasthan Government have promulgated an ordinance providing for the speedy acquisition of land for the resettlement of refugees in the Union.

The Ordinance authorises the Government to serve a notice of acquisition on the occupier of a building or a part of a building and take possession of the premises.

150 PERSONS DECLARED SURPLUS STOCKS

BOMBAY, Thursday

It is learnt that so far 150 persons have declared their stocks of sugar which are in excess of one maund. The total quantity declared is said to be very negligible.

TWO KILLED IN BUS ACCIDENT

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Two persons were knocked down by a B.E.S.T. bus near the Dhun Mill junction, Delisle Road yesterday.

It is stated that one Dattaram and his friend Atmaram Ragho were walking along Delisle Road when a BEST Bus B.M.X. 3099 coming from the opposite direction dashed into the pedestrians.

Dattaram died on the spot, while Atmaram Ragho was removed to the K.E.M. Hospital where he succumbed to his injuries a few hours later.

DESTITUTE COMMITS SUICIDE

Rukshabai Isaaf, a 55-year old inmate of the Dhunbai Jehangir Home for Destitutes at Haines Road, committed suicide yesterday by hanging herself from a mango tree in the compound of the Home.

The reason for the suicide is not known. The dead body was discovered nearly an hour after she had taken the fatal step.

T. B. Sanitorium For Gandhinagar

JAIPUR, Oct. 27, (PTI): A sanitorium providing 50 beds for T.B. patients is to be opened shortly at Gandhinagar in Jaipur. The Rajasthan Government have set apart an initial non-recurring grant of Rs. 30,000 and a recurring grant of Rs. 50,000 a year for the purpose.

Sind Journalists' Strong Protest To Government

KARACHI, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter):—An emergency meeting of the Executive Council of the Sind Union of Journalists considered at length latest position in the "Sind Observer" strike and the delay in the proceedings of the Conciliation Board to find an amicable settlement between the "Suj" and "Sind Observer" management.

The meeting called upon the Sind Government to withdraw the ban imposed on the daily "Ghazi" and Sindhi language paper of Hyderabad (Sind), "in the interest of the freedom of the press".

The Council also viewed with "grave concern" the use of the Public Safety Ordinance for the gagging of the press." It stressed that it was "reprehensible" that the newspapers should be banned outright without giving them an opportunity to defend themselves and clarify their position in a court of law".

Dispossessing Tenant—A Penal Offence

JAIPUR, Oct. 27, (PTI): The Rajasthan Government have issued an amendment to the Rajasthan Protection of Tenants Ordinance, 1949, whereby a land holder when he enters upon the holding of a tenant with a view to dispossessing him of the holding will be construed as having done so to intimidate or annoy a tenant under the Indian Penal Code.

COMMUNIST DETENUS RIOT IN TRIVANDRUM

Many Injured In Clash With Police

TRIVANDRUM, October 27 (P.T.I.): Thirteen members of a police force, twelve Jail staff including the Superintendent and 25 Communist prisoners were injured in a series of violent incidents in Trivandrum Central Prison yesterday.

It was stated that the prisoners, who were armed with bricks removed from the pavement, long iron pieces and other make-shift weapons pulled from the Jail roof demonstrated inside the jail yesterday to observe what was called the Vayalar Martyrs' Week to commemorate the Communist uprising in Vayalar in Shertalai Taluk some four years ago.

Ten policemen and three warders have been admitted to the General Hospital, while the injured prisoners are being treated in the prison itself.

ONE DEAD

One convict undergoing treatment for anemia has died of shock, according to an official statement.

The official statement also reports that "similar attempts at violent disturbances" were made yesterday by Communist workers in Allepey but police intervention brought the situation under control.

"CONCERTED MOVE"

A press note issued by the Government of the United States of Travancore and Cochin stated that extensive preparations had been made by Communists in the State to stage the "Valayar martyrs week" from October 23 to 30 and according to a secret circular issued by the Communists October 26 was to be observed as "Repression Day" by staging strikes and taking out processions.

In furtherance of this, the press note said, Communist prisoners in the Trivandrum Central Prison were indulging "in violent acts of indiscipline, delivering highly objectionable speeches and raising revolutionary slogans". They were also exhorting other prisoners to make a concerted move against the Jail authorities. Owing to the vigilance of the authorities however, the situation was under control till Tuesday evening".

Profiteer Sentenced

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Nemichand Kirodkar Gupta, the proprietor of a city sweetmeat shop, and his servant Gopal Gupta were convicted and sentenced by Mr J M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Magagaon Police Court, on a charge of selling 'batasa' at more than the controlled price.

The owner was awarded one day's S.I and fine of Rs. 200 or one month's S.I., while the servant was sentenced to four months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default to undergo one month's S.I.

DISSOLVE E. PUNJAB ASSEMBLY

Congressmen's Demand

JULLUNDUR, Oct. 27 (PTI): a resolution demanding from the Governir-General dissolution of the East Punjab Assembly and immediate holding of new elections was passed at a meeting of about 35 Congressmen here last night.

The resolution also demanded that a judicial enquiry be held into the allegations made by some members of the Assembly against the Ministers' Parliamentary Secretaries and other members. During the interim period, the resolution said, the administration of the province should be taken over by the Central Government.

Another resolution suggested that the question of permitting members of the R.S.S. to join the Congress should be re-examined at a special meeting of the A.I.C.C

LICENSING OF WARE-HOUSES

Mysore Assembly Passes Bill

MYSORE, Oct. 27, (P.T.I.): The Mysore representative Assembly yesterday adopted the Mysore Ware-Houses Bill. This legislation is based on the lines recommended by the Reserve Bank of India and is similar to measures adopted in Bombay and Travancore.

It provides for licensing of warehouses for storage of goods, defines the duties of ware-housemen and also makes provision for their proper supervision and control. This legislation is intended to encourage the agriculturist to store his produce in the warehouses, the receipt from the warehousemen serving as security for raising loans. It is anticipated there would be considerable increase in the volume of finance available for agriculturists as a direct result of this measure.

The Assembly also passed the Restriction of Habitual Offenders Bill which repeals the Criminal Tribes Act and introduces a new law to check habitual offenders.

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VISITORS WIN ALL MATCHES

Exhibition T. T. Matches At Madras

MADRAS, Oct. 27 (PTI)—Barna and Bergmann, well-known table tennis stars beat Madras Province by five matches to nil in a team contest which was the main attraction of tonight's programme of exhibition table tennis being played here now.

P. K. Parthasarathy and J. V. S. Rao, Provincial players, as also Harihara Sastri and Thiruvengadam represented Madras in singles while Arjun and Krishnamurti formed the doubles combination for Madras.

Except Parthasarathy none of the provincial representatives offered any serious resistance to the visitors. Parthasarathy not only fully extended Barna but even took one game from him in a three—game encounter

Some exhibition games also were played between Bergmann and Chandarana, vittal and Chandarana and a mixed doubles between Mrs. Barna who beat Mrs. C.H.K. Pillai and Bergmann in straight sets.

The last match of the night was between Barna and Bergmann which the latter won by two games to nil

Following are the results of the team contest:—

Barna beat P. K. Parthasarathy (Madras) 19-21; 21-16, 21-12.

Bergmann beat J.V.S. Rao (Madras) 21-17, 21-14.

Bergmann beat Harihara Sastri (Madras) 21-4; 21-11.

Barna beat Thiruvenkadam (Madras) 21-16, 21-11.

Barna and Bergmann beat Arjun and Krishnamurti (Madras) 21-16 21-1.

OTHER RESULTS:—
Bergmann beat Chandarana 21-7. 21-6.
Mrs. Barna and Barna beat Mrs. C. K. K Pillai and Bergmann 21-11, 21-12.
Chandarana versus Vital 21-8, 18-21.
Bergmann beat Barna 21-17, 21-16.

ENGINEERING COLLEGE HELD TO A DRAW

Prassanna Kumar Memorial Hockey Tournament Final

BANGALORE, Oct. 27 (PTI)—The match between St. Josephs Indian High School, Bangalore and the Government Engineering College, Bangalore, in the Finals of the Prassanna Kumar Memorial Hockey Tournament ended in a goal-less draw this evening at the Central College Grounds.

The match fas well contested and exciting throughout. St. Josephs who had the better of the exchanges failed to score a number of easy chances because of poor finish. Right-in-Joseph and left-in Benedicted Menzis were prominent in the forward lines while deep defenders Royappa Reddy and Chandrasekhar played a good game.

Extra time of ten minutes each way was played but that too failed to decide the issue. A few minutes before the close of play Noronha, centre half the Engineers, pulled his muscle while trying to clear a ball from the goal area and he had to be removed from the field.

The following were the teams:—

ST. JOSEPHS INDIAN HIGH SCHOOL—Pushparaj; Chandrasekhar and Royappa Reddy; Sreenivasalu, Chowry and Megaraj; Sundaram, Benedict Menzis, Bakthavastalo, Joseph and Anthonk Doss.

ENGINEERING COLLEGE—Sreenivasaluv, D. Souza and Dominic; Benna, Noronha and Gerald; Fertado, Arul, Neelkantan, N.M.K. Narayan and Chayamurthy.

FOOTBALL AT LUCKNOW

LUCKNOW, Oct. 27 (PTI)—The match between D.S.A. Dehra Dun and Salkia Friends, Calcutta in the I.F.C. Shield this evening ended in a goaliless draw

In the Day's Sport

SWIMMING
P.M. Hindu Baths, Chowpatty
4 p.m. 'Varsity Aquatic Championships.

WRESTLING
Azad Maidan.
8-30 p.m. Akil Bharatiya Vikas Sangh exhibition wrestling.

TABLE TENNIS
Times of India Sports Club, Hornby Road.
5-30 p.m. Junior Singles semi-finals.
6-00 p.m. Mixed Doubles second and third rounds followed by first round of Men's Doubles.

FOOTBALL
Brabourne Stadium
4 p.m. St. Josephs (Arpora) vs. Young Aryans.
5 p.m. Burmah Shell vs. Dwas Assn. United (Goan Football).
St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.
4-00 p.m. Khatau S.C. vs. General Motors (Das Cup).
5-00 p.m. Rainbow S.C. 'A' vs. Indian Gymkhana (Junior Rovers).

"Times Of India" Shield Cricket

NINETEEN TEAMS ENTER IN SENIOR DIVISION

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The 'Times of India" Shield Cricket Tournament commences on November 5 and the usual number of teams as last year have entered. A total of 72 in number which includes 19 teams in the senior division and the remainder in the junior division. These matches will be played over the week-ends and the tournament is expected to be completed by February.

At the annual general meeting the following were appointed to constitute the new managing committee by unanimous vote:—Mr. G. R. B. Hall (Chairman); Mr. K. J. Machliwalla (Hon. Secretary and Treasurer). Mr. B. P. Kadam of Bombay City Police Sports Club, Mr M. S. Naik of Trade Marks, Mr. S. V. Rajadhyaksha of B. B. and C. I. Railway, Mr P V. Gupte of Kohinoor Mills and Mr. P S. Pagdiwalla of Greaves Cotton Sports Club as Committee members.

Tata Sports Club are the holders of the Senior Division Championship while Jupiter General Insurance Sports Club were the runners-up. In the junior division Khatau Sports were the champions while Central Rationing were runners up. These two teams have now been promoted to the senior division.

Once again Tata Sports Club with their formidable team which consists of M. K. Mantri, D. G. Phadkar India's fast pace bowler and N. H Colah will prove to be difficult to beat, but Jupiter, Trade Marks, Bombay Port Trust and Times of India possess strong teams who will give a good fight.

A panel of umpires selected by the Tournament Committee will supervise all games which has so far in past years proved to be most successful.

In the junior division Kohinoor Mills, Post Office Recreation Club and Chartered Bank seem to be worth while watching as the tournament progresses.

The following is the draw for each division:—

SENIOR DIVISION

First Quarter

The "Times of India" Sports Club—bye

Central Rationing Sports Club—bye
B. B. & C. I. Railway Cricket Club—bye.

Jupiter General Insurance Sports Club—bye.

Second Quarter

City Police Sports Club—bye.
Tata Sports Club—bye.
Secretariat Sports Club—bye.
The Bank of India Sports Club vs B. E. S. T. Sports Club.

Third Quarter

Khatau Sports Club "A" vs Bombay Municipal Sports Club.
Bombay Port Trust Sports Club vs Trade Marks Sports Club.
Customs Athletic Club—bye.
Bombay Mutual Sports Club—bye.

Fourth Quarter

Burmah-Shell Sports Club—bye.
Oriental Life Office Sports Club—bye.
Hardcastle & Waud Sports Club—bye
Associated Cement Co.'s Ltd., Sports Club—bye.

JUNIOR DIVISION

First Quarter

May & Baker Recreation Club—bye
Scindia Sports Club—bye.
G.E.C. (Bombay) Sports Club—bye
Imperial Chemical Industries Sports Club—bye.
Metal Box Sports Club—bye.
India United Nos. 2 and 3 Mills Sports Club—bye.
Sandoz Sports Club vs. New India Assurance Sports Club.
Chartered Bank Athletic Club vs. Bombay High Court Sports Club.

Second Quarter

Civil Aviation Cricket Club vs Jayabharat Insurance Sports Club.
Greaves Cotton Sports Clubs vs. City Police Sports Club.
Bombay Port Trust Sports Clubs vs. Lloyds Bank Sports Club.
Cook's Sports Club vs. Stores Sports Club (G.I.P. Railway).
Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., Ltd., Cricket Club vs. "The Times of India" Sports Club.
Heatly & Gresham, Ltd., Sports Club vs. Forbes Forbes Campbell & Co., Ltd., Cricket Club.
Cox & King's Cricket Club vs. Kohinor Mills Sports Club "B"
Kamala Mills Cricket Club vs. Reserve Bank of India Sports Club.

Third Quarter

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Cricket Clubs vs. Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd Sports Club.
Lever Sports Club vs. Income-Tax Sports Club.
Old Custom House Sports Club vs Dhanraj Mills Sports Club.
Telephone Club vs. Post Office Recreation Club.
Accountant General's Office Recreation Club vs. A. F. Fergusson & Co.'s Cricket Club.
City Bank Cricket Club vs. Indian Globe Sports Club.
Construction Employees Recreation Club vs. Godrej Staff Club.
Bombay Company, Ltd., Sports Club vs. Standard Vacuum Sports Club.

Fourth Quarter

Hind Cycle Sports Club vs. Khatau Sports Club "B".
Newcord Sports Club vs. Imperial Bank of India Sports Club.
Mint Sports Club vs. B. I. G. Insurance Co.'s Sports Club.
N. E. I. Sports Club —bye.
Bank of Baroda Sports Club—bye.
Kohinoor Mills Sports Club "A"—bye.
Victoria G. I. P. Railway Sports Club—bye.
"Indian Trade" Sports Club bye.

WRESTLING IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Baijnath Bhiva and Baliram Wamanganu were concerned in the fight which nearly went over the full distance in the exhibition wrestling arranged by the Akhil Bharatia Vikas Sangh at the Azad Maidan this evening. The fight lasted for nine minutes and it seemed that a draw would be the result as only a minute was left for the end of the fight but the former secured the verdict.

The following were the results:—

Sakharam Yenpeker beat Manko Pahelwan in four minutes in a ten minute contest.

Ganpat Sravan beat Shyamrao Sakharam in four minutes in a ten minute contest.

Vithoba beat Shanker in one minute in a ten minute contest.

Sitaram Kalekar beat Maqbool Hussain in two minutes in a ten minute contest.

Baijnath Bhiva beat Baliram Wamanganu in nine minutes in a ten minute contest.

Bajrang Waman beat Anna Dadoo in two minutes in a ten minute contest.

Dhakla Pahelwan beat Sadoo Parpudi in five minutes in a ten minute contest.

Baloo Kumbhar beat Krishna Pahelwan in three minutes in a ten minute contest.

Yeshu Sirisekar beat Gangaram in two minutes in a ten minute contest.

New World Solo Motor Cycling Record

PARIS, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter): Archie Bell, of Britain, riding a 350 c.c. Norton machine, today established a new world solo motor cycling record for two hours at an average speed of 162.6 kilometres per hour (about 101 miles per hour) on the Montlhery Track near here.

The previous world record for two hours was set up in 1930 by Baker and Denly (A.J.S.) with an average speed of 161 kilometres per hour (100 miles per hour).

ANOTHER DRAWN MATCH

East Bengal Cricket Team At Madras

MADRAS, Oct. 27 (PTI)—The East Bengal Cricket touring team drew their second fixture also against the Egmore Recreation Club in a one-day match here yesterday.

East Bengal 113 (Anil Das Sarkar 34, J. Das Gupta 29, C.S. Narasimha 4 for 14).

Egmore Recreation Club 61 for 4 (Alagana 33, J.C. Paul 3 for 30.)

A DAY FULL OF RECORDS

'Varsity Swimming Championships

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Inter University Aquatic Championships have lost much of their keen competitive calibre due to many of the Universities failing to participate especially Bengal, Nagpur, Mysore and Osmania. Nevertheless, Ceylon have justly proved serious rivals to Bombay and two of this afternoon's records were claimed by them.

Of the four events run off today at the P. M. Hindu Baths officials had their hands full with new records being created in all the items held and credit goes to Ceylon's swimmer, D. V Arudt who created new records for the meet in the 1500 metres free style bettering the previous record by nearly 47 seconds. His timing being 23 minutes and 0.1 second. The other event in which he held sway was the 200 metres back stroke in which he created another record by clocking 2 minutes 58.5 seconds whilst the previous record stood at 3 minutes 6 seconds. A truly admirable performance.

Bombay University claimed an equal share in the records when two such records were registered in their favour. J. J. Naigaumwalla claimed the 100 metres breast stroke in the record time of 1 minute and 24 seconds,—2.2 second better than the previous record.

Bombay won first place in the Free Style relay beating the only other competing University, Ceylon in the record time of 4 minutes and 43.5 seconds. The previous time was 4 minutes 58.3 seconds.

Bombay University are now in the lead having scored 25 points while Ceylon have gained 16 points Poona has got 1 point while Utkal failed to collect a single point.

The following were the results:

100 METRES BREAST STROKE: J. J. Naigaumwalla (Bombay) 1; A. S. Bharucha (Bombay) 2; Harianayagaum (Ceylon) 3; Time: 1 minute 24 secs. A new record.

200 METRES BACK STROKE: D V. Arudt (Ceylon) 1; A. S. Bharucha (Bombay) 2; S. C. Mitha (Bombay) 3; Time: 2'—58.5 secs. A new record.

1500 METRES FREE STYLE: D. V Arudt (Ceylon) 1; K. P. Thakkar (Bombay) 2; S. C. Mehta (Bombay) 3; Time: 23 min. 0.1 sec. A new record.

400 METRES FREE STYLE RELAY: Bombay 1, Ceylon 2. Time 4 min. 43.5 secs. A new record.

RAILWAY HELD TO A DRAW

Exhibition Hockey At Delhi

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (PTI)—The exhibition match between a selected All Railways Eleven and a Delhi Hockey Association Eleven ended in a draw here this evening each side scoring twice.

The Railway Eleven captained by Kishen Lal, India's Olympic captain, consisted of players who are participating in the Inter-Railway Hockey Tournament now being played here.

The Railway Eleven scored the first goal through outside right, Johns, off a pass from Kishen Lal inside right, just before the interval (1-0).

They increased the leal in the fifth minute after resumption. Pillay, Railway's centre forward, tested Delhi's goalkeeper, Sondhi, and off the rebound he flicked the ball back to inside right, Kishen Lal, who made no mistake (2-0).

The home team then went all out to wipe out the arears. Their efforts were rewarded for they scored two goals. The first one was in the seventeenth minute when Delhi converted a short corner, Suraj, left back driving in (1-2). They kept up the pressure and Gurbachand Singh, inside left and a former I.H.F. selected player, was fouled by Whaidullah, Railway's left back. Off the resultant bully, Gurbachan Singh scored (2-2).

ARYAN'S PROTEST UPHELD BY B.G.A.A.

A Replay Ordered Against St. Joseph's Of Goa

BOMBAY, Thursday.

It will be recalled that Young Aryans lodged a protest with the W.I.F.A. yesterday against the Bombay Goan Athletic Association awarding a win to St. Joseph's of Arpora, Goa when the match was actually drawn, both sides having shared four goals. The B.G.A.A. decided on a rule of the Ave Maria Cup that the team scoring the first goal in a drawn game shall be declared winners and did so. But as some doubt arose as to whether the rule was laid before the Ave Maria Tournament started the protesting club was given the benefit of doubt and a replay has been ordered.

The Western India Football Association whom the Young Aryans had approached with a protest after their match against St. Joseph's High School of Arpora for deciding the match on the first goal, referred the protest back to the Committee of the Bombay Goan Athletic Association for their consideration of the issue involved, viz., whether the teams were informed before they took the field that if the match was undecided, the committee would apply the rule.

The original rule which the Bombay Goan Athletic Association passed and circularised to the clubs read as under:

"In the event of a draw between two teams where goals have been registered, the team scoring the first goal shall be declared the winners. In the event of there being no score at all, the game shall be decided by the Referee on the toss of the coin, the correct calling team represented by its captain being declared the winners."

Subsequent to the above ruling, the B.G.A.A. Committee passed another rule which stated that the rule mentioned above would have no application to the Ave Maria Cup Tournament, except in cases where the Committee was satisfied that its application was essential.

The Aryans based their protest an the interpretation of the latter rule.

The Committee of the B.G.A.A. felt that as the protesting club entertained a doubt on the issue, the rule should in all future cases be imposed in advance of the game and not after the game an dgiving the benefit of doubt to the protesting club have ordered a replay of the match between the Aryans and St. Joseph's High School Arpora on Friday at 4 p.m.

Two junior semi-finals were played at the Brabourne Stadium on Thursday evening. The C.C.I Boys won the first semi-final by a solitary goal beating Siolim XI, while in the second semi-final Parra Y. Boys beat Diogo's XI by 2 goals to one.

MUKUL DESAI IMPRESSES

"Times Of India" Table Tennis Tourney

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The fourth round of the Men's Singles found three of the seeded players knocked out of the tournament at the hands of their lesser known opponents. P. Abraham accounted while D. M. Kamath beat V. V. Prabhu and young Mukul Desai surprised left hander S. N. Gandhi. With all the seeded players making their appearance this evening interesting games were witnessed in the Times of India Open Table Tennis Championship.

Jal Godrej, the Indian International making his first appearance in Bombay this season and also taking part in his first competition of the year in Bombay had to struggle hard to get the better of Soli Shroff Possessing a fine defence and playing his usual half-volley game Godrej was unable to take any liberties and he was forced to bring off his best to survive. Soli Shroff played as well as he could and though he lost he had the satisfaction of having fully extended his more renowned rival. The scores were 19-21 21-12 21-16 17-21 21-16 in favour of Godrej.

Basha Laljee another seeded player was made to fight hard for his victory by C. G. Velkar. Basha started in his usual brilliant hitting mood and Velkar found it extremely difficult to face the onslaught of the former's savage attack. Forcing the game with his devasting forehand Basha attacked Velkar's weak backhand and scored numerous points and won the first game at 21-18. In the second game Basha made the fatal mistake of using his backhand and Velkar taking advantage of this made the best possible use of it and won the game despite the best efforts of his opponent to save the game who managed to draw level at 20 all but over the extra points Basha played badly and Velkar claimed this game. Continuing his good work Velkar won the next game also. But in the fourth game Basha resorting to his all out offensive game and discarding his backhand only when he losing made an all out attack to save the game he drew level at 18 and from then onwards Basha striking his true form left his opponent far behind losing only another point before winning the game at 21-14. In the fifth and deciding game Basha continued in the same manner and Velkar was unable to counter his attack and claimed the match at 21-14.

Mukul Desai surprised the hard hitting lefthander S. N. Gandhi in three staight games In his previous tournament the student Y.M.C.A. Young Mukul had accounted for Sam Motivala.

The following were the results:

MIXED DOUBLES

FIRST ROUND: B. Surendra and Betty D'Mello beat I. A. Laljee and Kusum Lotwalla, 21-13, 21-16; R. N. Muthuswamy and Freny Starwalla beat B. Aaren and Indu Rege, 21-15, 19-21, 21-11; S. N. Gandhi and Sherse Cooper w.o. V. V. Prabhu and partner; D. Somaya and Khorshed Mistry w.o. A. V. Remidious and patrner; N. B Mistry and Firoj Tipais beat B. P. Baliga and Godafried Tarapore, 21-17, 21-9; Soli Shroff and Gool Naikwalla beat Sam Motiwalla and Silloo Motiwalla 21-19, 21-16; J. S. Patkar and Mani Bharucha w.o. N. Radhakrishna and Sudha Shete.

MEN'S SINGLES

FOURTH ROUND: Y. S. Vyas beat P. Sandhawalia 21-15 21-9 21-14; Kumar Ghosh beat R. A. Seth 21-13 21-12 21-17 H. M. Khanchand beat R. N. Muthuswamy 21-15 21-15 11-21 21-19; P. Abraham beat V. M. Nadkarni 14-21 21-18 21-17 5-21 21-16; D. M. Kamath beat V. V. Prabhu 21-25 17-21 21-16 21-18; D. Somya beat V. M. Choksey 21-12 21-8 21-12; B. A. Laljee beat C. G. Velkar 21-18 23-25 19-21 21-14 21-14; Ossie Dyer beat U.S. Kumar beat S. V. Goekar 20-22 21-13 13-21 21-14 22-20; K. N. S. Narayanan beat S. B. Jog 19-21 18-21 21-11 21-8 21-15; D. P. Sampat beat B. Abraham 13-21 21-15 21-17 21-17; N. B. Mistry beat F. T. Gorimar 21-10 21-12 21-19; M. M. Desai beat S. N. Gandhi 21-18 21-18 21-10; Jall Godrej beat S. L. Shroff 19-21 21-12 21-16 17-21 21-16; S. N. Motiwala beat S. J. Bulsara 21-7 21-15 21-15; V. B. Shanbag beat Y. M. Mahajan 21-18 21-13 21-12.

WALLS CHALLENGES BRUCE WOODCOCK

He Knocks Out Schiegl Of Austria In First Round

LONDON, Oct. 25, (PTI-Reuter). Two Canadian heavyweights, Verne Escoe and Earl Walls, beat European opponents at Earls Court here tonight.

Escoe the Canadian champion outpointed Georges Rogiers of Belgium over ten rounds, and Walls knocked out Kurt Schiegl of Austria in first round.

Escoe deserved his victory over Rogiers, whom he punished for round after round without being able to find a punch to put him down.

The Belgian gave a courageous display against a fast and clever opponent and at times got home with good short left hooks, but Escoe punched hard to the end to take the verdict.

Walls knocked Schiegl out in two minutes seven seconds. With his first punch, a right swing, he opened a cut over the Australian's left eye-Schiegl, using his weight advantage of over a stone, shook Walls with a left hook, but the Canadian stunned him with a right to the side of the head and finished it with a right hook to the jaw. Walls, who has Cherokee Indian blood in his veins, wears a towel draped over his head to hide his face during the preliminaries—a ritual of the Cherokees. After the fight he offered a challenge to Bruce Woodcock, the British champion.

ORTIZ OUTPOINTS PATERSON

Ten Round Bout Fought In Bitter Cold

GLASGOW, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter).—Manuel Ortiz, world bantamweight champion, outpointed Jackie Paterson, former world flyweight champion, in a 10-round open air fight at Hampden Park tonight.

Both weighed inside the stipulated 8-12 limit for the fight which had been postponed from last Wednesday.

Between twelve and fifteen thousand people braved bitterly cold weather and frost to watch the fight but heavy rain which had fallen for several days fortunately held off.

Both men were well protected by dressing gowns and blankets on their way to the ring and during the intervals and the gloves had been put on in the dressing room to avoid waste of time. Rarely have the preliminaries been rushed through so speedily for a fight and after Oritz had knelt and crossed himself the two were fighting.

Paterson early attempted to land with swings but did not connect apart from one blow to the champion's head. Ortiz was taking a long time to warm up but he won an exchange of punches in the third round and in the next was obviously measuring up for a knock-out.

Paterson could not keep him away although he landed some good punches. Paterson was in trouble in the sixth round and looked very worried when the bell gave him a breather.

In the seventh Paterson after taking several blows to the body was down for nine with a solar plexus punch. His eye had attention in the interval and three times he took counts of nine in the eighth round.

He came up for the ninth full of fight and turned the tables with a right swing which sent Ortiz down for a second but Ortiz was right on top now and Paterson was in difficulties throughout the 10th and was very tired when the bout ended in a convincing victory for the Mexican who admitted he had not liked fighting in the cold.

ENGLAND'S SOCCER ATTACK WEAKENED

Difficulty Experienced In Finding A Substitute

LONDON, Oct. 27, (PTI-Reuter): In no season since the war has there been so much controversy over England's soccer attack than now, following the mixed fortunes of the side against Eire and Wales.

It is therefore particularly unfortunate for the side's chances that the one man who seemed to have made his place certain, Jack Milburn the New Castle United, centre forward, should have broken a wrist and will not be available for the next international against Ireland on November 16.

It is also doubtful whether Milburn will be fit enough for the game against Italy later in the month.

The selectors are not likey to look beyond the four men already "capped" for the one to take his place.

Jesse Pye of Wolverhampton Wanderers, who led the line against Eire, may receive a further chance to show his true ability, but he has strong competition.

Another possibility is Tommy Lawton, who seems to have recaptured his old form and is the man behind Notts county's spirited bid for promotion from the Third Division Southern.

TOURISTS ARRIVE AT PATIALA

AMBALA, Oct. 26, (PTI): The Commonwealth Cricket team arrived here this evening from Delhi in a special plane sent by the Maharaja of Patiala to fetch them.

The cricketers were welcomed at the airport by Southern Punjab cricket officials.

The visitors looked happy and cheerful. They are scheduled to play against the North Zone at Patiala from October 29, to November 1.

U. S. WOMAN ATHLETE TAKES TO GOLF

CHICAGO, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter).

Mildred "Babe" Drickson Zaharias, generally regarded as the number one woman athlete of the United States has been engaged as full-time golf professional to the Sky Crest Country Club.

Mrs. Zaharias is the first woman to hold such a post in the United States.

Mr. Gene Dyer, President of Sky Crest, a select suburban club north west of Chicago, said she would have full charge of all professional duties including the running of the professional shop, and giving lessons.

To aid her in reaching tournaments and still give her maximum of time to her duties the club is to purchase a plane to facilitate her travels. And they are going to teach me to fly it, too", Mrs. Zaharias said.

Mrs. Zaharias's outstanding golfing record, as well as a sporting career which includes record performances in running, swimming, throwing the javelin, diving, high jumping, hurdling, baseball, boxing, rifle shooting, horseback riding, skiing and billiards, is one of the most outstanding in the game.

GOAN SPORTS TRIUMPH

Satiranjan Shield Football

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Tata Sports Club 'A' playing with only four of their regular players succumbed to Goan Sports 'A' by two goals to one in the Satiranjan Shield Tournament at the St. Xavier's Ground, Parel, this evening.

The match was evenly contested and the Goans deserved their success for they made full use of all the chances that came their way although they lost a penalty. The Goans held the whiphand in the first period and Michael Fernandes scored their first goal. Thereafter although the Goans were on the offensive they were unable to do any further damage.

After the break Tata's took over the attack from their opponents and piled on pressure for the first ten minutes but the Goan defence held their foot intact. Then against the run of play the Goans consolidated their position when Michael Fernandes scored again. After this the exchanges ruled even with each goal being visited in turn. Ten minutes before the end Michael Fernandes wasted a penalty and a minute before the final whistle Balan reduced the margin of defeat for Tatas.

JUNIOR ROVERS CUP

Earlier in the evening B.E.S.T. Sports Club the Harwood League Second Division Champions entered the final of the Junior Rovers Cup by scoring an easy victory over H. M. I. Dockyard 'A' by three goals to nil. L. A. Sawant, Shivram, and Pimpalgaoker were the scorers in the same order for the B.E.S.T.

BARNES HAS THREE OFFERS

To Play In Lancashire Cricket League

SYDNEY, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter).—Sidney Barnes, the Australian Test cricketer, says he has received three offers from Lancashire League clubs for sums of more than £1,000 for a season of 20 weeks.

He leaves for London next February and will consider the offers on his arrival.

APPA RAO OF MADRAS BEST BOXER

Inter-Command Trophy Won By Bombay Area

POONA, Oct. 27, (PTI): Bombay Area annexed the Inter-Command Boxing Trophy defeating Madras by thirteen points to ten on the Southern Command Sports Grounds this evening.

With two walk-overs in the feather weight and the heavy-weight divisions today's programme was cut short to only six fights in different divisions. The best fight of the evening was provided in the welter weight division where Lance Naik Appa Rao representing Madras got the better of Gumail Singh of Bombay.

Brigadier Kochhar of the Officers Training School, who acted as the chief referee said after the conclusion of the tournament that in his opinion Appa Rao was undoubtedly the best boxer in the tournament who gave a scientific and clean exhibition of the fistic art.

A team from amongst these boxers will be selected to represent the Southern Command at the All-India Inter Command Boxing Competition to be held in Delhi next month.

Maharaj Shree Rajendrasinhji, G.O.C.-in-Chief, Southern Command presented the cup to the Bombay team.

The following were the results:

FLY WEIGHT: Capt. D. Abraham (Bombay) beat Sapper Chinnaswamy (Madras) on points.

BANTAM WEIGHT: Sapper George (Madras) beat Sepoy George (Bombay) on points.

FEATHER WEIGHT: Sapper Anthony (Madras) walk over Capt D. Abraham (Bombay).

LIGHT WEIGHT: Havaldar Amarjang Gurang (Bombay) beat Kuppuswamy (Madras) on points.

WELTER WEIGHT: Lance/Naik Appa Rao (Madras) beat Hav/Major Gurmail Singh (Bombay) on points.

MIDDLE WEIGHT: Hav. Mewa Singh (Bombay) beat Naik Kali Babu (Madras) on points.

LIGHT-HEAVY: Havaldar Gurnam Singh (Bombay) knocked out Lieutenant J P Allev (Madras) in the first round.

HEAVY WEIGHT: Havaldar Gurcharan Singh (Bombay) walk over [illegible].

The Bombay Chronicle

AT THEIR PRICE

The Committee of the Indian Sugar Mills Association, Calcutta, has put the whole blame for the sugar scarcity on the Government's head for alleged tampering with the law of supply and demand. It claims that official interference has only succeeded in creating a sugar famine. Just before the controls, sugar was available at about a rupee per seer but now even for three rupees per seer it is not to be seen. If the Government had not interfered, the Committee claims, sugar would have found its level at Rs. 1-2-0 to Rs. 1-3-0, per seer. Another adverse effect of the controls, the Committee says, has been the rise in price of gur and khandsari sugar. The price of gur has gone up from Rs. 15 to Rs. 45 per maund and of khandsari sugar from Rs. 24 to Rs. 80. Naively, the Committee does not take cognisance of the profiteering charges against the sugar industry and traders. The fault of the Government is not that it interfered but that it did not interfere soon enough. Many things have been said about integrity and behaviour of our industrialists and businessmen. Many of them have not only held our country to ransom but have damaged our credit abroad. If their honour and patriotism were above to meet the crisis facing us with confidence. They have not only let down the people and the Government but done irreparable injury to the honest among them.

The Committee of the Indian suspicion we would have been able Sugar Mills Association suggests that it will be possible for the industry to reach the production target, 1.2 million tons of sugar, to meet the country's needs, if provision is made for increased manufacturing charges and a better price for the cane-grower. In short they are willing to produce the required amount if the Government agrees to their own price, most probably it will be Rs. 1-3-0 per seer. We hope that the Government will think twice before committing themselves to any such thing. As it is, the industry has been getting protection for the last 16 years and any more concessions should not be given. It is time the industry thought seriously of standing on its own legs and producing sugar at competitive rates. Let the next few months be a test period for the industry and, if it cannot produce sugar in sufficient quantity and at a reasonable rate, then the Government should import sugar to make up the deficit and bring down the price. That should also be the occasion to decide whether the sugar industry deserves continued protection and, if so, whether it should be given to it under its present management.

Enough Of Apologies

Mr. D. K. Mehta, Minister of Industries and Commerce to the C. P. Government, displayed unusual humility when he answered in a speech at Nagpur faultfinders. Mr. Mehta told his audience that the Government was like a faltering child trying to stand on its legs. It might fall, it might commit mistakes. But the people, and the critics specially, should act as parents and be helpful instead of merely criticising its actions. These remarks would come as a surprise to people who have been in the habit of looking to the Government as their ma-bap. What Mr. Mehta intends to accomplish by his rather pathetic appeal is not clear. No Government spokesman would be so foolish as to claim infallibility for his administration, and no people would be so gullible as to be taken in by such a claim. We concede that normally to admit a fault is a virtue, but too much of this kind of admitting amounts to a vice. And it has become a practice with our leading personalities to get awal with a lot by pleading amateurism, inexperience and the right to make mistakes. It should be realized by now that with two years of experience our ministers and ministries have ceased to be at the stage of new entrants into administrative office. There are in the country none others with more experience than the men now in office and, therefore, it is rather foolish to come forward with a plea for tolerance on the ground of inexperience. If by this time the men in office feel that they have not gained enough experience, then it is time they vacated in favour of persons who are more quick at learning things. This is the reaction which sensible people are apt to have at hearing these lamentations frequently uttered. And it will be assumed that the intention is to escape responsibility for government action. Mr. Mehta's apology and appeal bring to mind a very commonsense and practical remark made by an indifferent girl tennis-player who turned to her energetic partner at the beginning of a game and said, "An apologising disposition is very bad for the countenance; partner, I shall apologise for all my mistakes at the end of the play." Mr. Mehta and other ministers might well take a leaf out of her book. They might safely assume that every allowance will be made for inexperience and for the strains of a transition period. Only let them get on with their administrative work. It is not altogether irrelevant that the faltering child argument is trotted out, not by public men who honestly feel that their tasks are too much for them and desire to make way for more adult men and minds, but as a preliminary to an appeal to be retained in office and power. Mr. Mehta might profitably bear in mind that the public is not vastly interested in retaining him or any other "faltering child" in office. It is very much concerned in seeing that conditions are improved.

Not Satyagraha

Mr. G. G. Mehta, one of the 50 Socialist "sugar Satyagrahis" when put up for trial last week, complained that the "Satyagrahis" were not being treated as political prisoners and were given bad food. Well it is a far cry from the days when Congressmen courted jail not for living there in comfort or for eating good food. The potency of the weapon of Satyagraha is preserved only if it is practised in its pure form and not the way in which the Socialist staged their "sugar" demonstration. It was more in the nature of a "tamasha" than as a righteous act to change the policy of the Government. By such cheap demonstrations the Socialists, who were once good Congressmen themselves, are doing injustice to the principles of Satyagraha. Fasts and "Satyagrahas", which end in breaking of heads of warders, have become a common occurrence in many Indian jails. All sorts of wild accusations are being made against the authorities. Situations are being created to force the hands of the police. It may be a new technique but it is definitely not Satyagraha.

Thought For The Day

History is a voice forever sounding across the centuries the laws of right and wrong. Opinions alter, manners change, creeds rise and fall, but the moral law is written on the tablets of eternity.

FROUDE.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

We cannot let the sacrifices of our people, who have cheerfully laid down their lives for the defence of Islam in Kashmir, go in vain.

If India persists in its uncompromising attitude Pakistan will have no alternative but to fight out the issue to the last man.

—N.W.F.P. Premier Abdul Qaiyum Khan, addressing a public meeting at Peshawar.

★ ★ ★

Broadcasting in the "Herald Tribune" Forum, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said the only alternative to World Government "sometime or other" is world suicide.

More accurately, murder of the two worlds by each other.

★ ★ ★

At his dinner to Pandit Nehru, the Canadian Premier, Mr. Louis St. Laurent assured India's Prime Minister that "Canada gives him a family welcome and that he is 'at home' in Canada."

Other coloured Indians too?

★ ★ ★

The Indian Ministry of Rehabilitation has issued a press note warning that "it is an offence to enter India from any place in West Pakistan directly or indirectly."

The subtle suggestion that people are attracted to India is sheer propaganda to cover the grim reality which is that persecution, tyranny and genocide stalk the land so ruthlessly that nobody can ever dream of setting foot on it.

★ ★ ★

NEW DELHI: Following the adoption of the Articles relating to language by the Constituent Assembly of India, All India Radio, it is learnt, has set about the task of revising its language policy.

Having experienced the revised policy of the A.I.R. for the past several months we wonder where the language will go after this further revision.

★ ★ ★

The Government of India has repudiated Dr. Salazar's suggestion that external pressure was being applied to Goa to secure its "forced absorption."

The Government of India has misunderstood Dr. Salazar. What that unique philosopher-politician-historian Dictator of Portugal actually meant was to register a protest against the pressure of circumstances which is calculated to release Goa from enforced incorporation into Portugal to natural return to the motherland.

★ ★ ★

Mr. Henry Wallace demands that President Truman should meet Premier Stalin face to face and end the cold war.

Mr. Wallace mustn't expect any reciprocal response from any Wallace in the Soviet Union demanding that Premier Stalin should meet President Truman face and end the cold war.

*

Speaking at the Sheriff's meeting to commemorate four departed citizens, the Bombay Mayor S. K. Patil remarked that the four men strangely enough belonged to four different communities.

Good Lord, we never looked at it in that light until Mr. Patil called our attention to it. Neither did the four departed when they were alive. But trust a communalist.....

* * *

Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee, Minister for Industry, presiding at a school function observed that the percentage of literacy in India was, perhaps, the lowest in the civilised world.

Could he not tell us where we stand amongst the uncivilised? We could then choose where to belong, as the Americans say.

THE ECONOMIC CRISIS

In this, the first in a series of three authoritative articles dealing with the present world economic crisis, the author analyses the origins of a conflict which, he says, has divided the world into two separate camps. Paul de Hevesy, former Hungarian Minister in Paris, and delegate to the League of Nations, a member of the Wheat Advisory Committee, is a well-known writer on economic planning.

By Paul de Hevesy

(Author of "World Wheat Planning")

THE FATEFUL conflict which now divides the world into two separate camps is, at its root, economic rather than political. It is primarily due to a clash between two economic systems, one of which is characterized by the activities of the State and its lust for power, the other by the activities of the individual and his struggle for human rights.

The main human rights—freedom to live, move, and act—cannot be secured without freedom to produce, trade, compete, and also to transfer money. Yet these are the very freedoms that nowadays the State, in many parts of the world, seeks first to suppress by stages and then to hold in permanent suppression.

Most people still cling to the obsolete principle of full national sovereignty. An increasing number of progressive thinkers, however, convincingly argue that the time has come when every country, in its own interest as well as in that of others, must be prepared to surrender some measure of this sovereignty. There is, in particular, a widespread desire to see the various currencies established on absolutely stable foundations, that is made freely transferable and convertible, at fixed exchange rates, under the control of the International Monetary Fund. This institution was founded in 1944 with the very object of avoiding depreciation and promoting stability of the various currencies.

TROUBLE-MAKING

There is in several countries also a tendency, which may grow in the future, even to accept control by this Fund over the upper limits to be set both to their public expenditure and to their issue of banknotes, rather than to run the risk of impairing the stability and interchangeability of their national currencies.

"It makes no sense", writes the National City Bank of New York in its MONTHLY LETTER of July 1949, "to observe, circulating in the world, thirty odd kinds of pounds sterling, only one of which is freely convertible into U.S. dollars at the official parity of $4.03".

Certainly it makes no sense, but it makes much trouble. The British public seems to be not yet sufficient aware that the inordinate difficulties imposed on the conversion and transfer of sterling are today the greatest obstacles to the rehabilitation of international trade.

If a Government is extravagant either in fiscal spending or in issuing banknotes, this must lead to the depreciation of money, and to pecuniary losses of the citizens of the country itself as well as of those foreigners who repose their confidence in the currency that would thus deteriorate in value. Depreciated money tends to raise prices, to increase the cost of imports, and to make so heavy a strain upon reserves that the establishment of exchange control becomes unavoidable. It tends also to weaken the national will to work more and earn more.

The unilateral and arbitrary determination of an exchange rate that is not recognized by three-quarters of the world certainly does not mean that monetary depreciation has been prevented and its evil consequences avoided.

SHRINKING MARKETS

Currency and trade do not form two separate problems but only one. The world market, even if re-established, would never in fact be really open and free, and the price mechanism could not function properly unless currencies, or at least those of the main trading nations, were made freely convertible and transferable. If the world market is not speedily opened and the international currency problem solved, exporting countries, whether agricultural or industrial, will be compelled to restrict their production owing to the lack of such foreign markets as are provided with effective purchasing-power, that is, with appropriate foreign exchange.

At the same time, importing countries will be unable to purchase foreign goods owing to their own exchange restrictions. With the possible exception of Russia, a general lowering of the standards of living in all countries will inevitably ensue.

The United States is likely in the immediate future to produce many agricultural and industrial commodities in much larger quantities than their citizens can possibly absorb. If foreign nations are unable to buy American goods and American producers are unwilling to restrict their own output, unsaleable stocks will accumulate within the United States, their prices will crash, and a slump and unemployment will follow, creating social unrest and political strife.

In Russia, however, several times more could be produced and consumed of almost every commodity, and the standard of living of the people would still be appallingly low. The Russian people are evidently far from being menaced by over-production and by the consequent deterioration of their conditions. HE WHO SLEEPS ON THE FLOOR CANNOT FALL OUT OF BED. To no situation could this old Chinese proverb be more appropriately applied than to that of the Russian people.

END OF SOCIALISM

The British Government may well be opposed to the policy of making money freely transferable and convertible because they must foresee that the freedom of money would produce an instant and irresistible demand for the re-establishment of the world market, for the re-opening of international commodity exchanges and futures markets, and for the reinstatement of the traders in their proper calling.

Nor can the Government fail to foresee that trading with healthy money through normal channels would put an effectual check on their morbid passion for buying and selling. Hence the stabilization of money would mean the end not only of regimented economy but of socialist rule itself, of which the every essence is Government interference with the economic activities of the citizens and with the conduct of international trade.

If a man takes another man's money that is theft. But, for a third party, be it a person or a State, to prevent a man from spending his own money how and where he wishes is, to say the least of it, an intolerable presumption. This financial regimentation, apart from diminishing the volume both of national production and of international trade, degrades a country to the level of an oriental despotism. It is largely responsible for the economic restrictions and distempers of recent times.

Monetary disorders are not only the effect but the main cause of these troubles. Any schemes founded on unstable money cannot be other than unsound. Reconstitute money on a sound basis and, while the bubble of socialist illusions will burst, production, trade, and consumption will increase.

BRINGING OUT THE BEST

With an open world market, healthy money, greatly lowered trade barriers, and laws not favouring but counteracting both public and private monopoly, price and quality would become the only considerations determining everybody's choice where to buy and where to sell. People would thus become subjected to the inescapable pressure of national and international competition. Challenged not by men but by the general conditions arising from this competition, everybody would work hard and well. Many excellent qualities which at present, under the dead-weight of restriction, regimentation, and lack of competition, lie dormant would be called into play.

Whereas people are reluctant to save money which they think likely to fall in value, sound money, if it can be considered an assured repository, conduces to thrift, which is a potent stimulus to increased exertion, and to the raising of the speed, volume, and quality of production. Greater productivity reduces costs and thereby becomes the source of higher wages.

Under the much improved conditions resulting from the reforms here recommended, the total value of Great Britain's exports would soon exceed that of its present imports. The only succour that could still be legitimately asked of the United States would be a short-term loan to be used during the interval that might elapse before British exports exceeded British imports. Thus, not only will there be no need for Great Britain to curtail its imports of food and raw materials, but there will be every opportunity to increase them.

These inexorable arguments should be thoroughly understood so as to dispel the fiction that monetary stabilization cannot be effected in Great Britain as long as it imports more than it exports. In point of fact, while Great Britain has no sound money, whatever financial artifices the Government may devise the notorious gap in the country's balance of payments cannot be bridged at all.

A ROYAL COMMISSION

Whether international trade should be conducted by the State on closed markets or by private firms on open markets, and whether the various currencies should be left under the exclusive management of the respective Governments or brought under international control, are thus closely interrelated questions of fundamental importance.

Would not the British public, before it exercises its democratic right of choosing between these fateful alternatives, be most appropriately assisted in forming its own opinion by the recommendations of a Royal Commission that might be appointed to consider trade in general and that of raw materials and primary products in particular?

The same Commission might be charged also with the task of investigating the results of State-trading achieved since the end of the war. Such a Commission will most probably never be appointed, since the Government may prefer to dismiss the complex problems of trade, currency, and bulk-purchase in a few brief and superficial speeches in Parliament rather than to give disinterested experts the opportunity of probing the matter to its very bottom.

(To Be Continued)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Less Petrol

The report that there is going to be another cut in petrol ration will no doubt evoke considerable criticism not only from the car-owners, but also by people in the mofussil to whom buses are even now a doubtful means of transport. Even in these days of petrol scarcity, it is surprising how many people make their daily trips in their luxurious cars from the suburbs to their offices. Their work may be so important and urgent that they cannot depend on the suburban train service which is fitful in its regularity. But the sight of a car which can accommodate five people beside the driver whisking past one who has stood for a long while in queues for buses, with the occupant lounging in the back seat in solitary grandeur is not one that induces love for motorists in one's heart. One suburban dweller had the unique experience on a day, when the regular transport was dislocated, of making frantic gestures for a lift from at least six passing cars till he realised that it was of no use. It is to be hoped that when the petrol rationing authorities make a liberal issue of petrol to suburban car-owners, they make it a condition to the owner agreeing to give a "lift" at least to one person a day. Moreover, one sees in the streets high-powered cars which could have taken the roads only very recently. Cannot the Government control the sale of new cars, to conserve foreign exchange as well as petrol? If people could have done without a car upto now, they could do without it for some time more.

The Blood Of Martyrs

The Communists are out to create trouble wherever and whenever possible. The latest incident fits into the pattern which one has associated with the Communist Party in the recent past. There was a riot in the Trivandrum Prison on Wednesday, when the Communist detenus staged a demonstration in observance of "Vayalar Martyrs' Week". The Government communique mentions that there were secret preparations and that the Communists delivered "highly objectionable speeches" inciting other prisoners also to make a concerted attack on the jail staff. One fails to understand the purpose behind these futile outbursts, which result in loss of lives, Communist and Police. It was believed at first that the Communists were out to get public sympathy by inviting police action against themselves, but it seems to be a far-fetched excuse. It is possible that these are the outbursts of frustrated spirits. The Communists have been great exhibitionists and the recent trend in public thinking, which definitely indicates that the people are fed up with the Comrades' antics, must be driving them to show their resentment against the poor warders whose unfortunate duty it is to keep guard over Communists.

Calcutta Again

Not a day passes without a report of some disturbance or other from Calcutta. The strike of the municipal workers is now a fruitful source of trouble. On Wednesday, a group of young men who were doing their bit to keep the city clean, were fired upon not by the police, but, according to reports, by the durwans of a building who objected to the boys dumping refuse on the main road. One wonders how these mischief-mongers managed to get hold of fire-arms. Can it be that the Communists and their fellow-travellers who are perforce keeping themselves underground are instrumental in slipping them into irresponsible hands via Assam from Burma? The war had made many familiar with the use of firearms and in the explosive atmosphere of Bengal many might be tempted to keep a gun just in case....Any way, it is a development which cannot be viewed with equanimity. One wonders whether in the circumstances, the strike of the municipal workers should have been allowed to take place. The strike is led by a Union which is a wing of the Indian National Congress and the affairs of the Calcutta Corporation are under the direct control of a Congress Ministry. In the ordinary course of events, it would not have been difficult for the leaders of labour and the Government, since their ultimate aims are identical, to reach a compromise which could have avoided all this trouble. But the tortuous course of Bengal politics seems to cast a spell all round, and the people suffer.

Locusts Have Done It!

The times when Pakistan and India have agreed on anything have been few and far between. The latest incident to highlight this discord was the fast of the Kashmir refugees, with Pakistan saying that there was no fast at all, but the Government of India telling a different story. And then there is the dispute about the exodus figures. Pakistan which can never be charged with too much originality, tried to bamboozle India and the world with "facts and figures" of a mass migration of Muslims from India. Unfortunately for Pakistan, there is only one town through which such an "exodus" takes place on any sizeable scale, and the officials concerned have been keeping a close watch on the persons moving in and moving out. The thousands of fleeing refugees seen by the imaginative Pakistani press have turned out to be a paltry fifty. But all this can be forgotten for the moment, the bickerings, the charges and the countercharges. Pakistan and India have reached an agreement, a real agreement, on a subject of great importance, which concerns the food of the people. On the momentous issue of locust control, India, Pakistan and Persia have agreed to combine resources with the desert locust survey in the Oman area, says a report. "Out of evil cometh good" is a proverb whose truth has been tested by time.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Electricity Charges In Gujarat

Recent abolition of 33-1 3 per cent. surcharge on electricity charges recovered by the Electrical undertakings in Gujarat prompted Electrical Undertakings to nullify the effects of the abolition, by revising the rates to such an extent that the surcharge is included in the increased rates, which has rather created a great dissastisfaction among the consumers in various cities of Gujarat, Including Bulsar, Anand, Nadiad, Dohad and etc. The Municipalities have also expressed their resentment against such increase, and the Government of Bombay has been moved to interfere in the affairs to avert the worsening of the situation, which might lead into a grave conflict, between the consumers, and the Municipalities on the one hand and the Electrical undertakings on the other.

The Electrical Undertakings seem to be holding the view that they are entitled to such increase under the provisions of S. 57 of the New Act of 1948, enacted by the Central Legislature, under which they have been empowered to fix the rates, as to give them a reasonable return.

The consumers and the Municipalities seem to be holding the view that their cost price of the energy is not above Rs. 0-2-6 per unit, which includes interest on capital at 6 per cent and all other managerial and manufacturing costs, and to fix up rates higher than Rs. 0-4-0 per unit would be allowing the Electrical Undertakings an unreasonable return and therefore the Government has done not a wise thing in abolishing the surcharge, before going through the inquiry into the matter and fixing up rates. The Consumers and the Municipalities have requested the Government to immediately intervene, and have the dispute settled by Arbitration, between the parties, appointed by each party, or to take over the Electrical Undertakings, as is being done in Madras

The Bombay Government can well take over all these concerns at their book value or any reasonable value, and hand them over to the Municipalities, which may be called upon to treat this transfer of Undertakings.

Electricity ought to be treated as an essential energy and should not be allowed to be so handled by the Electrical Undertakings, so as to take away a large profit to the detriment of the Public Utility concerns like Municipalities, and the consumers.

It is therefore hoped that the Government of Bombay will take this issue with great urgency, and get the same well settled in the larger interests of the Municipalities and the consumers, as early as possible.

—N. G. PARIKH.

Dohad, 26-10-'49.

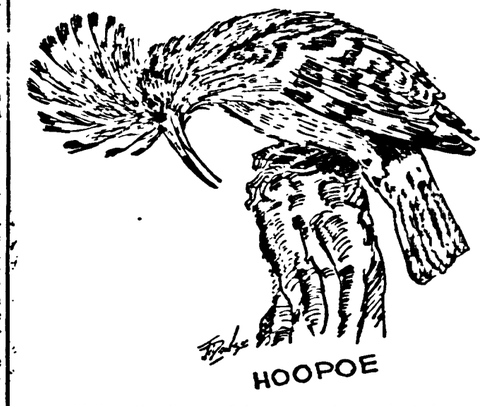
United Kerala

When the Constituent Assembly meet next it will be in the interest of Malabar and her people if the Malabar Members in the Assembly take up the question of the formation of the United Kerala and if this move is supported by the Cochin-Travancore Union Members. There is no necessity to repudiate the fact that it is high time for Malabar to rejuvenate her lost tradition. There is no exaggeration while saying that the attainment of freedom to India has in the least benefited Malabar and it is the considered opinion of the people at large in Malabar that so long as they remain with Madras Presidency, there is no likelihood of any improved situation in Malabar and the sufferings of her people will ever remain untold and unheard. The only solution to remedy the serious situation is to get her segregated from Madras Province and integrate with the Cochin-Travancore Union. It is an indisputed fact that as far as the formation of United Kerala is concerned there is no complication. It may be mentioned here that the Government of India should give a topmost priority for the formation of United Kerala taking into consideration that Cochin State in the South was the first and foremost state which integrated with Indian Union without any hue and cry.

—P. G. NAIR.

OPEN AIR

Talegaon lies in open country consisting of fields studded with babul trees, which are at present covered with their golden or creamy-coloured balls of flowers. There are few large trees, except for an occasional banyan, pipul, mango or neem. As a result we are able to watch much more of the bird-life of the place than we are in a heavily-wooded place like Matheran. During this visit, although the water birds had not arrived, we saw any number of different kinds, for the winter visitors had arrived to swell the numbers of the more common resident birds. Weaver birds kept up a continuous chatter as they busied themselves about their nests in the babuls near the water. Golden orioles, the males resplendent in black and gold, the females more greenish-yellow, and the young birds with flecks of brown on their shirt fronts, were there by the dozen and flashed in and out among the trees in what appeared to be a glorious game of catch-as-catch-can! A solitary Hoopoe appeared one morning, dull in colour when sitting quietly on a branch, but displaying its bars of black and white and its hand-like crest when it flew off to another perch. Slightly later in the year Hoopoes abound there and may be seen, six or eight at a time, pecking the ant-lion larvae from their pits in the dry sandy soil.



HOOPOE

—D. R.

SPECIAL TRIBUNAL'S JURISDICTION

Razvi Decries Hyderabad Government's Order

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Oct. 27,(PTI):

SYED KASIM RAZVI today told the Special Tribunal trying him and two others in connection with the murder of Shoebullah Khan, Editor of "Imroze," that it was "high-handedness" and a "show of power" on the part of the Hyderabad Government to have issued an order directing the Special Tribunal to try the Shoebullah Khan murder case and the Bibinagar Case in both of which Kasim Razvi figures as accused.

The order was passed by Major-General J. N. Chaudhury, Military Governor of Hyderabad, after the defence contended that the Special Tribunal had no jurisdiction to try Syed Kasim Razvi, because the Tribunal had not been directed to try the Shoebullah Khan Murder Case by the Military Governor as required under provisions of the Special Tribunals Regulation. The order was made by the Military Governor and dated October 6, 1949.

TRIBUNAL'S QUESTIONS

Syed Kasim Razvi was replying to questions put by the Tribunal today after the conclusion of the further cross-examination of prosecution witnesses by defence.

The Tribunal asked: "You have heared evidence that Exhibit P. 116, is an order signed by the Military Governor of Hyderabad. Do you wish to say anything?" Kasim Razvi said that the order was "influencing the judiciary". What was objected to by his counsel was sought to be set right. The order tried to remove defects in law which were in his favour by ordinance and orders.

Mr. J. A. Pinto Chairman of the Tribunal: "The word 'influncing' is objectionable. Do you wish to say anything?

Syed Kasim Razvi: "If you object to the use of the word 'influencing', Your Honour, I would say orders and ordinances divert the course of justice. I do not mean that the judges were actually influenced."

The two other accused in the case Abdul Munim Khan and Mohsin Raza were also questioned by the Tribunal.

Syed Kasim Razvi and the two other accused were asked one general question: "You have heared the evidence of the prosecution witnesses particularly their evidence given after further cross-examination. Do you wish to say anything?

Syed Kasim Razvi answered he had nothing to add to what he had already stated. "The whole evidence is a pack of lies." he added

ABOUT 'WAQI' EDITOR

The Chairman of the Tribunal then put a series of questions. He asked Kasim Razvi. "You have heared the evidence of Syed Kadirullah, prosecution witness 27, that he used to attend meetings at Darussalam (headquarters of the Ittehadul Muslimeen) that at one of those meetings you spoke something about the editor of the "Waqt" Mr. Abdur Rahman Rais, to the effect that the editor was doing some 'gadbad' against you, that as a result of that there was a raid on the office of the "Waqt" when some stones were thrown on the office and the office was looted by some of those who had come to hear you. Do you wish to say anything?

Syed Kasim Razvi said: "It is all a lie."

Question: You have heard evidence by Syed Kadirulla that he used to collect subscriptions forcibly at the instance of Mr. Mirza, President of Majlis who ordered that subscriptions should be collected from Hindus also and if necessary by force. Do you wish to say anything?

Answer: I would very much be pleased if he were prosecuted for that.

APPROVER'S EVIDENCE

QUESTION: You have heard the evidence by Aseer (approver) that there was no necessity for concealment when he sent openly a word to Wazir Mohammed Khan (Private Secretary of Kazim Razvi) because he had for support a big god-father, meaning you. Do you wish to say anything?

ANSWER: How can I say what was in his mind? If he meant that he had a big support in me, it was not for criminal acts. I never intended or asked him to do any illegal act. Whatever he said here about me, so far as the power behind him is concerned, it is just to save his own neck and put the blame on me.

Replying to another question Syed Kasim Razvi said: "All that would have been in my favour, the police could not find, and all that was against me the police found easily. The police found out Kadirullah at Bombay although he had give no information to anybody and he had disguised hiself. They could not find others who would have been in my favour."

The other two accused Abdul Munim Khan and Mohsin Raza were also questioned by the Tribunal. They replied that they either did not know of facts mentioned in the evidence or that evidence given by witness was false.

The Tribunal then fixed November 10 as the date before which the defence was asked to file their list of witnesses.

The Shoebullah Khan Murder Case was then adjourned to November 10.

INDENTIFICATION OF SIGNATURES

The Special Tribunal trying the Shoebullah Khan Murder Case today examined Mr. S. G. Wakharkar, private Secretary to Mr. D. S. Bakhle, Chief Civil Administrator of Hyderabad. Mr. S. G. Wakharkar identified the signature of Major General J. N. Chaudhury. Military Governor of Hyderabad attested to an order made by him on October 6, 1949 directing the special Tribunal presided over by Mr. J. A. Pinto, to try the Shoebullah Khan Muder Case and the Bibinagar Dacoity Case under provisions of the Special Tribunal's Regulation.

NOBEL PRIZE FOR PHYSIOLOGY

Joint Award Given

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter)

The Nobel Prize for Physiology and Medicine was tonight awarded jointly to Rudolf Hess of Zurich University Institute of Physiology and Professor Emeritus Antonio Egas Moniz of Lisbon University.

Professor Moniz. world famous neurologist, was the first man to cure a mental disorder by surgical operations. He performed this operation in 1935.

Professor Moniz, who is 75, is a former Portuguese Minister of Foreign Affairs and a former Minister to Madrid.

Dr. Hess, 68-year-old eye and brain specialist, has been Director of the Physiological Institute at Zurich since 1947.

WATCHES TRACTORS BEING MADE

Nehru's Keen Interest

CHICAGO, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter).—Pandit Nehru inspected gasolene and diesel-powered tractors of a type that would help India increase her food production at the International Harvester manufacturing plant here, which has already supplied 500 tractors to India and has on hand orders for more.

The plant is a part of a chain of 23 factories located throughout the United States and is capable of manufacturing 300 tractors a week.

Wearing goggles specially provided by the company—as a protection against flying chips or other metal from the workshops—the party traversed the entire works, which cover an area of about 69 acres, in about an hour.

Pandit Nehru was particularly interested in a large type diesel tractor and asked many questions about its working.

ASSEMBLY LINE

Pandit Nehru also watched tractors on the Assembly line where the chains were fitted to the chassis. This operation took only a couple of minutes and the finished product was then put through its paces as a final test before being laid aside for shipment.

While this inspection was going on, a number of tractors (out of an order of 200 placed by India) were ready for shipment.

Pandit Nehru, who was dressed in a grey suit and wore a felt hat was followed throughout the tour by a large number of people. Before departing he shook hands with three of the workmen, one of them a six foot 200 pound Negro named Louis Moisn, a machine operator.

INDIAN SOLDIERS' GLORIOUS WORK

Jammu Leaders' Praise

JAMMU, Oct. 27. (PTI-Reuter): Seven prominent Muslim leaders of the liberated areas of Poonch, Rajauri and Naushera in a joint statement on the second anniversary of the landing of Indian troops in Kashmir said here today that the glorious work done by them after cease-fire was without parallel in history.

The Indian army "freed us from loot, destruction and arson of Pakistan raiders", they said.

Above all, they were impressed by the Indian troops' high moral character and excellent behaviour. "The people of liberated areas regard the Indian troops not only as their guards but their friends," they said.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.

Previous Closing	29.87
Today's Opening	29.87
Difference	Nil
Today's Closing	29.76
Difference	—11

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

	Rs.	As.
Silver Forward Kartak	169	9
Gold Forward Kartak	114	11
Silver Bullion	169	7
Silver Mint	169	9
Gold Ready	115	0
Sovereign	77	4

PANDIT NEHRU'S SPEECH

(Continued from Page 1)

foreign co-operation or foreign conflicts.

"Everything turns on a world scale today. A world state must come sooner or later." he said.

HIT AT RUSSIA

Pandit Nehru said, our minds think in terms of force more than ever. Furthermore, there is the growing tendency to centralisation and regimentation which is a danger to individual freedom. Soviet Russia is the extreme example of a centralisation. I would not like to limit freedom for any nation.

"When India became free, she did not have particular ties with any country. Today we do not wish to tie ourselves with any one Naturally any policy flows from that determination and is powerfully influenced by it."

NOTHING SINISTER

Pandit Nehru said that in coming to the United States he had no "sinister or secret motive."

Political freedom was not enough by itself, he explained. Economic freedom was an equally important objective because it was the fruit to be obtained from political freedom.

India had fought for both freedoms at once, and it was highly important that people who had made sacrifices for the two causes should not experience a sense of frustration.

Pandit Nehru said he believed in self-help. Even supposing that political freedom could have come to India without fighting for it, he wondered whether it would have been worth while.

LATEST DIFFICULTY

Because of various problems, any plans of advancement in India had to be postponed, Pandit Nehru said. The latest difficulty was devaluation of currency.

"But we are determined to achieve economic independence. And we shall do it sooner with co-operation from other countries than otherwise. If not, it will take a longer time."

A questioner, at the end of the speech, asked Pandit Nehru whether his theory of "removal of economic wants as a safeguard of democracy" could be assisted by a form of Marshall Aid. Pandit Nehru said the questioner had misunderstood the position. India needed temporary assistance to develop her resources.

"We have good material of every kind. We want machinery and technical help, and, in this I think President Truman's Point-Four would be helpful," he said.

In this connection, Pandit Nehru said that owing to India's past experience with British trade, she would rather delay in doing something than endanger her newly won freedom.

Asked about the caste system in India, Pandit Nehru said it was disappearing fast. If by caste system the questioner meant untouchability, Pandit Nehru added, that too was going as it had been made constitutionally illegal.

Mr. Meyer Kleinbaum, President of the Chicago Foreign Policy Association, presided and Mr. Harvey Ellere, President of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry, introduced Pandit Nehru.

Others present at the dinner included General Charles Dawes, former Vice-president of United States and Stanley Woodward, Chief of protocol of the United States States Department.

GREAT AND GOOD

Pandit Nehru was described as "a great and a good man" by Mr. Adlai Stevenson, the Governor of Illinois. speaking at the dinner.

Mr. Stevenson said "We pay him our homage not just because he is the Prime Minister of India but because he is a great and a good man. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru belongs to the even smaller company of historic figures who wore a halo in their own lifetimes.

"My Friends I bid you mark well what he says to us, for he is the voice of India—the home of a sixth of the human race and the largest stable ,solvent democracy in the east.

"India can be the anchor of freedom in all Asia, but around it swirl dangerous currents and in it live millions in incredible poverty.

"Bedevilled with the infinite problems of national infancy, of the partition with Pakistan, of welding innumerable classes and minorities into a single eastern state based on the liberal tradition of the West, his tasks beggar description.

"Indeed I must acknowledge a personal debt—whenever the problems of Illinois get too oppressive I think of India and of you, sir, and I feel much better."

The dinner was given by the Chicago Foreign Relations Council and the Chicago Chamber of Commerce.

NEHRU REMINDED OF HIS GRANDSONS

CHICAGO, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru yesterday wondered aloud whether it was permissible for a grandfather to play with a toy tractor.

During his visit to the International Harvester Company plant he watched a Harvester model clear a heap of sand in a miniature field.

Pandit Nehru smiled and said he was reminded of his two grandsons

Mr. Fowler McCormick, Chairman of the Company, told reporters that he would send two of the miniature tractors to Indira Gandhi's sons, Rajiva and Sanjaya, who are now in India.

The presents, he added, would be sent through the Indian Ambassador at an early date.

The models are about two feet long and one foot wide.

Raids In Malabar

CALICUT, Oct. 27. (PTI): Following the attack on a police Sub-Inspector by people said to be Communist last evening , the police have begun intensive raids in the villages of Valianad, Nellikode and surrounding areas and have so far rounded up five persons. The raids continue.

TROUBLE IN CALCUTTA

(Continued from Page 1)

crowd. A constable on duty was assaulted. Police used tear gas to disperse this crowd which then entered Bankim Chatterjee Street and threw a number of bombs at the police. Tear gas had to be used again after which the situated was brought under control. No one was reported to have been injured.

"Earlier in the morning a bomb exploded near a police patrol van but no one was injured nor any damage caused to the vehicle.

"A few military patrols also assisted the police in the affected area a little after midday.

"The situation was normal and quiet later in the evening."

Prospects for a settlement of the Corporation authorities a large numfairly bright, according to the Administrative Officer of the Calcutta Corporation, Mr. S.N. Ray, who had a two-hour discussion on the subject with the INTUC leaders this afternoon.

Mr. Ray hoped that the workers would agree to resume duty by tomorrow.

WARNING AGAINST EPIDEMICS

The Indian Medical Association (Calcutta Branch) tonight warned the Government of West Bengal, the authorities of the Calcutta Corporation and the striking workers of the possibility of immediate outbreak of epidemic diseases in the city, should the present situation be allowed to continue further.

Eihgt young men, arrested in connection with incidents in the Harrison Road area yesterday evening, were remanded to custody till October 29, pending investigation, by the Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, today. Fortysix others arrested during the incident, were earlier released by the police authorities.

Mr. Shankarrao Deo, General Secretary of the All India Congress Committee, who arrived in Calcutta today, visited the Medical College Hospital and saw the wounded in yesterday's disturbances in Harrison Road College Street area.

POLICE OPEN FIRE ON VILLAGE MOB

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27 (UPI)—The police opened fire on a Communist-inspired mob on Wednesday at the village of Amitpore in the District of Midnapore, according to reports receiver here.

The mob had attacked the police camp in the village with deadly weapons and caused injuries to one policeman.

After the police had fired one round, the mob dispersed. Ane person was put under arrest.

Earlier, according to report received here, the mob had killed one person, whose identity is not yet known.

B. E. S. T. WORKERS' GRATUITY DEMAND

Union President Asked To Negotiate

BOMBAY, Thursday.

At a general body meeting of the B.E.S.T. Workers' Union, held at Damodar Hall, Parel, tonight Mr. Parasnath Pandya, President of the Union was authorised to exhaust all constitutional methods for a satisfactory settlement of the question of gratuity with the management of the B.E.S.T. undertaking.

Mr. Pandya was further authorised to hold a secret strike ballot to ascertain whether the workers were prepared to strike work in case he failed to achieve settlement of the gratuity question by constitutional means.

Shouters Arrested

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 27 (PTI): Four Socialist workers were arrested today while shouting slogans as a protest against the closing of a local mill when the satyagraha organised by the Gujarat Socialist Party was renewed after Diwali holidays.

Philosophy Of Peace For The West

MRS. PANDIT EXTENDS INDIA'S CONTRIBUTION

NEW YORK, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter).

MRS. VIJAYA LAKSHMI PANDIT, Indian Ambassador to the United States, warned in a speech here that Asia could not contribute to the world until obstructions to her freedom still remaining in some areas were removed and her economic problems solved.

American understanding and help were necessary, she told the New York Herald Tribune Forum last night. In return India—and Asia—could offer the philosophy of peace.

"Having achieved political freedom we look to the reservoirs of your experience for help in achieving that economic sufficiency which will give meaning to our new found freedom", she said. "Technology and industrialisation have made the countries of the world dependent on each other as never before, and the interdependence of world problems, even in times of peace, becomes, increasingly obvious.

ALTERNATIVES

"We must either learn to live together like civilised human beings or consent to be written off the face of the earth as a wayward species, which, endowed with remarkable inventive skill, unfortunately backed the capacity to control its passions or the wisdom to distinguish between the things that led to its preservation or its destruction.

"The various reasons that created inter-dependence also brought about a consciousness of their rights in the minds of the backward peoples of the world, who now demand higher material standards of life.

"Behind much of the unrest in the world today lie economic causes, the continuance of which are upsetting the balance of world economy and threaten to drag down even the most prosperous nations. Therefore the removal of grinding poverty wherever it exists requires early priority.

"The philosophy of India—indeed, of Asia—has been a philosophy of peace. Asia's contribution to world affairs can therefore be a powerful factor in establishing security through which we can move forward towards a world community.

"Before any dream of world Government can materialise, we must subscribe to the rule of civilised life which puts its faith in the supremacy of reason rather than in the efficacy of force. We must believe that there is no finality in violence, that it solves no problems and achieves no lasting results."

SHARING FREEDOM

Mrs. Pandit said that the manner in which India achieved her independence was not without significance to a world in search of powerful formulas for the settlement of difficulties.

"Our movement was based on the concept that freedom must be shared, and we championed the cause of freedom and racial equality in countries under colonial rule," she said.

"Geography and history had bound us to these countries in the past, and ties of common culture, religion and trade forged many links friendship."

Mrs. Pandit said India's foreign policy was based on detachment but not indifference; it was neutral but not negative.

"We have no traditional enemies, and we certainly have no prejudices. Our detachment gives us some advantage which we shall use in the interests of peace."

Okha Merchants Want To Strike

RAJKOT, Oct. 27, (P. T. I.): Merchants of Okha district have decided to go on a strike from November 5, "if no satisfactory reply comes from the Bombay Government about their protest against the sales tax".

The districts of Okha and Amreli, former Baroda State territories, now form part of Bombay Province within Saurashtra. There is no sales tax at present in Saurashtra and the merchants contend that their business suffers on account of its imposition.

LIBERAL TERMS FOR INSURANCE FIRMS

Bill Before Parliament's Next Session

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (PTI).—The new insurance Bill which Parliament will consider during the winter session will contain a provision permitting redistribution of the investments of insurance companies on more liberal conditions, it is learned. However, to safeguard the interest of policy holders investments outside Government and approved securities will be restricted to "approved investments."

It is understood that these would include debentures and investments in industrial concerns which have paid a dividend on their ordinary shares for five out of seven preceding years. The percentage of such investments which was previously restricted to forty-five per cent of the total investment of an insurance company will now be raised to fifty per cent.

In so far as the limitation of overall expenses of insurance companies are concerned, it is suggested that a statutory association of insurers should be set up, one for the life business and the other for general, with executive authority to determine annually the limits for expenses of insurers and also to recommend to Government action to be taken against any company which might have exceeded the prescribed limit of expenditure.

It is also understood that Government would assume further powers to strengthen State control over insurers by inspection of insurers' books whenever required. The new legislation is expected to liberalise conditions of the service of insurance agents and to enable the easy conversion of proprietory joint stock insurance companies into "mutual" companies.

India-U. K. Journey In 26 Hours Only

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27, (P. T. I): New argonaut airliners to be put into commission by the British Overseas Airways Corporation on the India-United Kingdom service from November 17 will cut ten hours from the time for the Delhi-London journey. The time now taken by BOAC's planes for this flight is 36 hours.

R

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY has revised the prices of certain PRODUCTS of Messrs. UPJOHN COMPANY, U.S.A., specified in the Schedule to the Bombay Drugs Control Order, 1949. An order amending the schedule has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I Extraordinary, dated the 24th October, 1949.

Copies of the order can be obtained from the Government Book Depot, Charni Road, Bombay.

R

REVISED PRICES OF HAY

Government has revised the prices of hay in Greater Bombay and in Thana and Surat Districts for the new season, commencing from 1st November, 1949. The ceiling price for the best variety of grass in Greater Bombay and 47 scheduled villages in Thana Taluka has been fixed at Rs. 45/- per 1000 lbs., for wholesale transactions and Rs 46 per 1000 lbs. for retail transactions. Likewise, in Thana district, excluding 47 scheduled villages in Thana Taluka and in Surat district the ceiling price for grass fixed is Rs. 39 per 1000 lbs. (F.O.R.). The prices for lower varieties should be adjusted by the trade in relation to the above ceiling price. The sale of hay above the prices mentioned above constitutes an offence under the Bombay Hay Trade Licensing Order, 1944.

For details, the Government Notifications, Civil Supplies Department No. 34/III(a) and 34/III(b) dated the 25th October 1949, which have appeared in Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette Extra-ordinary dated 25th October 1949 should be seen.

Stop Press

TORY MOTION LOST

LONDON, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter).—The House of Commons tonight rejected by 353 votes to 222 the Conservative opposition's motion censuring the Government's 280 million sterling post-devaluation economy measures as inadequate.

RAZVI THREATENED TO BURN THEIR VILLAGE

Evidence In Bibinagar Dacoity Case

HYDERABAD (Dn). Oct. 27 (PTI)

THE Special Tribunal hearing the Bibinagar Dacoity Case continued the examination of prosecution witnesses this morning.

Banka Peda Rajiah, a resident of Bibinagar, narrated an incident which occurred in Bibinagar Railway Station three days prior to "Sankaranthi". 21 months ago. On that day, five lorry loads of Razakars went past the station shouting 'Shah-e-Osman Zindabad'. The witness who was at that time in the station came out with 10 or 15 others and shouted "Mahatma Gandhi Ki Jai". The Razakars then stopped the lorries, got out and fired two or three shots in the air in the direction of the station. Apprehending trouble, the witness added(he ran into the booking office where he was joined by the Station Master and some porters. Some of the Razakars banged their way into the booking office, and dragged them out. They let the Station Master go, but beat others with the butt ends and guns and sticks.

CLOTHES BURNT

The witness identified two accused Mehtab Khan and Khadar Ali Khan as those who beat him and added that the third assailant was not in the court. He said that the Razakars then took them in a lorry along with some others brought by other Razakars to Syed Kasim Razvi on whose orders the Razakars removed on set fire to their clothes.

He deposed that Kasim Razvi warned them against joining the Congress and said that if they did anything against the Muslims "we will come and burn your village." Seven or eight months later the witness added, he identified the persons who beat him among 20 or 30 persons in the Central Jail.

The defence electing to "reserve" cross-examination of Peda Rajiah, the prosecutions summoned their next witness, Banka China Rajiah.

He said that he was with Banka Peda Rajiah at the time of the incident at Bibinagar Railway Station and that he escaped into Mangal Kistiah's house where he remained for nearly an hour. About ten or twelve Razakars entered the house and pierced him with a spear. The witness could not say who inflicted the injury, but identified Khadar Ali, an accused, as the person who gave him water to drink when he fell down. The witness said that the Razakars set fire to a hut near Mangal Kistiah's house. When he went home that night, the witness continued, his sister-in-law told him that the Razakars had looted their houses. The witness had earlier stated that he left Bibinagar village after the "Razakar gadbad" and was at present residing in Neradmet, about eight miles from Hyderabad.

TEA STALL LOOTED

Posetty, a resident of Bibinagar, who was examined next deposed that he owned a tea stall, opposite the Bibinagar Railway Station, which the Razakars looted when they raided the village. He said he was taken in a lorry along with others to a nearby place where Syed Kasim Razvi was staying. Posetty identified accused Khadar Ali, Nazir Ali and Haji Khan in the court as some of the Razakars present there at the time.

He said that fifteen months after the raid on Bibinagar, he was questioned by the Hyderabad CID and later he identified at the Hyderabad Central Jail Khadar Ali, Nazir Ali and Hajee Khan at an identification parade

The hearing was adjourned till tomorrow morning.

REGROUPING OF DUTCH AND INDONESIAN ARMIES

Meeting Situation After Transfer Of Sovereignty

BATAVIA, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter).

A VERY high Dutch military authority said here tonight that the Dutch and Dutch-Indonesian armies were now regrouping "to meet any situation which might arise from the grant of sovereignty to Indonesia".

The measures included withdrawal of outposts and the concentration of forces throughout a large part of Java and Sumatra.

DEC. 7 DIVISION TO QUIT

The authority said the "December 7" Division totalling about 20,000 men, many of them trained in Britain, would be withdrawn to Holland by the end of the year after three years' active service in Indonesia.

Six British troop ships had been chartered to repatriate the division most of whom would be demobilised in Holland, the remainder being reformed and trained as part of Holland's contribution to the Western Union forces.

The authority added, "The Army High Command has fully informed the Netherlands Government of the dangers inherent in the Indonesian situation after the grant of sovereignty.

"A firm decision on what is to be done with the Royal and Dutch-Indonesian armies and concerning their military and political position after sovereignty, is needed urgently."

"The main task of the Dutch Army after the transfer of sovereignty is to protect the lives and property of Europeans This can be assured in the cities where we are in strength".

The source said most of these questions were presumably discussed by the Military Committee at The Hague "but in General, the Republican attitude seemed concerned only with the the actual transfer of sovereignty and not with its grave military consequences".

Dr. Hatta's Return

THE HAGUE, Oct 27. (PTI-Reuter): Indonesian Republican Premier Mohammed Hatta announced today he would return to Indonesia about November 7 at the end of the current Round-Table Conference here which is drafting the form of a new South East Asian nation in the Archipelago

He said he would not have time to keep his plan to visit Burma.

Asian Economy Has Made No Progress

INDIAN DELEGATE TO ECAFE PLEADS FOR ASSISTANCE

SINGAPORE, Oct. 27 (PTI).

PROFESSOR B. P. ADARKAR Head of the Indian Delegation to the Fifth Session of the E.C.A.F.E. now meeting in Singapore, has expressed the view that the overall picture of the economic, social and political life of Asia remained more or or less as gloomy as ever.

Mr. Adarkar told a recent sitting of the Commission that although it was nearly four years now since the cessation of hostilities, Asian economy had not made any outstanding progress towards the goals of reconstruction and development. He dwelt on the following further points:—

ASIAN ECONOMY

The problems of Asian economy are principally the problems of long-term planning, of development rather than reconstruction, and of a complete all-sided regeneration of the socio-economic life of the people of the regon. E.C.A.F.E.'s work for the last three years must be regarded as merely the preliminary chapter of the great programmes ahead. If we maintain the right perspective in this regard, we have to admit that it is not only unjust but illogical to expect the Commission or its secretariat in such a short time as three years to pull this enormous continent out of the Morass into which it has sunk for centuries.

Professor Adarkar continued: "It is a matter for gratification that the United States has come forward with the Four-Point Programme of President Truman. Although it is quantitatively a small programme, both as compared to the European Recovery Programme and to the vital needs of the underdeveloped areas of the world, it is at least a beginning.

Whatever is feasible within the four corners of the present situation should be done by the free countries of the region. Unfortunately, mainly due to civil strife, it has been difficult for the governments to plan effectively. Some countries, like India, have had to face a series of calamities immediately after winning their independence.

In particular, it is necessary that our programmes and projects should be as detailed and as meticulously prepared as possible as this is necessary for enabling international institutions like the International Bank to lend financial support for their execution. The expanded technical aid will begin from 1950, and it is essential that applications for technical aid should be sent in to the Technical Assistance Board before the end of the year or even earlier.

ROLE OF U.S.

Today, whether one likes it or not, the principal source of financial assistance is the United States. It has been suggested by spokesman of that country that areas which need financial assistance should be prepared to accept private foreign investments and should make the "economic climate" for such investments as attractive as possible. This is indeed a business-like way of putting it and the proposals made by the United States in this regard deserve careful consideration by us.

On the subject of idle surplus capacity in engineering and in the production of fertilisers, tractors and machinery in Europe and America, the main problem is the weak financial position of most Asian and Far Eastern countries and the foreign exchange difficulties involved. If European countries could either make suitable loans of their surplus production in these industries or enter into long-term agreements of exchange of commodities for such production on Government-to-Government basis, it would help matters. Not only will it help the economy of region, but it will also solve or at least postpone the serious problem of growing unemployment arising in countries of the west at the present moment.

Control Of Atom Weapons

PRIVATE TALKS FAIL

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 26. (PTI-Reuter): Details of recent private talks between Soviet Russia and other United Nations member-countries published by the United Nations Secretariattoday, showed that the twin problems of abolishing atomic weapons and setting up international control of atomic energy are no nearer a solution.

Countries taking part were Britain, the United States, the Soviet Union, China, France and Canada. The record brings out the following oasic obstacles to agreements:

(1). The Soviet Union proposes that nations should continue to own explosive atomic materials.

The other five powers feel that under such conditions there would be no effective protection against the sudden use of these materials as atomic weapons.

(2). The Soviet Union proposes that nations should continue, as at present, to own, operate, and manage facilities of making or using dangerous quantities of atomic materials.

The other five powers believe that under such conditions, it would be impossible to detect or prevent the diversion of such materials for use in atomic weapons.

(3). The Soviet Union proposes a system of control depending on periodic inspection of facilities, whose existence the National Government concerned would report to the International Agency, supplemented by special investigations on suspicion of treaty violations.

The other five powers believe that periodic inspection would not prevent the diversion of dangerous materials, and that the special investigations envisaged would be wholly insufficient to prevent clandestine activities

All but Soviet Russia put world security first. They were prepared to accept innovations in traditional concepts of international cooperation, national sovereignty, and economic organisation where these are necessary for security. The Soviet Government put sovereignty first and was unwilling to accept measures which might interfere with its exercise of unimpeded state sovereignty.

The document is expected to be debated in the General Assembly.

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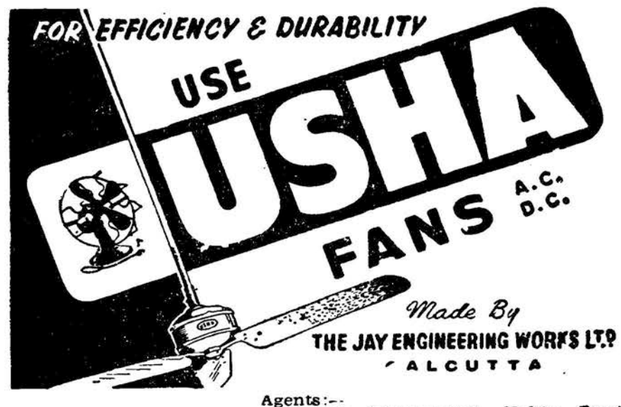

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S C A P TRADE DELEGATION IN DELHI

A three-man Trade Delegation, representing the Supreme Commander of the Allied Forces, Japan, arrived at Palam aerodrome on October 25, to have trade negotiations with the Government of India. The Ministry of Commerce. Photo shows the members of the Delegation on arrival at the airport.

Our Madras Newsletter:

ANDHRA PROVINCE ISSUE CROPS UP AGAIN

Speculation Over Prof. Ranga's Attitude

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MADRAS (By Air Mail).

THE Andhra Province issue is very much in the news again, following the resolution of the Congress Working Committee on the subject. The Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, which is one of the principal parties which have to report on the question of the separation of the Province, is meeting on November 11 at Vijayawada, to decide on its final attitude.

What the nature of the decision will be is at present a matter of intense speculation in Andhra circles. There is a large section who feel that Prof. Ranga, President of the Committee, having accepted the main principles of the J.V.P. report and having been a party to the Working Committee's resolution on the subject, cannot legitimately give to the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee any lead which would materially be different from the position embodied in the latter's resolution.

He should tell the Andhra P.C.C. that the immediate formation of the Andhra Province would be an accomplished fact if the J.V.P. report and its principles are accepted. It will mean the immediate formation of a province with the eleven Andhra districts, with Madras city as its temporary capital. Whether he will present the matter in this light and secure the committee's approval to the J.V.P. Report or whether he will reiterate his support to the earlier resolution of the Committee which said that the future of Madras city and its surrounding bi-lingual areas should be left to the decision of a boundaries commission, remains to be seen.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya's statement in Madras that if the A.P.C.C. accepts the Three man Committee report for the time being at its meeting on November 11, the province will be a reality by November 15, is a hopeful factor.

On the other hand, Mr T. Prakasam has already announced his intention to carry on an agitation for the inclusion of the Madras city in the proposed Andhra Province, and he has reiterated his views in in a subsequent statement. What exactly will be his line of action to implement his threat, if the A.P.C.C. endorses the Working Committee's resolution, remains a matter of speculation

DELIMITATION OF CONSTITUENCIES

The Madras Government has accomplished some quick work in finalising the scheme of delimitation of constituencies under the new Constitution for the Madras Province, in anticipation of the forthcoming general elections, under adult franchise, for the Union and State legislatures. The scheme, it is stated, has been prepared at the instance of the Government of India and in accordance with the Articles in the draft Constitution pertaining to the allocation of seats and delimitation of constituencies.

Under the Articles accepted by the Constituent Assembly, Madras Province will be entitled to 80 seats in the Lower House of the Union Parliament, calculated on the basis of one member for every 6.5 lakhs of people. The Lower House of the Madras Legislature will have a strength of 500 members, calculated on the basis of one member for every lakh population, according to the 1941 census. Of these, 413 seats will be general seats, 82 seats will be reserved for Scheduled Caste representatives and five seats for Scheduled Tribe representation.

On this basis, the Andhra districts will have 156 out of the 413 general seats, Malabar will get 35 seats South Kanara 14, while the remainder will be allocated to the Tamil districts. Out of the 82 seats reserved for Scheduled Castes, 27 seats will go to the Andhra districts, 4 to Malabar district, one to South Kanara and the remainder to Tamil Nad.

Election to the Scheduled Caste seats also will be from general constituencies and not from separate constituencies. These seats have also been allocated on the basis of one member for every lakh of Harijans, and in order to secure the requisite total of Harijans to form a constituency, four or five general constituencies have been clubbed together to form a Harijan general constituency. All the constituencies will be single member constituencies. Separate representation will not be provided for urban areas as such, as under the existing constitution, and in cases where an urban area contains less than a lakh of population contiguous areas will be joined to it to satisfy the population test.

NEW CHAMBER

The larger membership which the Madras legislature will have under the new Constitution will necessitate the construction of a legislative chamber which will accommodate the increased number of members. The present Assembly chamber, in the Fort St. George, is hardly big enough to accommodate the nearly 300 members of the existing House and it cannot, therefore, be regarded as suitable to hold the sessions of the expanded Legislature. The Government of Madras are, therefore, on the lookout for alternative accommodation, and are considering the question of constructing a new chamber. Until that is done, however, they seem to think that a building in the Government House compound can be set apart for the purpose. The construction of a new building, it is stated, will be essential even if the Andhra Province is separated in the meanwhile, as the present chamber is not only cramped but completely old fashioned.

MADRAS AND FOOD PRICES

To what extent would the Madras Government be in a position to implement the Central Government's proposal for a ten per cent "cut" in foodgrain prices? Necessary suggestions in this connection were made by the representative of the Provincial Government, who attended the recent food officials' conference in New Delhi and the orders of the Government of India on the subject are awaited.

The Food Secretary said that, on behalf of the Madras Government, it had been represented that price reduction could be effected mainly by reducing the surcharge now levied on foodgrains to consumers. An amount of twelve annas per maund is now being collected as surcharge, and it can be reduced to five annas. This would result roughly in a price cut of three per cent.

DRAWING OUT HIDDEN MONEY

A novel suggestion has been put forward by Mr. S. Ananthakrishnan leading industrialist of Madras, in the course of his presidential address to the Indian Chamber of Commerce at Tuticorin last week, for drawing black-market money for investment in industrial and productive undertakings. The suggestion was that "Government should issue a large public loan in the shape of bearer bonds bearing tax-free interest of say, two per cent." The investors should not be asked the source of their funds nor owners questioned as to title."

Dr. V. K. John, M.L.C., leader of the Opposition in the Madras Legislative Council, commenting on the suggestion of Mr. Anantakrishnan stated that, if the proposal was implemented, "the whole of the black-market money now hoarded, or in hiding, will find investment in Government bearer bonds" The suggestion that they should be tax-free, he said is only intended to infuse confidence in the black-marketr that he will not be traced.

STEAMER FOR SERVICE ON THE GANGES

Launching Of "Yamuna"

BY G. D'ARNAUD-TAYLOR

LONDON: Rose petals and cocoanut milk figured prominently in the recent launching on Scotland's Clyde river of the "Yamuna", one of three paddle steamers built for the Oudh-Tirhut Railway passenger and cargo services on the Ganges.

The "Yamuna", which was built by Yarrow and Company Limited to the order of the Indian High Commissioner in London, was launched by Lady Yarrow.

Renowned as a naval yard, Yarrows is also known the world over for shallow draught vessels. As far back as 1886 they built a stern wheeler for the Irrawaddy flotilla and only recently the firm supplied four paddle steamers and six launches for service on that river. Yarrow-built vessels also operate on the Yang-tsze-kiang, the Nile, the Niger, the Zambesi, the Amur, the Congo, the Amazon, the Parana and the Euphrates and on Lakes Nyasa, Titicaca, Kagera and Tanganyika.

Model tests for the new Ganges steamers, which are classed A-1 at Lloyds and built to comply with the latest Government of India Regulations, were carried out by the National Physical Laboratory at Teddington, Middlesex.

With an overall length of 225½ feet and a dead weight tonnage of 150, the steamers are fitted with triple-expansion engines capable of a speed of 12 m.p.h. Accommodation is provided for a total of 1,500 passengers and includes two saloons for the lower classes in the hold to afford wet weather protection and two on the promenade deck for the use of the inter and upper classes.

Dack space is provided for the lower classes on the main deck, together with a lounge for women and children, while the promenade has a deck space alongside each saloon. Accommodation is provided for nine engineers and the stokehold crew

Unlike a vessel recently built by Yarrows for service on Lake Nyasa which went out to its destination in sections, the "Yamuna" will go out to India under her own steam.

CRUSHING BURMESE INSURGENTS

Army Strengthened

RANGOON, Oct. 27. (PTI-Reuter): Burma has begun a nationwide recruiting among her indigenous races to expand her regular armed forces in order to crush "political insurgency" as soon as possible, Burmese Premier, Thakin Nu said last night

He was addressing a public meeting at Maubin.

The Government was determined to make all-out efforts for "peace within one year" the Premier said, adding" we now have sufficient arms and ammunition."

Once law and order was restored the Government would turn towards "suppressing economic insurgency."

Burma had already acquired important assets through nationalisation and state monopolies but or "we hall have to find technicians and experts from abroad to help us in this economic battle,", the Premier declared.

IMPLEMENTING MINIUMUM WAGES ACT

Mysore Conference To Discuss

NEW DELHI Oct. 27, (PTI):

THE Provincial and State Ministers Conference meeting at Mysore on December 26 and 27 this year will consider the implementation of the Minimum Wages Act passed by the Indian Parliament last year, it was learnt from Labour Ministry sources today.

It is understood that among the questions the Conference will discuss are future policy regarding employment exchange and training schemes and the position arising out of retrenchment in Government-owned and private industrial undertakings.

Included in the agenda for the Conference are a study of the report on labour policy and administration and a review of the position regarding factory inspection services and the progress of agricultural labour enquiry.

SPADE WORK OVER

The Minimum Wages Act passed in 1948 is due for implementation by March next year in the case of industrial workers and by March 1951 for agricultural labour. The spade-work for the bringing into operation of the Act, it is learnt, has already been done by the Government.

The Government of India are conducting an agricultural labour enquiry of 2,000 villages in various parts of the country. The purpose of the enquiry, which started last April, is to ascertain at first hand conditions obtaining in agricultural labour and the data so obtained will form the foundation of future labour legislation.

EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE

As regards the policy about employment exchanges and training schemes the matter was discussed at the last Conference of Provincial and State Labour Ministers in January 1949. At that Conference, a suggestion was made that the provinces should take the management of employment exchanges and training schemes, but they refused. The schemes are now being managed by the Government of India who have decided to continue them till July 1952.

The Economy Committee, appointed by Parliament however, is understood to have recommended handing over the management of the schemes to the Provincial and State Governments and this question is expected to figure prominently during the forthcoming Conference.

THIRD LOAN FROM WORLD BANK

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26 (PTI): By the end of the year India will have received 70 to 75 million dollars by way of loans from the International Bank for reconstruction and development, it is learned here.

Loans for two schemes (railways, 34 million dollars and reclamation of land from weed-infested areas, 10 million dollars) have already been granted, and a loan for a third scheme, the Bokaro Thermal Unit, now under the bank's examination, may shortly be announced. It is expected that examination of further schemes submitted to the Bank will take place next year

Mr. Keith C. Roy, the Government of India's loan negotiator with the Bank, has returned to Delhi from U.S.A.

MOVE TO OUST SIND PREMIER

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Oct. 27: An interesting case is now going on before the Chief Court of Sind wherein Mir Muradali Khan Talpur, a big zamindar of Hyderabad (Sind), has prayed for a declaration that Mr. Yusuf Abdulla Haroon, the present Premier of Sind, be debarred from contesting any seat on the Sind Legislative Assembly. Mir Murad Ali has also appealed for an injuwnction to be issued against Mr. Haroon restraining him from offering himself as a candidate for any such election

In his application, the plaintiff has prayed that since Karachi was made a separate Province under the Central Government from July 23, 1948, the defendant, who is a resident of Karachi, cannot be called a resident of Sind. Moreover, he is not registered as a voter for any of the territorial constituencies of the Province.

The case is now proceeding day by day and the people have evinced keen interest in it because if Mr. Haroon fails to get himself elected to the Sind Legislative Assembly by the middle of December, he will automatically cease to be the Premier of Sind.

Sind Hindus Dubbed Evacuees

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Oct. 27: The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Sind, has directed all the Co-operative Institutions under him in the Province not to pay dividends on their shares to any Hindu shares-holders

This order, it is learnt, has been issued under the Evacuee Properties Ordinance taking it for granted that every Hindu of Sind is an 'Evacuee'.

According to information received here from Radhan, District Dadu (Sind), Seth Khialdas, a big zamindar and President of the Hindu Panchayat, was done to death by hatchet blows on public road in the market area during day time This has created much sensation and nervousness amongst the Hindu still remaining in the district and they have sent telegrams to the higher authorities to bring the culprits to book. No arrests, however, habe yet been made in this respect.

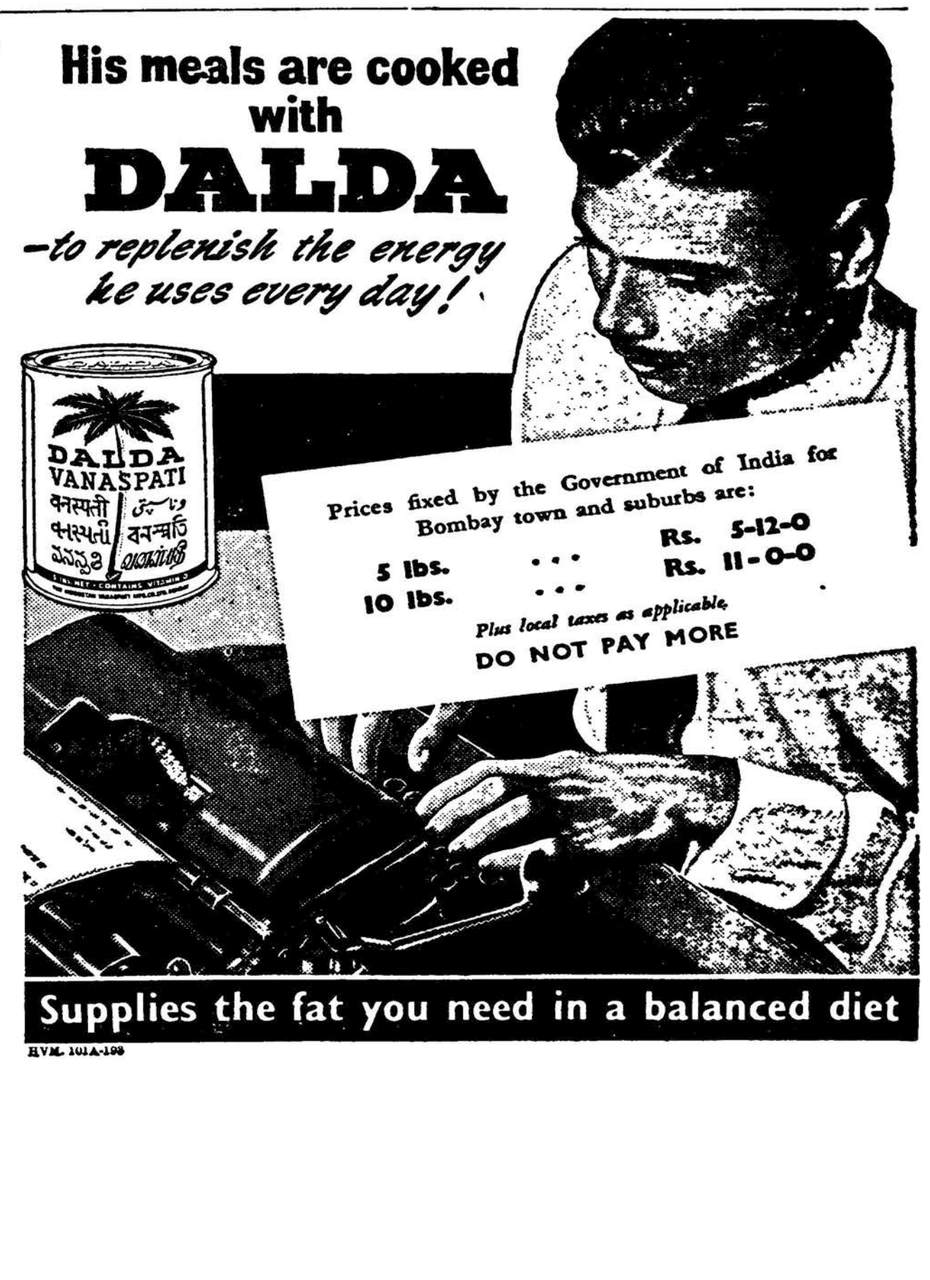
Gur Sold At Rs. 50 A Maund

BENARES, Oct. 26 (P.T.I.): "Gur" is sold at the rate of upees 50 per maund in some villages in Deoria district, states a report appearing in a local paper.

His meals are cooked with

DALDA

—to replenish the energy he uses every day!



Prices fixed by the Government of India for Bombay town and suburbs are:

5 lbs. ... Rs. 5-12-0
10 lbs. ... Rs. 11-0-0

Plus local taxes as applicable

DO NOT PAY MORE

Supplies the fat you need in a balanced diet

HVM. 101A-198

CANE GROWER MUST BE GIVEN MORE

Sugar Mills Point A Way Out Of Crisis

GOVERNMENT BLAMED FOR FAULTY DISTRIBUTION

CALCUTTA (By Mail).

THE Indian Sugar Mills Association, in a communique to the press, expresses the view that the price of sugar could be maintained at a reasonable level only by achieving the production target of 1.2 million tons during the ensuing season.

The Association feels that the target is capable of being realised—in fact in 1943-44 factories in India produced that quantity—but increased production can be achieved only if the cane grower is paid a fair price as compared with his return from gur manufacture.

The Association which is critical of the Government's order freezing stocks, feels that if the law of supply and demand had been allowed to operate, sugar might still have been available at Rs. 1-2-0 or Rs. 1-3-0 per seer at the utmost.

"Recalling that the main object of interference by the Government in the distribution of sugar was to ensure an adequate supply of sugar to consumers at fair and reasonable prices, although even on September 2nd when the stocks were frozen, sugar was freely available at about -/15/- to Re. 1/- a seer in retail throughout the country, the Association says that "not only the above objective has not so far been achieved by the Government, but on the other hand an acute sugar famine has been created and sugar cannot be had even at rupees three per seer in Calcutta and in the various important towns in the country."

The Association attributes this mainly to the freezing order served by the Government of India on the mills without having a proper machinery for sales and necessary arrangements for the distribution of sugar. If the economic law of supply and demand had been allowed to operate, Association feels, the price of sugar would not have gone up beyond Rs. 1/2/- to Rs. 1/3/- per seer at the most.

ADVERSE EFFECT

The Association adds:

"Another adverse effect due to the imposition of control over factory sugar, has been the abnormal increase in the prices of gur and khandsari sugar which the Government have not been able to check so far. It need hardly be stated that gur is now selling at about Rs. 45 per maund and khandsari sugar at about Rs 80 per maund as against Rs. 15 and Rs. 24 previous to the enforcement of sugar control.

"The effect of this would be that most of the cane during the ensuing season would be diverted to manufacture khandsari sugar, as was the case during the last sugar control if the present position of uncertainty is allowed to continue.

"Government are still considering their policy in regard to the ensuing season. The Association trusts that they will give adequate thought to this aspect of the issue as to how production can be stepped up. Whatever might be Government's decision with regard to continuation of control, sugar price can be maintained at reasonable level only by achieving the production target of 1.2 million tons during the ensuing season. The Association is confident that this target is capable of realisation. During the season 1943-44 factories in the Indian Union had actually produced 1.2 million tons sugar. But it must be realised, in this connection, that increased production can be achieved only if the cane grower is paid a fair price as compared with his return from gur manufacture. Account has also to be taken of the increased manufacturing charges resulting from transportation of cane from distant areas and lower sugar recovery achieved therefrom as also due to early and late crushing."

INDUSTRIALISTS MAY DECLARE PROFITS

Negotiations Going On

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 27: It is reliably learnt that private negotiations are going on between prominent industrialists of Ahmedabad and the Government for bringing out black money.

It is learnt that no steps will be taken against those who voluntarily declare the money.

Seth Hargovandas has made a public appeal to the mercantile community to declare their war profits. It is learnt that some compromise between the industrialists and the Government is likely.

Transport Priority For Hand Made Paper

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Ministry of Transport of the Government of India has advised the Bombay Port Trust Railway, the Bombay Baroda and Central Indian Railway and the Great Indian Peninsula Railway authorities (including the B. L. Railway Kurduwadi) that plants and raw materials for, and finished products of, the Hand Paper Industry, should be accepted for booking in priority class II (C) on a par with similar movements to paper mills. Suppliers of waste paper and other raw materials to hand-made-paper cottage industries may now take advantage of this priority to dispatch their goods.

Why Was King's Family Left Out?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Socialist M.P. Emrys Hughes has tabled a motion regretting that Mr. Attlee's axe did not fall on the budget of the royal family in view of Britain's acute economic crisis. The motion regrets that no proposal has been made to effect a substantial reduction in payments to the royal family.

MR. CHURCHILL IS BEWILDERED

Unrequited Exports To India

WOODFORD (Essex), Oct. 27 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Mr. Winston Churchill, criticising the government's economic policy, said here last night that he could not conceive that the sending of "unrequited exports" to such countries as India and Egypt should have been allowed, to go on.

The Conservative leader, addressing more than 1,000 of his constituents said "they (the government) talk of unrequited exports. We are spending many hundreds of millions in sending exports out of this country to places like India and Egypt which we protected in the war from Japan and Italy, and in return we are getting nothing to renourish ourselves, to revitalise our efforts and to reanimate ourselves.

"About two or three years ago I asked that there should be a reduction in expenditure by several hundred millions a year. That is what they are trying to do now.

"But if they had done it two or three years ago we would have been in a better position today and would have avoided this disastrous devaluation".

POLICE COMB CITY FOR SUGAR

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In their city-wide comb-out for hoarded stocks of sugar, the Crime Branch C.I.D. of the Bombay Police yesterday carried out a series of raids on restaurants, sweetmeat shops and godowns in different parts of the city and succeeded in unearthing large quantities of undeclared stocks.

The proprietor of a city sweetmeat shop, Sadanji Lal Chandulal, and his working partner Narottamdas Mansuklal were arrested yesterday when the Police seized 17 bags of sugar from their shop.

On the same day, the Police searched an Irani restaurant at Byculla when they recovered 3 bags of sugar and another quantity of 231 pounds kept in a big drum. An intensive search of the restaurant kitchen resulted in this seizure. Gulam Raza, proprietor and Mohamed Taqui Ali Hussain, manager, were taken into custody.

The third arrest of the day was at Charni Road where they raided a grocery shop. The residence of the partner of the shop, Morarji Devji was searched when 112 pounds of sugar were seized. 153 pounds were recovered from the shop itself.

All the arrested men were produced before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, today and were allowed bail.

Cloth Export Likely To Be Restricted

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 27: In view of the present cloth situation the Government of India are likely to restrict export of cloth to 25 per cent of the production. At present the mills are exporting 80 per cent of the cloth production.

INTERNATIONAL ANTI-LOCUST DRIVE

Dr. A. M. Malik, Minister of the Pakistan Government inaugurated the international Anti-Locust Conference in Karachi on October 22. Photo shows the minister reading his address. Facing the camera (from left to right) are: Dr. B. P. Uvarov (U.K.), Mr. A. R. Waterston (Middle East), Mr. W. Stower (Eritrea), Mr. R. R. Stepehenson (Nairobi), Mr. G. Popov (Arabia), Mian Afzal Hussain (Pakistan), and Dr. Taskhir Ahmed (Pakistan). With their backs to the camera (from left to right) are: Monsieur Mohd. Hussain Bey (Egypt), Dr. K. D. Baweja (India), Dr. Isfandairi (Iran) and Mr. Kausari (Iran).

STERLING RELEASES CUT NOT RESENTED BY CITY

Reduction In Luxury Imports?

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THE announcement of a cut in the releases of the Sterling Balances made by the British Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir Stafford Cripps last night, appears to have caused no feeling of soreness in city circles in Bombay, writes the P.T.I. financial correspondent.

On the other hand, these circles noted with satisfaction that Sir Stafford made no reference whatever to a scaling down of the Balances.

While official reaction from New Delhi is still awaited, it is generally believed that the British Government would have taken the Indian Government into confidence before making the announcement.

BOON IN DISGUISE

The cuts may not substantially upset India's capital expediture programme, because India herself is drastically slashing it down. These may mean a reduction in the volume of the imports of certain categories of goods, but such curtailment may become a boon in disguise, particularly if the cut affects luxury goods. This, of course, may lead to some rise in prices.

For the year 1948-49, the United Kingdom released a total of £ 161 million for India; of this. £ 36 million was allowed to be converted into dollars. They also agreed to release £ 50 million for the year ending June 1950 and another £ 50 million for the next 12 months. It is not yet known to what extent these promised amounts will be curtailed, nor to what extent covertibility will be affected.

HEART- BURNING

The releases hitherto made by the United Kingdom to India, together with the amounts converted into dollars have already caused some heart-burning in British financial circles. After the last financial agreement between Sir Stafford Cripps and Dr. John Matthai in August this year, for instance, the "Financial Times" city correspondent wrote: "The new arrangements for dealing with India's currency expenditure in hard currencies are not easy to understand."

After a detailed analysis of the terms of the agreement the correspondent added: "All this is incredibly good for India, but it is far from good for this country."

POSITION CLEAR

City circles in Bombay said that though so far no official reaction had been received from Delhi, the position was perfectly clear. The question of sterling balances was fully discussed at the Commonwealth Finance Ministers' conference, and the present arrangement between India and the United Kingdom was governed by an agreement which gould be in force till July next. Last year India exceeded the amount provided to be drawn. It was because of this that the Government of India had introduced very stringent measures to restrict imports even from the sterling area, by modifying the Open General Licence.

In some circles Sir Stafford Cripps's statement is taken to be a sop to the opposition. Market circles are now awaiting more precise information regarding sterling release cuts as well as official reaction from Delhi.

PAKISTAN'S BID TO SAVE COAL

Locomotives To Be Converted

KARACHI, Oct. 27. (PTI-Reuter): The Pakistan Government propose to resume conversion of coal-burning railway locomotives to oil-burning engines, according to the Associated Press of Pakistan.

The uncertain position regarding the supply of coal from India, is the root cause for this step, the Agency understood.

Two hundred of the 850 locomotives of the Pakistan Railways are already oil-burning. These were converted during last year. The process of conversion was, however, suddenly stopped during December last on account of the unsatisfactory supply of fire bricks from Jubbulpore in India, on which Pakistan was then mainly depending for her requirements.

The supply position regarding fire bricks has of late shown some improvement.

No Reference To India's Balances

LONDON, October 27 (P.T.I.-Reuter): A Treasury spokesman said last night that references to tightening releases of old Sterling Balances, made by Sir Stafford Cripps in the House of Commons, represented a general statement of future policy.

The Chancellor was not referring to individual cases or past agreements, the spokesman added.

Unofficial experts recalled that Britain's sterling agreements with India, Pakistan and several other countries already specify the amounts of sterling to be released for periods up to next June. Such agreements could hardly be varied by Britain unilaterally. The amounts of the releases have been widely criticised in Britain as excessive.

PAK JUTE POSITION "SATISFACTORY"

Govt. Taking Measures To Increase World Demand

KARACHI, Oct. 27 (PTI): Mr. Fazlur Rahman, Pakistan Minister for Commerce, who returned here yesterday after a tour of East Bengal said the jute position there was "satisfactory".

Mr. Rahman said the minimum price of jute fixed by the Pakistan Government would not only assure a reasonable return to the grower but also stimulate the export of jute.

He added that Government were taking steps through its trade representatives abroad to increase the demand for her jute in the world markets.

BETTER TRANSPORT

Referring to transport, Mr. Rahman said the channels of movement had been "toned up" for the "swift and smooth" transport of jute. The Chittagong port which handled 15,00,000 bales of jute exports last year, he said, could now handle nearly double the volume without much difficulty.

RELIEVING JUTE CONGESTION

Talks In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27. (PTI): Sardar Datar Singh, Additional Secretary to the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, on his return here, from Sahibgunj, renewed discussions on ways and means for relieving congestion of jute stocks at the Cassipore Yard with representatives of jute-trade and industry as well as of Central and Provincial Governments in Calcutta.

Sardar Datar Singh, who had arrived here on October 23 from Delhi for discussions left for Sahibgunj to collect first-hand information about railway facilities and arrangements of ferries at Maniharighat in Bihar for transport of jute.

DIRECTOR OF FOOD CONTROL

Appointment To Be Made Shortly

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Fifty big tractors which the Government of Bombay had decided to import from America during the current year, at an estimated cost of nearly Rs. 25,00,000, will now not be ordered, as the prices of American tractors have appreciated by 43 per cent after the devaluation of the rupee. Tractor implements and accessories, to go with the tractors, which were also calculated to cost a few lakhs in rupees will also not be ordered.

Similarly 47 other tractors which were expected to be imported by the Bombay Government during the next year, now stand cancelled. A spokesman of the Bombay Government stated that the Province was not prepared to pay the greatly increased prices for these essential agricultural implements, on account of the dollar famine in the country.

The same spokesman said that the Government felt that Bombay's food production would show an appreciable increase during the next two years. But, even with the best efforts, he did not expect that the Province would attain self-sufficiency on the food-front in less than about five years. While the general shortage in the country was about ten per cent of total requirements, Bombay Province had an average shortage between 25 to 30 per cent. The actual shortage averaged about eight lakhs tons per year, the average yield being between 32 to 36 lakh tons. Government expected to raise a yield of three lakh tons more, by its all-out efforts.

But they were not satisfied. Hence they were contemplating the appointment of a Director of Food Control in the Province. His functions, would not be those of an agricultural specialist, but would demand, drive, organising capacity and co-ordination. His duties would be analogus in the Provincial sphere to the duties of Mr. R. K. Patil, Government of India's Food Commissioner, in the Central Sphere.

HIGHER PRICE FOR JUTE

E. Pakistan League's Demand

DACCA, Oct. 27 (P.T.I.-Reuter): A higher minimum price for raw jute than that fixed by the Government of Pakistan, was urged by the Working Committee of the East Pakistan Provincial Muslim League at an emergency meeting, it is learnt.

Mr. Fazalur Rahman, Commerce Minister of Pakistan, who attended by special invitation explained to the committee the new government policy on jute.

In the cours of the discussion, the Committee is understood to have expressed "resentment" against the ordinance promulgated by the Central Government, and urged that the administration of the ordinance should be delegated to the Provincial Government.

Regarding the minimum price fixed for pute the Committee is understood to have maintained that the price was neither economical nor reasonable, and it would encourage smuggling besides impairing the confidence of the grower.

IMPORTANCE OF INDIA NOW BEING REALISED

Mr. Kaul's Impressions Of Tour

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (PTI.) Mr M. N. Kaul, Secretary of the Indian Parliament, who has returned to New Delhi after attending the Inter-Parliamentary Conference at Stockholm and visiting a number or European countries, told the PTI today that thoughtful men in Europe were beginning to realise the importance of India and other Asian countries in world affairs.

India was represented at the conference by Mr. Mohan Lal Gautam (United Provinces), Mr. Tajamul Hussain (Bihar) and Mr. K. Hanumanthaiyya (Mysore) while Mr. Kaul attended the conference of Secretaries-General of Parliaments, who also assisted the delegates in their day to day work

The conference was held at Stockholm from September 4 to 13 and was attended by over 30 Parliamentary groups, including some from Eastern European countries allied with the Soviet Union. India attended the conference for the first time as a full member and in recognition of her new status. One of her delegates, Mr. Gautam, was elected a member of the Executive Committee.

NO CORRUPTION IN NORWAY

Mr. Kaul visited the industrial area of Sweden and noted with interest that in the Swedish Parliament vote was taken by Machine. Members had simply to psess a particular button and their vote would be recorded automatically.

He found that corruption was hardly noticeable in Norway. He was told that one of the reasons for this was that records showing the income of every citizen were kept in the local Town Hall and any citizen could ask for the records of anyone whom he suspected of having made "black" money

On his way back to India, Mr. Kaul visited the European section of the United Nations Organisation housed in the Palatial buildings of the former league of Nations.

He will report to Speaker Mavalankar on his observations.

EXECUTION OF GREEK POLITICALS

U. N. Defeats Soviet Proposal

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 26. (PTI-Reuter): The Political Committee of the United Nations General Assembly today defeated a Soviet proposal that the United Nations act to prevent the execution of eight political prisoners condemned to death in Greece.

The Committee decided by 31 votes to 16 against, with 12 abstentions, that it was not in its competence to deal with the proposal.

The Committee also voted that it was incompetent to deal with resolutions submitted by Colombia, Paraguay and Uruguay.

The Committee voted that it was competent, however, to deal with an amended Ecuadorean resolution, asking the President of the General Assembly to negotiate with representatives of the Greek Government on the suspension of death sentences passed by military courts for political reasons, as long as the Balkans Conciliation Committee was in existence

No vote had been taken on the actual resolution when the committee adjourned its debate until tomorrow.

Import Of Foodgrains

SRINAGAR, Oct. 26 (P.T.I.): The Jammu and Kashmir Government have today issued an order prohibiting import of foodgrains into the State except under permits, an official announcement said today.

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FURTHER SHARP DECLINE IN TATA STEELS

Cotton Mill Shares Rule Quiet With Limited Business

BOMBAY, Oct. 27

There was a sharp drop on the Bombay Stock Exchange in Tata Steel shares on increased selling pressure influenced by the statement of Sir Strafford Cripps in the Parliament. He said "Britain could not continue to repay sterling debts to the same extent as hitherto." Recently the market was gradually reaching lower levels with poor rallying power and the above statement was mainly responsible for today's sharp decline. There was heavy unloading and some selling by Bear operators.

The market opened lower and drifted down on increased selling. Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1382 against yesterday's closing level at Rs. 1406/4 and after improving at Rs. 1385 downturned at Rs. 1350. At this level shorts came in to cover and a portion of the lost ground was regained and Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1365. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 272 and after declining at Rs. 269 steadied at Rs. 270.

Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1015. Nagpurs came in business at Rs. 225. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 263 while Svadeshi Mill shares were placed at Rs. 245. Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 14.

Towards the close there was cessation of selling. It was said that the early selling was forced liquidation on behalf of some clients who failed to pay their obligations. Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1370/- Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 270/- Bombay Dyeings were placed at 1020/- Indian Irons done at Rs. 27/6 and Bengal Steels were placed at Rs. 19/4. Scindia Shares were done at Rs. 14/3. It will be seen that the selling pressure was confined to Steel Shares. The market was steady at the decline towards the close.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1017 8
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	263 8
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	246 0
Central India Mills (4)	226 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	174 8
New Great Eastern (8)	139 0
Indore (8-13)	118 12
Gokak Mills (12)	249 0
Century Spinning (15)	225 10
Indian Bleaching (6)	145 0
Swan Mills (20)	301 0
Finlay Mills (15)	248 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	436 4
Edward Sassoon (30)	207 8
Meyer (12)	110 0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 9 6
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11 0
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 11 6
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170 0
Podar (S)	135 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	170 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	270 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1370 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	135 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	136 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	319 6
Belapur Sugar (9)	199 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	31 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	14 3
Premier Construction	93 8
Tata Chemical	10 14
Tata Oil (2)	43 0
Indian Iron (0-12)	27 6
Bengal Steel (0-12)	19 4
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 2
Indian Copper	2 5
Wimco	181 4
Alcock	245 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1507 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1440 0
Tata Hydro (3)	155 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	55 8
Phoenix (50)	133 12
Indian Mfg.	2925 0
Kurla XD	107 8
Colaba (12)	114 8
New City (1)	158 2
Minerva (12)	137 8
Bradbury	435 0
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	4 5
Bharat Mills (2)	28 12
Mysore (4)	170 0
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	183 12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	685 0
Vishnu Cotton	220 0
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	223 12
Sholapur Mills (200)	2860 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-5)	50 8
New Ahmedabad	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	28 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 14
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162 8
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	72 8
Berar Mills	250 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	125 0
Ahmedabad New	71 8
Surat Electric (2-8)	138 12
Karachi Electric (2)	136 14
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 4
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	135 0
Bombay Suburban XR	138 12
Bombay Suburban New	82 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1722 8
Imperial Bank PP. (8-12)	427 8
Central Bank (1-8)	77 4
Central Bank New (1-8)	79 0
Bank of India (4) XD	170 8
Union (0-5)	7 0
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	116 8
Devkarah Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)	46 8
Jaipur Bank (1-5)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	265 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4200 0
Empire (10)	625 0
New India (1-8)	55 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
C.P. (1-14) XD	113 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	227 8
Bombay Burma New (5)	120 0
Burma Petrol	1 7 3
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	60 0
Kemp & Co. (30)	395 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	85 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	38 8
Mukund Iron	13 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	161 4
Supreme India X.R.	78 12
Jam Wire (6)	67/8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cyc's	28 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	132 8
United Motor	28 0
Associated Cement New (2)	136 4
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	28 0
Estrella Batteries	32 2
Manmad Press	120 0
National Rayon	36 8
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1340 0
Hydro Electric (7)	132 8
Bombay Steamer (6)	237 8
Central India (5)	950 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	
Lakshmi Mills	260 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316 4
Surat Electricity (3-4)	137 8
Pre. Construction First	102 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	99 8
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 8
Tata Chemical	117 8
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	74 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 7
New Victoria	2 0
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 4
Palton (8)	113 0
Gold Mohor	282 8
New Kaiser Hind	420 0
Sajjan Mills (20)	155 0
Osmanshahi (16)	245 0
Azamshahi	275 0
Air Services	5 10
Air India Tata	58 0
Hind Motor	4 13
Indian Steam	7 13

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

Tata Ordinary 270, Tata Deferred 1370, Indian Iron 27-6, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 19-4, Bombay Dyeing 1017-8, Central India 226-4, Gokak 249-6, Kohinoor 263-12, Simplex 174-8, Swadeshi 246-14, Tata Power 1507-8, Associated Cement 136-14, Belapur 199-6, Bombay Burma (Old) 319-6, Scindia 14-3, Central Bank 77-4, New India 55, Tata 2nd Pref. 135.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, October 27.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 200 bars of Silver at Rs. 168/2 and ten thousand tolas gold at Rs. 114/8.

Kartak delivery Silver opened at Rs. 168/4 and improved at Rs. 168/12 on moderate buying. At this level there was increased selling and Silver declined about rupee one at Rs. 167/12. Thereafter there was scattered covering and the market steadied at Rs. 168/-. Ready Silver was offered at a discount of annas two at Rs. 167/14.

Kartak delivery Gold opened at Rs. 113/14 and after declining at Rs. 113/11 steadied at Rs. 113/12. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115/- and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 77/8.

Later on the market was very steady with improved buying. Closing quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	169	8	0
Kartak dely.	169	10	0
Ready Gold	115	12	0
Kartak dely.	114	10	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, October 27.

The local cotton market was officially open today but no business was reported.

Present prices being near the the ceiling level, there is utter absence of outside participation. There being little change in the prices, even jobbers are not willing to do any business as the stamp duty eats awry all small gains.

Moreover there is a tendency to await the result of the clearings of the alleged illegal transactions.

Later on scattered business was done in May delivery at Rs. 615/8. It was rumoured that legal action will be taken against some members for alleged illegal transactions.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 26.

KARNAK	
November	68.35 plus 125
January	67.90 plus 123
March	67.25 plus 125
ASHMOUNI	
December	59.55 plus 128
February	59.30 plus 135
April	58.55 plus 115

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

In view of heavy arrivals, groundnut prices have declined sharply while oil prices record a drastic drop.

Groundnuts old crop Khandesh was quoted at Rs. 41/12. Receipts Rs. 39/12, November Rs. 37 and December Rs. 36 Coromendals were quoted at Rs. 41/8. Bold old were also quoted at Rs. 41/8. December delivery was done at Rs. 35/10 and January at Rs. 35/2.

Linseed Bold was quoted at Rs. 33/12 and small seed at Rs. 32/- Castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 26/- arrivals in upcountry markets are reported very heavy and the demand is poor.

Groundnut oil Bombay Mills was offered at Rs. 23/2 while upcountry receipts were quoted at Rs. 22/10. Linseed Oil was placed at Rs. 20/4.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent. 1962	99	0	0
2 3/4 per cent 1978	96	0	0
3 per cent non terminable	97	2	0
3 per cent Con.	97	1	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	11	0
3 per cent 1952-55	101	15	0
3 per cent 1957	101	5	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	1	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102	0	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	13	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	0	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0	0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109	8	0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni. 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	8	0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956	113	12	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0

Economic Depression Affects Securities

BOMBAY, Oct. 27

In contrast with the heavy slump in the British Government securities. Indian gilt-edged securities were steady today, with the three per cent 1986 Loan being quoted an anna higher than in the last few days. Today's rate was Rs. 97-3. The undertone of the market is not regarded as firm, because many traders appear to be hesitant, writes the PTI Financial correspondent.

INDEX OF FAITH

If the trend of the prices of securities is considered an index of the faith of the people in their Government, the Indian people have much greater confidence in their Government than the British people have in theirs, a prominent operator commented today.

The fall in British Securities commenced after the Labour Government's coming into power when it became apparent that they meant to pursue vigorously their policy of nationalisation and social security.

The 2½ per cent Consols, the barometer of all British securities, pierced the par level in 1946, about a year after the assumption of office by the Labour Government, and since then have continued on the downward trend, with occasion fractional recoveries. The biggest fall was in December of the same year. During 1948 the price averaged around 77.

NEW LOW LEVEL

The securities continued to be depressed by Britain's economic difficulties, and by August of this year the Consols had fallen to 71. Yesterday's lowest level was 66-3/4, a record so far, though the close on the same day was slightly better at 68.

Indian gilt-edged securities, notwithstanding the numerous difficulties during the Government of India had to face during the last three years have been much better off. These were at their highest levels from May to July 1946, the three per cent 1986 being then quoted around Rs. 105 The Calcutta killings in August, 1946, followed by Bombay riots early next month, disrupted the Indian securities market along with other stocks and shares.

POLITICAL RIOTS

The sagging tendency created by the political riots, was aggravated by what has now come to be known as the "Liaquat Ali Budget" of 1947. Then came the partition of India, followed by killings and mass migrations on an unprecedented scale leading to colossal expenditure on refugees. All these factors had a further depressing effect on the market, without any redeeming feature. The result was that by March 1948 the 1986 loan pierced the par level. The general economic depression has brought the securities to their present level, 1986, today quoting at Rs. 97-3.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

Today the market opened at Rs. 756 for October and after initial improvement at Rs. 758 declined at Rs. 751 on renewed selling. Closing quotations were as under:—

120 Spot Japan	3	12	0
150 Spot Japan	3	13	6
120 Spot Italy	3	8	0
150 Spot Italy	3	13	0
150 D. Box Oct.	754	0	0
150 D. Box Nov.	766	0	0

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 27.

Market opened with a nervous tone and was subdued but with some inquiry of bears at a lower level market was pushed up a little.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 259, lowest 254.

Arvind opened 771, highest 776 lowest 767.

Ambica opened 328, lowest 326.

Deferred opened 1388, lowest 1360.

Closing quatations: Calico 255, Advind 773, Ambica 328, Deferred 1370, Atul 34, Raipur 1520 (Xd). New Manek Chowk 175 (Xd).

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Oct. 26.

London silver spot and forward 64 pence
Gold bars fine per oz £12:8:0

NEW YORK SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

SILVER: Consumers readily absorbed offerings approximating 250,000 ounces silver and were understood to have purchased an additional 100,000 ounces from Banco Mexico. Bullioners estimate that Banco Mexico may have supplied as much as two million ounces to the New York market during the past ten days. The price remained at the unchanged level.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

MILLS

Apollo 2/10 2/9/6
Bharat 28/12
B. Dyeing 1015 17/8 5 20 17/8
C. India 226 23/8 26
Colaba 114/8
Elphinstone Ord. 55/8
Finlay 250 48
Gokak 240 47/8 50 49
I.U. Defd. 1/12 1/11/6
I.U. Ord. 11/2 10/15 11
Indore 117/8 16/4 18/12
Kohinoor 264 62/8 63 62 63/8 63 63/8
Laxmi 685
Model 183/2 83/12
New Great 138 37 39
Sassoon Cotton 15/13 16
Sassoon Silk 31
Sholapur 2860
Simplex 175/8 74 75 72 74/8
Rajabahadur 608
Swadeshi 247 48/8 45 46
Swan 301
Tata Mills 50/8
Scindia 13/14 13/13 14 13/10 14/5 14/3

BANKS

Central 77 77/8 77/4
Imperial Old 1725 22/8
Imperial New 427/8
India 171 70/8
Union 7 6/14 7
U. Commercial 46/8

ELECTRIC—
Ahmedabad 125
Ajmer 10-4 10-6
Suburban 138-12
Hydro 155
„ Pref. 127-8
Power 1510 7-8
„ Pref. 1337-8

INSURANCE—
Oriental 4200

STEEL—
New India 56 55
B. Steel 19-8 19-10 10-1 19-4
I Iron 27-10 27-5 27-6
Tata Defd. 1385 82-8 90 52-8 67-8 60 70
„ Ord. 272 71 72-8 70 71 68 71 70
„ 1st Pref. 193-12 94-6
„ 2nd Pref. 135

MISCELLANEOUS—
Alcock 245
A.C.C. Old 136 37 35-8 37 36-8
„ New 134-8 35
Belapur 197-8 200 197-8 99 96-8 99
B.B. Old 321-4 15 19-6
„ Petrol 1-7-6 1-7 1-7-3
B.I.C. 8-2
I. Copper 2-5-6
P. Const 94 94-8 90 94 93-8
Shivrajpur 31
Tata Chem. 11 10-14
„ Pref. 117-8
„ Oil 48
Wimco 181-4

SPECIAL—
Ahmedabad Elec. New 71-8
Standard 223-12.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1 5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 3/32 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7 32 7th—9th Month.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435
Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 474 3.4. Montreal 431 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C., Montreal Rs. 430 1/2 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.
Switzerland Banks Selling T. T D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.
Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldn. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T D. D. Rs. 84.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 156 1/2
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 1/2
New York/London Cross Rate $2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65. London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 35. London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 7/8-1/2 31/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 90.20 London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65. London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 80.35. London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-5.65. London Montreal Cross Rate $3.07 3/4-3.08 1/4. London/New York Cross Rate $2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8. London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. 141. London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4-2/4 1/8. London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12.23-12.26.
London Discts 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c.
London Discts 6 Mos 3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 3/4 per cent, 3 Mos. 1 per cent, 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent, 12 Mos 1-1/2 per cent
Tone: Easy.

Imperial Bank Of India

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 21st October:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	
Authorised	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Account	6,30,00,000
Sundries	267,37,29,000
	1,70,88,000
Total Rs.	281,00,67,000

ASSETS	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	120,44,10,000
Other Authorised Investments	11,74,28,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	20,83,04,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	62,23,25,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	3,62,58,000
Dead Stock	1,58,98,000
Sundries	1,82,55,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	44,99,11,000
Balances with other Banks	13,72,78,000
Total Rs.	281,00,67,000

In the absence of fixed exchange rates between India and Pakistan for Pakistan rupees, figures in respect of Bank's Pakistan branches have been entered at par in the above statement.

Bombay Colour And Chemical Market

BOMBAY Oct. 26

"Business cannot be a monopoly of any individual. Instead of thinking of crushing the small and new comer to our trade, it is the first and foremost duty of the Big and Established old merchant to think of the properity of the small and new comer and to wish that he be successful and of his status. This occation will bring manyfold good results. By this occation we can make such a strong and united Association of the Merchants wherein nearly 300 firms and merchants can join at a time and can have their voice. Due to dullness low rates or finencial difficulties when crisis would come then these seeds or foundation laid today for UNITY and Co-operation will be of great use and importance to save all irrespective of capacity." This was the principal voice of each and every speaker at the New Year Sneh Samelan, held in the office Hall of Messrs Chatrabruj K. Navji with the efforts of Seth Ranchhoddas K. Rangwala, Chhotalal Mehta Premchand M. Bavisi and Bhagvandas K. Asher, this evening.

ACTIVE BUYING IN NEAR MONTHS ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Wall Street Improves On Hopes Of End Of Steel Strike

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

COTTON: Opening gains were extended under the leadership of old-crops. Aggressive mill buying, meagreness of hedges, activity in the cottongoods markets and loan influences were the chief bullish factors. On the otherhand, newcrops were more on less sluggish reflecting profit-taking and possibly technical considerations. Near months advanced again during the afternoon on further trade support. Fears that the recent rains may lower grades and tighten free supplies of good quality cotton added to the earlier influences. The department of agriculture reported recently that cotton ginning thus far this season averaged lower in quality than for any season since 1945. Distant months displayed a rallying tendency regaining earlier losses thought still lagging. Bullish goodmarkets reports and firmness of securities were helpful. The session closed steady with sales estimated at 200,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

December	29.87+10
March	29.85+09
May	29.84+11
July	29.42+10
Oct.	27.96+02
Middling spot	30.42+15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

December	29.81+07
March	29.82+08
May	29.81+12
July	29.34+10
Middling spot	29.35+35

New York Cotton Dec. Highest 29.87 at 2.19 p.m. Lowest 29.78 at 10 a.m.

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS: Prices were again at new 1949 peaks aided by pleasing corporate news and persistent talk that Truman may soon make a direct bid for steel peace. After some consolidation, shortcovering and reinvestment buying brought gains upto dollar or more in fair activity. United States steel was unchanged at 24-1/2 with the announcement that dividends earnings were in line with expectations. The averages were industrials 188.01 and rails 48.36.

Continued firmness of assorted industrials and specialitie featured the afternoon. Goldminings were in demand with some blocks of benguet exchanged at 2-1/2. Profit-taking found westing-house electric unchanged after the earlier half a dollar gain to a new peak of 29-1/2 on dividend news and prospects. Late spurt featuring aircrafts, schemicals, minings and oils brought the day's gains to fractions to two dollars. The market closed firm.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.

GRAINS: Latterly prices backed away under increased profit-taking and hedges with the latter noticeable in maize and soyabeans due to favourable weather in the main producing areas. After initial irregularity the market rallied on a flurry of commission house buying and shortcovering evidently based on Washington reports that the United States is considering bartering one 1,000,000 tons of American wheat for Indian manganese and mica.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO Oct. 26.

December	2.14-1/2
March	2.15-1/2
May	2.10-1/2
July	1.94-3/4

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Australian wheat (new crop 12s 6d Dec-Jan.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS, Oct. 26.

BOURSE: Hopes of a settlement of France's governmental crisis imparted a more optimistic sentiment to the Bourse and widespread gains were recorded in active trading. Among internationals, Kaffirs and Argentines were firm but Dutch issues lost ground.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

American Telephone and Telegraph	144-1/4
Amerex Holding Co.	32-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	26-7/8
Chase National Bank	36-1/2
Firestone Tyre	47
General Electric	37-3/4
General Motors	66-1/2
Ingersol Rand	70
International Nickel	29-1/8
National City Bank of New York	45-1/8
New York Central Railroad	10-3/8
Sinclair Oil	23-7/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	17-3/8
Texas Corporation	62-3/4
Union Carbide	41-1/4
U. S. Smelting & Refining	39-3/4
U.S. Steel Common	25
Western Telegraph	18-1/4

The volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 1,620,000 bales.

The highest and lowest U.S. Steel trading prices were 25 and 24-3/8 respectively.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, Oct. 26.

BOURSE: The Bourse was apathetic following continued lack of confidence. In very restricted trading, Colonials made the best showing, while Coals and electricities ruled irregular. Textiles and leading metals finished lower.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 26.

BOURSE: Aku and Fokker were again the centre of interest losing further 11 and 10 points respectively. The market otherwise was dull with prices easier where changed. Royal Dutch was well maintained in a steady international section.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 26

2-1/2% British Consols	£68
3-1/2% Conversion Loan 1961	£91-1/4
4% Funding Loan 1960-90	£105-1/4
3-1/2% War Loan	£90-1/4
Chartered Bank of India	9-3/4
Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank	
London Reg.	84-1/2
National Bank of India	£32-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 5.814.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Oct. 26.

T.T LONDON on:

New York	2 7967	to	2 8012
Montreal	3 0775	to	3 0835
Zurich	12 23	to	12.26
Sweden	14.47	to	14.50

NEW YORK PEPPER EASY

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

BLACK PEPPER: The black pepper market was easier with spot offered at 1.35 dollars per poundweight. There are still small available stocks and prospects of continued tight supply. Advices from India are fully on a level with prices quoted here for later positions. The following are today's prices: Black pepper spot, 1.35 asked, November 1.30 bid December 1.30 nominal January 1.26 nominal March 1.11 nominal May 1.06 nominal July 0.94 bid. White Pepper spot 2.20 asked.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The pepper market was quieter with prices easing under a lessened demand. Black lampong October/November was quoted at 12sh. 9d. and white muntok and white sarawak 17sh. 9d per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar October shipment was valued at 1.130 shillings per cwt while first half November was offered at 1.115 shillings against bids of 1.110 shillings per cwt c.i.f. United Kingdom.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Oct. 26.

The Singapore pepper market was quiet today and no business was transacted. White muntok was quoted at the unchanged price of 975 dollars per picul exgodown but black muntok was quoted 15 dollars cheaper at 710 dollars.

POOR BUSINESS IN YARN

BOMBAY, Oct. 26.

The yarn market continued quiet but was steady in the week with hardly any fluctuations of importance in prices. The offtake in almost all kinds of yarns remained rather poor and uninteresting. Reports from consuming districts all over the country were very discouraging and whilst prices remained more or less unchanged undertone continued weak, especially in Indian and Foreign cotton yarns. In case of art silk yarns, prices experienced a sharp decline to the extent of about Rs. 20 per case on the local exchange and even at the close the undertone was poor. Business in all kinds of yarns during Diwali and Hindu New Year was surprisingly very stricted, probably due to uncertainly prevailing in markets and also due to unfavourable economic conditions all over the country. The future outlook does not seem to be promising at the moment.

EXPORT ENQUIRY

The export enquiries for certain types of yarns which were in evidence for the last few days have considerably reduced and it seems as though the overseas buyers have been waiting further decline in prices which, it is believed, it might come into it is being in prices which, it is before from November onwards. It is also likely that their immediate requirements were satisfied and they would prefer to wait and watch further developments.

S. S. "BEAVER VICTORY"

DIRECT SAILING from BOMBAY to U.S.A. NORTH Atlantic and Gulf Ports. Ready about 10th November, Sailing 15th.

Apply for Shipping Orders to:

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
ISTHMIAN STEAMSHIP CO.

HERO OF POONCH OPERATIONS

Lt. Gen. S. M. Shrinagesh, formerly overall Commander of Indian forces in Jammu and Kashmir State congratulating the late Maj. Gen. Atma Singh, then commanding Indian troops in the Jammu area, after the operations which led to the Poonch link-up.

THINGS THAT IMPRESSED NEHRU IN AMERICA

"I Have Learnt A Lot", Says India's Prime Minister

CHICAGO, Oct. 27 (PTI).

Speaking to a Chicago audience, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru listed three things which had impressed him greatly during the America n tour.

They were: First, the extraordinary friendliness of the American people and their frank and generous appreciation of things.
Secondly, the forthrightness and generosity of the press.
Thirdly, the abundance of food.

The P.T.I. representative in Chicago describing the reception accorded to Pandit Nehru said: From the City Hall where the Prime Minister was given a reception, Pandit Nehru and Party drove to the Chicago Club where he was the guest of honour at a luncheon given by the Chicago Citizens' Reception Committee.

The Committee comprised an important cross section of Chicago's 4,000,000 population and included industrialists, businessmen, educationalists and labour leaders.

Present at the luncheon were Mr. Adlai E. Stevenson, Governor of Illinois; General Robert Wood, Chairman of Sears Roebuck and Company; Mr. Martin H. Kennelly, the Mayor of Chicago; General Charles E. Dawes Chairman of the Board of the City Bank of New York (former Vice President of the United States); Senator Paul H. Douglas (Democrat) of Illinois; Mr. Marshal Field, publisher of the Chicago Sun Times; Mr Richard Finnigan, editor of the Sun Times, Colonel Robert R. McCormick, publisher of the Chicago Tribune; Dr. J. Roscoe Miller, President of Northwestern University; Mr. S. Knight, publisher of Chicago Daily News; Senator Scott Lucast, Democrat, Illinois and Mr. Frank A. Hect, president of the English Speaking Union.

NEHRU, THE MAN

Mr. Laird Bell, a prominent Chicago lawyer who presided, said he would pay a tribute to Nehru, the man, leaving it to Mr. Martin H. Kennelly to pay a tribute to Nehru the Prime Minister of India.

Mr. Bell said Chicago was proud that Nehru had selected Chicago to make one of the major speeches of his tour. He said the Reception Committee was a highly selective section of America's greatest distributing centre, Chicago.

Chicago was in the heart of the wheat and iron producing territory of the United States and it was most fitting that should meet representative facets of Illinois life.

"We take pride, too, in our cultural heritage", Mr. Bell said, "at least, our wives do. Chicago has always been sympathetic to the struggles of those who fought for freedom, but I admit our sympathy has outstripped our knowledge, particularly of India.

"You have led your countrymen out of a long subjection, but that has not been your only task. By your great ability, courage and statesmanship, you are leading your country to a still higher place in the community of nations and Chicago is proud to congratulate you on your historic achievements".

NOT A BLANK MIND

Pandit Nehru responding to the speeches of Mr. Bell and Mayor Kennelly, said that his tour so far had been crowded with impressions. He had not come to America with a blank mind as he had read a great deal about it already.

He knew, too, that one could not know much about the United States unless one knew something about the Middle West.

He had, therefore, been eager to come to Chicago.

He could not say that after what he had seen, his earlier "impressions" had changed greatly. He had been "tremendously impressed" by the friendliness of the people of the United States and their frank and generous appreciation of things external That was a most important thing because, without a willingness to understand and appreciate different points of view, it was difficult to progress in this world. While India and America were different in some ways, there were many things in common between them.

"As I came here this morning", Nehru continued, "I was asked about my impressions about America. Even before I came here I had formed certain impressions.

"These have not been greatly changed by what I have seen. Otherwise my impressions are:—Firstly, the extraordinary friendliness of the American people and their frank and generous appreciation of things.

"It is not lack of unanimity that really matters. What is needed in the world today is a frankness of approach to things external, and a desire to appreciate other people's point of view.

MANY SIMILARITIES

"In spite of the vast differences between India and America, there are many things which are similar between us and I am glad this is appreciated. So my predominant impression of America is the friendliness of its people."

Pandit Nehru continued: "Another thing is that the press has been exceedingly generous to me. I had been told that the pressmen could be really tough, but I have not encountered any ferocity among them.

"There has indeed been some criticism of some of the things I have said and of what I had written, but I have been glad to read this criticism.

"That shows that there is frankness as well as a desire to understand. So my second major impression is the forthrightness and generosity of the press here.

ABUNDANT FOOD

"A third thing that has impressed me," Pandit Nehru said laughingly, "is the abundance of food. In India, we have cut down our menus and we are trying to prevent wastage of food.

"The abundance of food here is overwhelming. Having been accustomed to eat less in India, I am beginning to fear that the dinners I am having here may have an adverse effect upon me."

President Truman had described his visit as a voyage of discovery Pandit Nehru said, and added, "I wish it to be a discovery of a more intimate kind, an understanding more of the mind and spirit of America than merely of formal things.

"It is important that India should know America and in the reverse process that America should know India".

"My object is that there should be both understanding and co-operation between India and America".

Pandit Nehru said that he had found that his "so called education was totally inadequate".

LEARNING MUCH

"I have been learning a great deal since I came here; not about external aspects, but how the people feel and act."

Referring to the tributes to him by Mr. Bell and the Mayor, earlier, Pandit Nehru said, "I have dreamt of what India should be. Sometimes it is important to dream of such things. Sometimes, a dream is realised to a certain extent.

"India has had her problems in the past. The big problems that face us now do not frighten us. They will, on the contrary, serve as an incentive to greater effort.

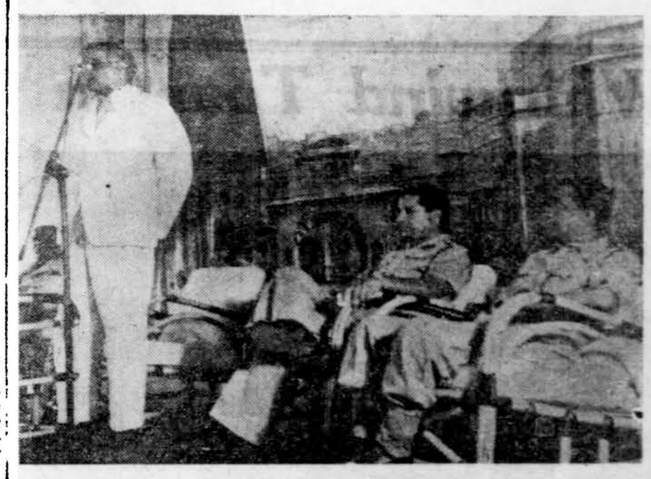
"I have warned this generation of India that it is condemned to hard labour. We are determined to realise the rest of the dream as soon as possible."

Pandit Nehru received an ovation when he concluded his speech, which was given extemporaneously.

A projected visit to the Merchandise Mart and a discussion at the Chicago Round Table Forum were cancelled and Nehru and party took up the next item on the programme.

This was a visit to the International Harvester Company's tractor works, which supplies tractors to India in furtherance of the grow more food programme.

PROHIBITION HOME GUARDS



The Prohibition Branch of the Bombay Home Guards was inaugurated at the police club on Thursday by the Prohibition and Excise Commissioner, Mr. M. E. Bhansali, I.C.S.

Prohibition Making Headway In Bombay Province

TRAINING COURSE FOR OFFICERS INAUGURATED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"If Prohibition is to succeed in Bombay Province, enforcement and detection work must proceed hand in hand with educative propaganda among the people and the masses", said Mr. M. D. Bhansali, Prohibition and Excise Commissioner.

The Commissioner was inaugurating a three-day training course for officers of the Prohibition Home Guards in Bombay this noon.

Mr. M. D. D. Gilder, Health Minister to the Government of Bombay, who was to have inaugurated the function, could not be present on the occasion.

Capt. M. J. B. Maneckji, Commandant General, Home Guards, Bombay Province, welcoming officers from the districts and Greater Bombay to the course, said that the recent amalgamation of the Prohibition Guards and the Home Guards had strengthened the Government's drive against offenders and in view of the whole province going dry by April next year, there lay great responsibility both on them as well as the officers of the police force. He stressed the need for greater co-ordination and better co-operation between the two agencies.

CO-OPERATION OFFERED

Proceeding, Mr. Bhansali briefly referred to the Excise arrangements coming into force after the Province went dry next year and said that the adjoining areas comprising Mysore, Hyderabad, Saurashtra, Madhya Bharat and Rajasthan had already offered their best co-operation in the matter of enforcing Prohibition. That should hearten them as that would partly lighten their task, he added.

Replying to the oft-made criticism that since Prohibition had failed in certain countries of the West, which were more advanced and progressive, it could not possibly succeed in this country, the Prohibition and Excise Commissioned pointed out that underneath the argument lay a patent fallacy, which failed to take note of the peculiar climatic conditions obtaining there which made consumption of liquor somewhat of a physical necessity.

The social conditions, too, were different there. But India was a tropical land where the climate was not unkind to man. Members of the Services would, however, have certain fixed quotas, and liquor would also be available for medicinal purposes. He reminded them that Prohibition was demanded by the vast majority of the people in the Province, since it was accepted by both the Houses of the Legislature as an important item of their social programme. Opposition to Prohibition from a few sections of the people should not deter them from carrying out their duties.

MEASURE OF SUCCESS

The recent increase in the number of cases of illicit distillation, smuggling, etc., and excise offences detected, instead of showing an increase in illicit activity, actually provided a proof that the officers were carrying on their work with greater efficiency, diligence and success.

He recalled the various steps taken to provide counter-attractions to the masses, such as, sanskar kendras, kalapathaks, powada parties, etc., including recorded programmes in the regional languages and exhorted them to tackle their task with vision, faith and dogged determination to succeed.

Finally, Mr. Bhansali wished every success to the officers who had foregathered to exchange notes and advise measures of co-ordination and mutual assistance and hoped that such meetings and conferences would be a permanent feature of their work.

Need To Stop Reds Of Kremlin

FORMER AUTO CHIEF HOFFMAN'S TIPS

MONTREAL, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Paul Hoffman, Economic Co-operation Administrator, today declared that higher productivity alone was not a solution to durable European recovery and called on Western Europe to achieve economic unification "without undue delay".

He told the Canadian Chamber of Commerce here that if Western Europe became strong and prosperous and worked together with Canada and the United States, Russian Communism would be "stopped and destroyed" in the not too distant future.

He spoke of the "Red terror" and said the Kremlin's "ruthless drive" for power must be contained, in the first instance, within its present boundaries.

He said he could not see how the Kremlin could even hold what it had now, unless Communism conquered Western Europe to get the steel, coal and oil of Western Europe and the Near East and the skills of Western Europeans, which Russia needed.

Argentine Trade With India

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 27. (PTI-Reutei): Minister of Economy Roberto Ares declared today that Argentina was "on the point of concluding a most important operation" in its trade with India.

The Minister did not enlarge on the statement made in the course of an interview in the newspaper "Democracia" dealing principally with Argentina's postponed trade talks with Britain following sterling devaluation.

Trade with Japan, the United States and Paraguay were also discussed.

Indian Ambassador Jamshed Vesugar Said later he was completely surprised by Senor Are's statement. Negotiations had been going on for three months, but he was unaware that they were anywhere near conclusion. He was unable to give further details.

India in the past has exchanged jute and hessian for Argentine grain.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 27. (PTI-Reuter): Half hearted rally in British Government Stocks was short lived today. The section developed fresh weakness on renewed selling which put prices one to one and a half points lower.

Other sections of the London Stock Exchange were mostly easier reflecting the falls in Giltedged. Leading industrials were marked lower but tobacco shares proved resistant and occasionally firmer. Trading in industrials generally was again small and overall there was a strong element of caution.

Oil shares opened firmer but failed to hold. In sympathy with the prevailing trend the market moved lower and was generally unchanged on balance at the close.

Foreign bonds and rails were quiet but showed a tendency to lower levels.

Some reinvestment of proceeds from sales of Giltedged was reported from the South African gold share market. Dividend payers were selectively firmer and there was better tone to developers.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Easy Tendency

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27 (PTI-Reuter)—The speculative counters continued easier with sellers predominating with other stocks also ruling more or less the same.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3-30 p.m.—

GOVT. SECURITIES—3 per cent loan 1986 97, 3 per cent loan 1961-64 101-2, a lot, 3 per cent loan 1963-65 101-8 al., 3 per cent loan 1970-75 90-13 s. lot.

COTTONS:—Kesoram 14-5, New Victoria ordy 1-15.

COALS—Burrakur 12-4, Searsole 10-12, Union 27-4 ct., West Jamuria 35-5.

JUTES:—Howrah 25-14, Kankinarrah 170, National 22-8.

MISCELLANEOUS:—Burma Corp. 2-5, Indian Copper 2-6, Tavoy Tin annas 10, Sone Valley Cement 5-8, Indian Iron 27-3, Jessop and Co. Ordy. 14, National Iron and Steel 4, Steel Corp. 19-7, Textile Machinery 7-10, Anglo Bros. 22-12, BIC 8-3, Calcutta Trams 18-5, F and C Oaler 5-1, Ivan Jones 4, Martin Burn 15-4, British Burma Petrol 1-7, Titaghur Paper 32-8, Assam Saws 8-12, India Steamship 7-9.

SUGARS:—Belsund 4-7.

TEAS:—Banarhat Pr. 123, Bhatkowa 21-4, Bishnauth 31-8.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Closes Easy

MADRAS, Oct. 27 (PTI)—Lower advices from upcountry market depressed the local market and business was poor in all sections.

Banks shares remained steady with Indian Bank Rs. 50 paid noting a deal at Rs. 143.

In the Insurance group Prithvis were hammered down to 7-8 while in the Plantings Ovs dropped further ground at Rs. 5-2. There were buyers both for Midlands preferences and Rajagiris preferences at quoted rates.

Textiles ruled steady with Buckinghams going through at Rs. 138-8.

In the miscellaneous section Facts and Mysore Chemical and Fertilisers last ground.

Market closed easy

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange:—

SECURITIES:—Government of India Loans: 3 per cent paper 97, 3 per cent 1986 97-2, 3 per cent 1966-68 99-14.

Government of Travancore 3 per cent 1952-54 100-12, Government of Madras 3 per cent 1956 103-8, 3 percent 1960 100.

BANKS:—Travancore 13-4.

ELECTRICS:—South Arcot 99.

SUGARS & BREWERIES:—Deccan 15-4, Mysore 40-12

PLANTINGS:—Ouenteriony 5-2, Pullangode 1-2, Thirumbadi 1-11, T. B. and T. Co. 5-8, Valkundam 5-8.

TEXTILES—Balasubramania 38-4, Bangalore Woolen 211-8, Buckingham 138-8, Cambodia 10-8 Coimbatore Cm. 118, Coimpatore Pioneer 175, Coimbatore Spg. 44-12, Janardhana 49-8, Lakshmi 62, Madura 38, Mettar 318, Mysore Spun. 6 Punkaja 86, Radha Krishna 144, Ratnalakshmi 56, Ranga Vilas 45-8, Trav. Rayons 4-3, Trichinopoly, 9-14, Vacantha 100

MISCELLANEOUS—Andhra Cement 69, Fact 4-6 India Cement 17-9, Mettur Chem 6-8, Mysore Chem and Ferts 7-8 Spencer 10-12.

INDORE SHARE MARKET
(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE CITY, Oct. 27.

Today's closing quotations in Rupees on Indore Stock Exchange were as follows:—

Indore Malwa 118, Hukamchand Mill 504, Bhandari Mill 661, Vinod Mill 337 Kalyanmal Mill 88 Kalyanmal Mill Pref. 92, Rajkumar Mill 130, Indore Bank 59.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.

New York Stock Exchange Opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 28-7-8

General Motors unquoted

United States Steel dol. 25.

United States Steel Preference unquoted.—(PTI-Reuter).

ANTHONY'S ADVICE TO ANGLO-INDIANS

Help Put India Firmly On Her Feet

MADRAS, Oct. 27. (PTI): Mr. Frank Anthony tonight called on Anglo-Indians to realise they were Indians first and play a full part in helping "to put the feet of independent India firmly on the road of stable and progressive Government and set towards the objective of India's rightful greatness".

The Anglo-Indian leader declared that it was time for all sections of the people, including Anglo-Indians, "to shed inhibitions and complexes" and "to work in an attitude of courage and confidence".

REMEMBRANCE DAY

2-Minute Silence At 11 a.m. On Nov. 6

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

His Majesty the King has decided that Sunday, Nov. 6, 1949, should be observed as a Day of Remembrance for the wars of 1914-18 and 1939-45. A two-minute silence should be observed on this day throughout India from 11 a.m. to 11-02 a.m. and normal business should cease during the two-minute silence, though rail, water and air transport will not be suspended. In order that the ceremony should be synchronised throughout India, it is suggested that 11 a.m. Indian Standard Time should be adopted everywhere.

WALK OUT IN WEST BENGAL

Congress Committee Meeting

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27 (UPI): All the 90 members belonging to the rival Congress group staged a walk out from a special general meeting of the West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee today as a protest against the "unconstitutional procedure" of the President, Sri Arun Chandra Guha.

The meeting was being held, since yesterday to consider a new draft constitution of W.B.P.C.C. on the lines of the new A.I.C.C. Constitution, with a view to eliminating 'bogus' membership.

The dissident members have sent a telegram to the Congress President asking for his immediate intervention into the matter. Among the signatories to the telegram are five members of the A.I.C.C. from West Bengal.

U. S. Negro Nurse To Be Honoured

NEW YORK, Oct. 27, (U. P. I.): Mrs. Stanley Beckett, Negro nurse at Syracuse Memorial Hospital, has been selected by the New York State Nurses Association to receive the Linda Richards Award for "outstanding qualifications as a graduate registered nurse", according to U. S. I. S. The award will be presented at the Biennial Convention of the Nurses Association next week in Buffalo, New York.

BOMBAY COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS

Examination Results

The following are the results of the examinations held by the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Bombay:

D. G. O. EXAMINATION
(Diploma in Gynaecology and Obstetrics).

Out of sixteen candidates who appeared at the examination, the following eight have passed: Joshi Jagannivas Kashinath; Palkhiwalla, Ruby Pirojshaw (Miss); Parakh, Navaj Dinshaw (Miss); Pratap, Bharatkumar Dhirajlal; Patel, Motiben Girdharlal (Miss); Samuel, Mary (Miss); Shah, Panalal Lalbhai; Shah, Radhakrishna Nandlal.

D.C.H. EXAMINATION
(Diploma in Child Health)

Out of eleven candidates who appeared at the Examination, the following six have passed: Bhardwaj Yudhishter Dev; Dubash, Darab Burjorji; Kalambi, Mohan Sadashiv; Mehta, Gur Prem Pyari (Miss); Shah, Kanaiyalal Punjalal; Varadaraju Balagopalraju.

D. P. B. EXAMINATION
(Diploma in Pathology & Bacteriology)

Out of five candidates who appeared at the Examination, the following one has passed: Daswani, Harkishin Dalumal.

D.O.R.L. EXAMINATION
(Diploma in Oto-Rhino-Laryngology)

Out of three candidates who appeared at the Examination, the following one has passed: Atre, Waman Ganesh.

D. A. EXAMINATION
(Diploma in Anaesthetics)

Both the candidates have failed to pass the Examination.

FIRST L.C.P.S. EXAMINATION

Out of sixteen candidates who appeared at the First L.C.P.S. Examination held in the current month, the following ten have passed: Apte, Moreshwar Vinayak (M), David, John Gordon (M), Deobhakta, Vasant Ganesh (M), Jacob, Cherian (M), Kaley, Israel Daniatrao (M), Kottanipral, Abraham Mathew (M), Pattanashetti, Chandrashekhar Prabhakar (M), Puthenpurakal Mathew Philip (M), Salve Ratnakar Bhimaji (M), Shetty, Mallar Balkrishna (M).

SECOND L.C.P.S. EXAMINATION

Out of nineteen candidates who appeared at the Second L.C.P.S. Examination held in the current month, the following eighteen have passed:

Banavalikar, Sarojini Vithalrao (Miss) (T.N.M.C.); Barve, Bhishadeo (I); Deshpande, Manohar Mukundrao (P); Dias, Chrysostom Anthony, (T.N.M.C.); Doshi, Kantilal Amulakhchand, (T.N.M.C.); Gane, Jambu Jinappa, (M); Jagdishchandra Singh (I); Jatana, Kanwar Sukhlal, (I); Koppikar, Krishna Anand (T.N.M.C); Maan, Shamsher Singh (I); Mahajan, Ramchandra (I); Mulye, Sudhakar Kashinath, (I); Pusalkar, Madhav Ramchandra, (I); Rawal, Ram Swarup, (I); Shaikh Hatim, (I); Solomon, Joseph Wrenny, (T.N.M.C.); Sood, Inder Dev (I); Trivedi, Bala Prasad (I).

The Rt. Rev. Mgr. Dr. Blasius D'Monte Prize in Materia Medica has been awarded to Mr. Ram Swarup Rawal of the King Edward Hospital Medical School, Indore.

Bhargava's Cabinet

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27, (U. P. I.): The East Punjab Premier, Dr. Gopichand Bhargaba, told U.P.I. today that he would announce the personnel of his Cabinet at Simla tomorrow when the full ministry would be sworn in. Dr. Bhargava, who arrived here last night met Sardar Patel this morning when he is understood to have placed before him the names of persons to be included in his Cabinet for his approval. He also met Sardar Baldev Singh, the Defence Minister and had consultations with him in this connection.

U. N. CHILDREN'S FUND

Further Contribution By Australia

The Australian Government has decided to seek Parliamentary approval for a further contribution of 500,000 to the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund.

This will be Australia's fourth contribution and will bring her total to 2,220,000. As before, the money will be spent on the purchase and shipment of goods from Australia.

Together with the United States matching contribution, the new gift will add almost 4,000,000 dollars to the UNICEF resources. Without it the relief programme would soon have had to be reduced, since present funds are almost fully committed. The programmes both in Asia and Europe will thus continue during 1949 and the winter months of 1950.

MAKING UP INDIA'S SALT DEFICIT

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (UPI): A comprehensive scheme calculated to make India self-sufficient by the end of 1951 in regard to her total requirements in Salt, will be considered by the Salt Advisory Committee which will meet here tomorrow, October 28.

India's annual consumption of salt is nearly 6-1/2 crore maunds, out of which she produces only about 5-1/2 crore maunds. This annual deficit of nearly one crore maunds of salt is being met by imports of Aden salt.

According to the new scheme which has been prepared by Mr. D. N. Mukherjee, Salt Controller, the present deficit in India's output of salt can undoubtedly be made up, if the existing arrangements for salt manufacture at Tuticorin, Kathiawad and other centres in the western coast of India are overhauled and pushed up.

Hindu Mahasabha To Fight Hyderabad Elections

HYDERABAD, Oct. 27, (U.P.I.): Hindu Mahasabha has decided to fight the forthcoming elections to the Hyderabad State Constituent Assembly, announced Mr. V. G. Deshpande, Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, addressing a press conference here today.

GODSE TO HANG ON NOV. 15

Black Warrants Issued

AMBALA, Oct. 27 (PTI): Warrants fixing November 15 as the date for the execution of the death sentence on Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte have been issued, it is learnt here today.

The black warrants signed by Mr. S. S. Dulat, Special Judge, Delhi, fixing November 15 as the date of execution of the death sentence on Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte are understood to have reached the authorities of the Central Jail, Ambala, where the condemned prisoners are now lodged.

According to procedure both the condemned prisoners will be allowed seven days time to put in petitions to the Governor-General for clemency if they desired.

It is understood that Narayan Apte is formally submitting the mercy petition.

Nathuram Godse whose parents have already applied for mercy was this morning reported to be taking final decision in this connection.

Only Plane Was Hurt

JULLUNDUR, Oct. 27. (PTI): A two-seater training plane belonging to the Northern India Flying Club, Jullundur, crashlanded yesterday in fields about five miles from Jullundur The plane was badly damaged, but the pilot, the only occupant of the machine, escaped with minor injuries.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Nehru's Whirlwind Tour In 'Discovery' Of United States

Pandit Nehru speaking with James R. Killian, President of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology during his visit to that institution. Others in photo are Indian students from various universities.

Pandit Nehru stands on platform at Wellesley College before addressing members of the student body (background). Later the Prime Minister and his party visited Harvard President, James B. Conant.

SECRET U. N. PLAN FOR NEHRU'

Mediator Between East And West

LAKE SUCCESS, October 27. (PTI-Reuter). A group of United Nations diplomats is said to be secretly exploring a plan to appoint Prime Minister Pandit Nehru as supreme mediator between East and West, the magazine United Nations World reported today.

The magazine has no connection with the United Nations Organisation. The plan, the journal said, would endow Pandit Nehru with full powers to organise his mediation in whatever way he felt best to ensure success.

"His instructions from the General Assembly", it added, "would merely call for an effort to convince not only the Governments of Washington and Moscow, but also the allies of both, that if the whole United Nations concept is to succeed it must achieve constructive co-operation between East and West."

BROAD AUTHORITY

According to the plan, the United Nations would accord to the Indian Prime Minister the broadest personal authority, with authorisation to choose among the statesmen of the world the assistance he would like. It would also place at his disposal a special secretriat to help him implement his task.

He would make a survey of all outstanding differences and areas of potential agreement between East and West, analyse various proposals by each side, and try to work out a minimum programme of accord —a programme which, it was felt, world opinion would actively support.

The diplomatic sponsors of the have decided not to approach plan to seek Mr. Nehru's mediation Washington or Moscow for the time being, fearing that the consent of one before the other might endanger the success of the whole project.

They prefer simultaneous negotiations in due course, the magazine said, and are limiting the talks for the present "to those in the United Nations who have never ceased to believe that, despite the grievous divergances between East & West a formula for peaceful co-existence for territorial stability & economic co-operation could be found: and that binding agreement covering all three could be reached for at least ten to twenty-five years."

"It is felt that public opinion all over the world would strongly support any such initiative", the magazine said.

MOST QUALIFIED

"It is also felt that no man today is better placed and more qualified than Pandit Nehru to undertake such a gigantic job.

"First of all, Pandit Nehru's country, which has just won its independence, is in the forefront of those vitally interested in maintaining international peace.

"As one of the outstanding internationalists of our time, he is particularly equipped both on the basis of his intellectual achievements and his fundamental beliefs, to attempt a mediation mission unique in history.

"Furthermore advocates of the idea suggest that Prime Minister Nehru fresh from the acclaim of his American visit would also be similarly received in Russia. They further affirm that in view of his high standing all over the world, the Kremlin could not refuse to negotiate with him.

"The major difficulty foreseen at this stage is that Prime Minister Nehru might hesitate to undertake this task lest failure impair his global prestige. He would want to get some advance assurances that his mission would have a reasonable chance of success.

"It would also be necessary for the United Nations to draft a resolution that would enable Pandit Nehru to act as a United Nations emissary rather than as the Prime Minister of India.

"Another reason assigned for any display of hesitancy of Pandit Nehru's part is that his presence in India is urgently required — especially in these critical times, when many economic, industrial educational and political problems demand solution.

"However, the Indian people and Government might accede to his acceptance of this mission because of the pivotal importance it would give to India in world affairs, and the enormous prestige it would carry with it."

This photograph shows (left to right) Mrs. Indira Gandhi, daughter of the Prime Minister; Mr. Richard J. Walsh, chairman of a publishing company; Prime Minister Nehru; Mrs. Walsh (Pearl Buck); Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit; Mr. Henderson, U.S.Ambassador to India; and Mrs. Krishna Hutheesing, Nehru's younger sister.

(L—R) Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Nehru's daughter; Prime Minister Nehru; President and Mrs. James B. Conant, of Harvard; and Mrs. Pandit, sister of the Prime Minister, at Harvard University where the distinguished visitors were guests at a small private luncheon given by President and Mrs. Conant.

Nehru Gets Key To Boston

Pandit Nehru receives the traditional key to the city of Boston from George Curley, representing his father James, Curley, Mayor of Boston at Logan International Airport on October 21. Miss Margaret Clapp, President Wellesley College and Mrs. Indira Gandhi look on.

TAILOR GETS A STITCHING

MADRAS, Oct. 27 (UPI): A Malayali tailor, who is said to have been working as an agent of the Mahe French authorities and doing anti-Indian Union activities has been arrested under dramatic circumstances, says a Tellicherry message.

Kozhipurath Nanu, the suspect, who is alleged to have taken a leading part in helping the French to occupy the disputed road inside the Indian territory on the Mahe border, disappeared when the Indian Union police arrived on the spot and reoccupied the road.

The tailor came to Tellichery on the 25th in a jeep accompanied by the Mahe Administrator in order to remove his sewing machine and other materials. But before he could execute his design he was arrested by the police who were watching his arrival.

The Mayor of Kobe, Japan, Mr. Tokyoo Saki, has requested the Madras Mayor, Mr. S. Ramaswami Naidu, for an elephant for the Kobe Zoological Gardens in return for some rare animals and birds of Japan.

ENQUIRY ORDER WILL BE CARRIED OUT

East Punjab Premier's Statement

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27, (P.T.I.): Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, the East Punjab Premier, said in an interview today that the order for a judicial enquiry passed by Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar, the former Premier, into the allegations made against some members of his cabinet, would be carried out if it was found to be 'in order'.

Dr. Bhargava was referring to Mr. Sachar's announcement in the East Punjab Legislative Assembly that he had passed orders before his resignation for a judicial inquiry into certain allegations against the former and present Ministers.

The East Punjab Premier said: "As far as my knowledge goes, the order for a judicial enquiry was made by Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar, on October 17.

Referring to Mr. Sachar's request to the Chief Justice of the Federal Court for sparing two high court judges for holding the enquiry Dr. Bhargava said: "The Chief Justice of the Federal Court cannot be approached for the appointment of two high court judges to investigate into cases where there is no material against anybody. If the Government thinks they have got enough material for an enquiry and if they want two high court judges from outside to conduct the enquiry they ought to approach the Home Ministry of the Government of India and not the Federal Court."

Mr. Bhargava added "if the order for a judicial enquiry made by Mr. Sachar is in order I shall certainly carry it out. I shall, however, prefer to refer the matter to the Parliamentary Board before any individual judge is approached.

Jamshedpur Strike And Sequel

JAMSHEDPUR, Oct. 27. (PTI): Owing to growing tension among workers following the Socialist-sponsored labour strike in the India Steel and Wire Products of Golmuri, an order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated in the Golmuri area for a period of two months.

The strik of about 3,000 workers entered its thirteenth day yesterday. The main demand of the workers is increased wages.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THE news of a cat that was telephone-minded to the extent of lifting off the receiver in order to listen to the dialling tone, reminds me of my own troubles with this modern gadget—I mean the telephone, not the cat.

Last Wednesday, my telephone went unaccountably out of order. Several friends tried to get me and were distinctly put out to hear the ringing sound but to find that no one took the instrument off the hook. One enterprising gentleman registered a complaint.

On Thursday, a servant of the Department came in, asked me if my telephone was out of order and, on being assured that his labours would not be wasted on working on a sound phone, set to work. After some thirty minutes tinkering with the apparatus, he approached me again and said that some tree must be touching the wire, that he would send his men along and that the matter would be set right.

On Friday, the inevitable bhaiyas of the Telephones came along, parked themselves on the road outside my place and indulged in a long conference. After a lot of shouting at one another, one of them came up and asked if my telephone was out of order. On a dirty piece of paper he had my number. I said, yes that was the phone all right. Then he fixed me shrewdly with his eye and asked me how a "cumplent" was made if my phone was out of order. Patiently—too patiently—I explained that some kind friend had done this service. "What was his number?" I was asked. I could not enlighten the inquisitor. By this time, I was looking very much the criminal and the bhaiya had all the menace of a judge. I told him what the other man had said. He looked at me, looked at the paper and shouted "Ramlal" down the road. Another bhaiya thumped up my stairs and leant over my rails. The two consulted and some leaves were lopped off a coconut tree nearby. Then the test was made. Still the matter was confused. So there were more hurried consultations and then the second bhaiya came up to me and said that the wiring was faulty; "Kul, inspuctor saheb aiyenge."

The inspector came as promised on Saturday with his bag of tools. I told him mildly that the other men had traced the defect 1) to leaves touching the wire; and 2) to some defect in the wring. He smiled tolerantly. "I shall fix it, Sir", he said. He took down the instrument and took it to pieces and put it back again. Then he told me to try it. I pointed out that the mistake was not affecting my calling up friends but their calling me up. He looked aghast as though I was a thoroughly bad lot to want to be rung up. Then he took up the phone and asked his office—presumably—and told them to give him a ring back. After that he put the receiver down and we sat facing each other, waiting for the tinkle of the bell. Needless to say, it never came.

The "inspuctor saheb" was a resourceful chap. He said that the defect must be far away from my residence, glanced at the wires knowingly, patted my dog gingerly on the head, and smiling benignly at me. I protested that I would like to have something done at once, since the next day was Sunday. He wearily returned to the table where the instrument was placed. I was glad that someone at least was listening to me and watched him. He took up the directory and pointed his finger at a paragraph in bold type ending a page entitled "A Few Hints." Here it is:

Because no one has called in response to your report of a fault in your telephone service, do not jump to the conclusion that the matter is not receiving attention. The source of trouble may be a long way from your instrument.

Then he smiled sympathetically. I told him that several persons had called but my objection was of no avail beside the printed-in-capitals word. He took himself off. As he was descending the stairs, a loud and nerve-racking ring jarred on us. Automatically I rushed to the telephone. As I lifted it the "inspuctor saheb" took it commandingly from my hand. He spoke for a few seconds. Then he gave it to me. Sir, he said, "is it now all right?" It was and it was not. I put the receiver down. Another loud and persistent ring. He took it up, smiled at me and gathered his bag.

"These things happen", he said, "the Telephones is quite efficient." But we cannot explain why. Be happy that it is now working at any rate. God is Great."

He left, leaving me stunned at the philosophic inspector. And the telephone has not rung again. No I am not complaining. Why should I? These things happen—on the telephones.

Checking Infiltration From Red Sinkiang

SRINAGAR Oct. 27, (P. T. I): Following the occupation of Sinkiang, the western most province of China, by Chinese Communist forces, the Kashmir Government in consultation with the Government of India have, it is understood, taken measures to scrutinise persons entering Indian territory from Sinkiang.

Sinkiang is on the northern borders of Kashmir. It previously used to have major portion of its trade with India through Himalayan passes. Over fifteen thousand feet high these passes are on one of the two Central Asian trade routes to India.

MUTT AND JEFF—Some People Get Well Before The Operation

By BUD FISHER

THIS MORNING I ASKED HIM TO HELP ME OUT WITH MY HOUSEWORK AND HE ACTED LIKE HE DIDN'T KNOW ME!
HELLO, MUTT!
WHO ARE YOU? WHY AM I WHERE?
WHO AM I? WHO ARE WE?
HM-
TELL ME, DOCTOR, IS IT PHONY?
NO, MY DEAR, IT'S THE REAL McCOY!
OH DEAR! IS HE HOPELESS DOC?
I CAN'T SAY UNTIL AFTER THE OPERATION MRS. MUTT!
OPER---
HELLO, M'LOVE! HELLO, DOC! WHAT BROUGHT YOU HERE? ANYBODY SICK?
? ?
M.D.

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